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Regd. No. B. 1088

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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INSURANCE
SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

ROYAL INDIA SOCIETY LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

UPROAR IN COMMONS OVER SPAIN

Labour Vote Of Censure And Its Sequel

'Grave Breach Of International Law'

Major Attlee On Govt.'s Warning To Br. Merchant-Shipping

LONDON, April 14.

Sir John Simon's reply to the Labour Vote of Censure in the House of Commons evoked angry interruptions.

Major Attlee moved a Vote of Censure to-day deploring the failure of the Government to give protection to the British Merchant Shipping with reference to Mr Baldwin's statement on April 12.

Major Attlee claimed that the Government's action in warning shipping that they should not enter Bilbao was acquiescence in a grave breach of the International Law.

Major Attlee exhibited a cable from the President of Basque Republic, stating that neither Basque nor Gen. Franco's forces had laid any mines in the approaches to Bilbao and during the first fortnight of April there had been 58 inward and outward sailings without molestation and the batteries at Bilbao kept the Rebel Fleet fifteen miles from the shore.

SIMON HECKLED!

Sir John Simon replying said Government's policy was to avoid all complications which might prejudice good international relations and strictly refrain all interference in the internal affairs of Spain. As Sir John Simon proceeded, he was almost continuously interrupted by derisive Labourite comments and ironical cheers.

Sir John Simon declared that H.M.S "Blanche" reported on April 6 that there was a close blockade of Bilbao and serious incidents were likely to arise in merchant ships attempted to enter the port.

FRESH UPROAR.

Fresh uproar was caused by Sir John Simon's comment that the British Commander on the spot was a better authority than the Basque Government. There was another storm, when the Opposition demanded to hear the text of the Board of Trade's communication warning ships not to enter Bilbao.

Sir John Simon continuing declared that the Navy could force a way into Bilbao by means of the great fleet of the mine-sweepers but that would entail abandonment of the policy of non-intervention.

Replying to Mr. Lloyd George, Sir John Simon emphasised that the British Navy would protect British vessels if attacked by Gen. Franco's warships.—Reuter.

Basque Govt. And British Ships

LONDON: April 14.

The Basque Government through the Spanish Embassy quoted names of British ships, which recently entered and left Bilbao, without incident.—Reuter.

Nazi Reply To Pope's Allegations

The Reich Cannot "Allow The Church To Form State Within A State"

BERLIN: April 14.

The German reply to the Papal Encyclical (published in "Chronicle" on 23rd March), it is understood, emphasises that the obligation to preserve the unity of the people does not allow the Church to form a State within a State or the Clergy to be a class on their own outside the people's community.

It declares that the Reich must reject any encroachment on its internal life and adds a warning that peaceful development depends on the future attitude of the Vatican and the ability of the Church to live up to the new situation.

The reply expresses surprise at the Pope's criticism of the internal affairs of Germany and also that the Holy See should address to the conscience of the world an appeal whereby, to a certain extent, an attempt is made to form a general front against Germany.

CONCORDAT OBSERVED?

In reply to the assertion that the Catholic religion is being annihilated, it refers to the conclusion of the Concordat and the far-reaching concessions contained in it, which, it declares, have always been observed.

It emphasises that national socialism has preserved the Reich from Bolshevism and has thus saved the Church from destruction and adds that these facts, together with the fact that financial payments to the Church exceed the legal obligations, disprove the Pope's assertion.—Reuter.

THE ENCYCLICAL.

(In an encyclical, published last month, the Pope had declared that Nazi regime is guilty of misapplication of the Concordat, evasion of its provisions, undermining of its contents, and, finally of more or less, open violation of its stipulations.

He had further declared that he would continue to oppose any attitude that seeks to stifle guarantee rights by an open or covert show of force and said that whoever raised conception of race, people, State or a form of Government beyond the mundane valuation and claimed to make idols of them, violated the divine order of things.

Elections for abandoning the church schools were unfair because they were not secret.

Teachers of religion in Germany, he said, were not free and the spirit of teaching in other branches was anti-Christian).

NO NEGOTIATIONS WITH REBELS

LONDON: April 14.

It is announced officially that Mr. Pack, British Commercial Secretary at Hendaye, is not going to Burgos. Mr. Pack intended this week to continue certain trade discussions with the Burgos authorities.

This is totally unconnected with Bilbao situation The project has now been cancelled.—Reuter's Special.

CAPITULATIONS ABOLISHED

Unanimous Agreement On Egyptian Draft Convention

MONTREAUX, April 14.

Contrary to expectations the Capitulations Commission, discussing Art. I of the Draft Convention unanimously agreed in principle to the abolition of Capitulations, subject to slight alterations in the text of the original draft, which will be referred to the Drafting Committee.—Reuter's Special.

CHECKING CORRUPTION IN PUNJAB

Congress M. L. A's. Appoint Committee

LAHORE: April. 14.

The Congress Party in the Punjab Legislative Assembly has appointed a Sub-Committee, named "Removal of Corruption Committee" to fight corruption in public life in the Province. The public will be invited to supply the Committee with definite specific instances of corruption, supported by oral and documentary evidence, which should be entirely truthful.

The Committee will be prepared to advise aggrieved persons, who, in such cases, should place full material at the disposal of the Committee. Where it is impossible to adduce evidence, a statement signed by a large number of respectable and responsible persons setting forth their case should be furnished to the Committee. Members of the Committee are Lala Dunichand of Ambala, Mr. Muhamed Hassan and Lala Sriram.—A. P.

BRITISH SHIP'S VENTURE

BAYONNE: April 14.

The British steamer "Leadgate" intends to try to run Gen. Franco's blockade by sailing for Santander to load cargo of iron ore.

It is understood the owners will consent to the Captain making the voyage.—Reuters Special.

To Remain At Bayonne

LONDON, April 14.

The owners of the "Leadgate" state that the captain has been instructed to remain at Bayonne. The owners intend the ship to be controlled by instructions from the authorities.—Reuter.

REBELS DRIVEN BACK ON BISCAY FRONT

VALENCIA: April 14.

The Insurgents launched an extremely violent land offensive on the Biscay front, but were driven back. One hundred and 50 insurgents were killed and over 600 wounded in the recent fighting on this front.

The Republicans are now preparing to take the offensive again. The Government forces bombed Ochandiano, which was recently captured by the insurgents.—Reuter.

Insurgents Claim Big Victory

SALAMANCA: April 14.

Between twelve thousand and 14,000 Government troops are estimated by the insurgents' authorities to have been killed on the Cordoba front in the past four days.

According to the prisoners taken west of Madrid, the Government forces on this front are composed entirely of picked foreigners commanded by Frenchmen, Czechs and Russians.—Reuter.

WHY ALL THIS TALK?

Jawahar Analyses Lord Lothian's Statement

REAL CONTRADICTION IN ACT ITSELF

ALLAHABAD: April 14.

Interviewed by the Associated Press Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said: "I am glad that Lord Lothian recognises that the final authority to resolve any conflict must be the electorate. If that is so, why all this argument and this talk of special powers and safeguards? It is because the Congress claims by right of the recent election to represent that electorate that it voices the demand of that electorate. We are perfectly prepared to go to that electorate and take its decision. It must be remembered that the real question is not one of legal quibbles but of where power rests—with the British Government's executive or with the Indian electorate. It was to make this clear that Congress demanded assurances and the reply of Lord Zetland has been emphatically that the British Government has all this power and intends sticking on to it in spite of the elections and the electorates. The real contradiction lies in the act itself. It is an absurdity which has hardly anything to do with democracy or responsibility".—A. P.

BIHAR ARRESTS STRENGTHEN SOCIALISTS

Masani On Sentences On Jai Prakash And Others

BOMBAY, April 14.

Mr. M. R. Masani, the Socialist leader who was on tour in Calcutta, Patna, Allahabad and other centres arrived this morning in Bombay.

Asked about the Jute Strike situation Mr. Masani stated that the strikers were very firm and it was likely that the strike would become even more general. The main burden of conducting the strike had fallen on the shoulders of the Congress Socialist Party and the party was proud of the splendid leadership of Mr. Shibnath Banerji and other comrades.

Mr. Masani also stated that the arrest of Mr. Jaiprakash Narain and other members of the Congress Socialist Party had impressed the people of Bihar and that Bihar Congress Socialist Party had as a result gained greatly in prestige and popularity.—United Press.

"SEIZED OR SUNK" WARNING

BAYONNE: April 14.

The insurgent cruiser "Almirante Cervera" has repeated the wireless warning that any foreign ship approaching the Biscay Coast will be seized or sunk.—Reuter.

(FOR OTHER TELEGRAMS SEE PAGE 7.)

STOP PRESS.

SEC. 144 AT MALERKOTLA.

LUDHIANA, April 14.

Reports received from Malerkotla State indicate a recurrence of trouble, recalling "Hijrat" movement started by Muslims there in September last.

Sec. 144 Cr. P. C. has been promulgated and eleven arrests have been made, including the leader of the last "Hijrat" movement.

The new development, however, is free from communal colour. The dispute is reported to have arisen out of the management of a Muslim school, each of two parties being desirous to secure control. The party, which thought it was not having its way is reported to have organised Jathas to offer "Satyagraha" at the residence of His Highness and the residence of the Ministry.—A.P.

ULTIMATUM TO HIGH OFFICIALS

Ontario Premier's Action Sequel To Motor Strike Developments

TORONTO, April 14.

The Premier of Ontario, Mr. Hepburn, has written to the Minister of Labour, Mr. Croll, and the Attorney General, Mr. Roebuck, calling on them to resign, following differences over the Administration's attitude to the strike in the General Motors at Oshawa.

Mr. Hepburn, who strongly opposes the strikers and the United Automobile Workers Union, declares that he will not confer with Provincial officials, until the resignations of Messrs. Croll and Roebuck have been presented.—Reuter's Special.

CAN LOTHIAN CONVINCE ZETLAND?

"Will Of Electorate Must Prevail"

ALLAHABAD: April 14.

Interviewed by the Associated Press regarding Lord Lothian's letter to the "Times", Acharya Kriplani, General Secretary of the A.I.C.C. said "all that Congress wants is that every major issue on which there is dispute between the Governor and his properly and constitutionally appointed Cabinet be referred to the arbitration of the electorate. As long as the Government is not prepared to dissolve the House and seek the opinion of the electorate, he must follow the advice of his Ministers.

If this is what Lord Lothian means, and he evidently means this, he was not to convince the Congress but the Secretary of State. It is, however, not likely that Lord Lothian will be able to convince Lord Zetland, who believes that not the will of the electorate but the special and arbitrary powers of the Governor provided for in the Constitution should prevail.—A. P.

ANOTHER TERM FOR "FRAUD"

MADRAS, April 14.

Interviewed by the "Hindu" on Prof. Barriedale Keith's latest letter to "Scotsman", Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar said:—

"Prof. Arthur Barriedale Kieth's authoritative confirmation of the legality of the position of the Congress in regard to every detail is very helpful. The most important point in his opinion is that, if Governors have technical right to form minority Ministries, they should follow it up by immediate summoning of the legislatures. To claim the right to form majority Ministries and deliberately to postpone summoning of Legislatures in order to keep them alive is to play a fraud on the Constitution.

Prof. Keith does not use the term 'fraud' but what is equally strong he says that if they do so 'the Governors will be guilty of deliberate breach of responsible Government'.—United Press.

JAYA PRAKASH'S SUCCESSOR

BOMBAY, April 14.

Following the conviction of Mr. Jaiprakash Narain, General Secretary of the Congress Socialist Party Mr. M. R. Masani the Socialist leader of Bombay will officiate as general Secretary of the Party.—United Press.

BRITISH TRADE FIGURES SOAR

LONDON, April 14.

British exports in March were the highest for any month since November 1930, totalling nearly 43½ million, an increase compared with February of 4,897,000 and 6,960,000 compared with March, 1936. Imports were over 82½ million, an increase of eleven-million compared with February and of over 14½ millions compared with March last year.—Reuter's Special.

"Violence To Electorate"

Mahatma On Nominated Ministries

Zetland Is Conscious Of The Might Of The Sword Behind Him

WARDHA, April 14.

"It seems as if British statesmen are repenting of even the limited electorate they have created in India. If they were not, they ought to have bowed to the will of the majority as represented by their elected leaders. Surely it is violence to impose nominated Ministries on the electorate of their creation", so said Mahatma Gandhi in the course of a message to the American Associated Press on Monday last.

GESTURE OF SWORD

"I must repeat that the latest gesture is one of the sword—not of goodwill; certainly not of democratic obedience to the will of a democratic majority", he concluded.

The following is the text of Mahatma Gandhi's message to the American Associated Press:—

"You ask me to give you a special message for the readers of your 1,300 American newspapers, whom you serve. I would like Americans first of all to know my limitations and our internal politics. They should know that I am not even a primary member of the Congress. Whatever influence I possess is purely moral. Congressmen recognise in me the author of purely non-violent action and its technique and, therefore, so long as the Congress retains its creed of Truth and Non-Violence, Congressmen are likely to be guided by my advice whenever it has anything to do, directly or indirectly, with non-violent action; but those who can speak with authority are the President of the Congress, i.e., Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and the Working Committee, i.e., the Congress Cabinet. I function purely as a humble adviser.

VIOLENCE ON ELECTORATE.

For me the present issue is not political, but moral. It is a fight between Truth and Untruth; Non-Violence and Violence and Right and Might; for I hold that Lord Zetland could not have uttered the speech he did, unless he was conscious of the might of the sword behind him.

It seems as if British statesmen are repenting of even the limited electorate they have created in India. If they were not, they ought to have bowed to the will of the majority as represented by their elected leaders. Surely, it is violence to impose nominated Ministries on the electorate of their creation.

THEMSELVES TO THANK.

The crisis is of their own making. It is presumption on their part to interpret acts of their Parliament. Their jurisprudence has taught us that no man can take the law into his own hands, not even the King. Evidently, the maxim does not apply to the British Ministers. Proof of the pudding is in the eating.

HONOURABLE WAY OUT.

"I have offered an honourable way out. Let a judicial tribunal of joint creation give the interpretation. It will be time for them to plead incompetence when the tribunal finds in favour of their interpretation. Till then, Congress demand for assurances must be held valid.

GESTURE OF SWORD.

"I must repeat that the latest gesture is one of the sword not of good-will; certainly not of democratic obedience to the will of a democratic majority."—A.P.

ENGINEERS HOLD ON

Sequel To Alleged Dubious Nature Of Union Advice

LONDON, April 14.

A mass meeting of Beardmore engineers in Glasgow decided to continue the strike, notwithstanding the advice of the Executive Council of the Amalgamated Engineering Union.

A shop-steward stated that the A. E. U. Council, though instructing them to return to work, declined to declare whether the stoppage was official and added that the whole thing must be tackled during the coming week-end. The meeting decided to send a deputation to London to interview the Executive.—Reuter's Special.

Sir Campbell Kirkman Finlay Dead

LONDON, April 14.

The death has occurred of Sir Campbell Kirkman Finlay Director of Burma Oil Company.—Reuter.

ROOSEVELT'S WARNING

To Avoid Greater Deficit Curtail Expenditure, He Urges

WASHINGTON, April 14.

Unless there is an immediate curtailment of expenditure, Government deficit in the fiscal year will be far greater than was anticipated.

Such is the warning by President Roosevelt to the heads of Federal Departments in a letter, which asks the Executives to watch their outlays with the object of eleminating or deferring unnecessary expenditure at this time.—Reuter.

GANDHIJI LEAVES FOR HUDLI

WARDHA: April 14.

Mahatma Gandhi and Mr. Mahadeo Desai left for Hudli to-day.—A. P.

Jawaharlal's Temperature Normal

ALLAHABAD: April 14.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's temperature is normal to-day.—A. P.

TABULATED ADLETS
Low-Cost Advertisements
INFORMATION

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS under the heading "Automobile" "Bicycles and Motorcycles" "Books and Magazines", "Cameras and Optical Goods," "Dressmaking", "Employment Agencies", "Educational" "Household Furnishings", "Jewellery" "Machinery and Equipment", "Musical Instrument", "Miscellaneous" "Patents" "Radio" "Real Estate", "Situation Vacant", "To Rent", "Travel" "Typewriter", "Wanted Items", etc. are inserted at the rate of ONE ANNA per word and the minimum charge being Re. 1 for 16 words. When special heading is desired Annas four extra will be charged per line.

REDUCTION: Until further notice for all bona-fide tabulated adlets advertisers, the following concession is allowed, provided the total number of insertion required in one week is ordered at a time and cash payment is made with the order:

Once in a week ..... Full rate
Thrice and over in a week..25 per cent

HOW TO REMIT MONEY: All postal orders should be made payable to "The Bombay Chronicle" and crossed. The advertiser should send the Receipt Coupon, with the letter containing Tabulated Adlet advertisement All money orders should bear the signature of issuing officer and the stamp of issuing office Crossed cheques are accepted and should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" but insertion of the advertisement will be withheld until cashed Registered post should be used when urrency notes and stamps are sent for payment

NAME AND ADDRESS: Every bona-fide advertisement should bear the name and address of the advertiser in spite of not being necessary for publication.

HOW TO SEND REPLIES: Replies to advertisements should be addressed carefully as follows: "Advt Box No..... "The Bombay Chronicle". Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. To prevent mistakes and to avoid misdelivery the Box No. ..... should be written very distinctly and as the specimen shown above.

BOX NO. When Box No. is given to the advertisements of private nature the five words "Box No..... "Bombay Chronicle" will be charged for

REDIRECTING REPLIES: For redirecting replies to our Mofussil advertisers no extra charge is made

LOCAL ADVERTISERS: Can collect replies addressed to their Box No..... by producing Cash Receipt at the "Bombay Chronicle" office during working hours, between 11 a.m. to 6 p.m

RESERVED RIGHTS: The management reserves the right to revise any advertisement or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

UNCLAIMED REPLIES: After 30 days all unclaimed replies will be destroyed.

LOSS IN TRANSIT: "The Chronicle" does not assume any responsibility for replies lost or mislaid in transit

REPETITION IN "SENTINEL": Tabulated Adlets appearing in "The Chronicle" will be charged at half the price if inserted in the "Sentinel" same day

To ensure prompt publication of your Tabulated Adlets, cash payment strictly in advance is necessary.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

Wanted. A beautiful, healthy and an educated bride for the son of a big landlord and a zamindar, who is a promising youth and a bachelor of twenty-one years of age, very robust and healthy and is appearing for higher Engineering. He belongs to a renowned Brahman family with very high social status, and is always keen for social reforms. No caste restrictions. Apply Box No. 8089 A, "Bombay Chronicle".

9. SITUATIONS VACANT

Salesman required by European firm for Electric Wires and Cables. Must have previous experience and knowledge of Gujerati. Apply Box No. 5274, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Press Manager, with Proof Reader and two compositors for out of India. Apply Box No. 8084, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted. Paid Organiser on Rs. 60 p.m. with increment and Office allowance, etc. Reply to Post Box 10009, Calcutta. (8065).

Wanted. (1) Graduate with Economics for outdoor work in a social service institution, at Ahmedabad. (2) Instructor for visual education programme. Should be able to lecture and handle apparatus. Apply Box No. 5265, "Bombay Chronicle".

Tutor having sound knowledge of general and school subjects with Sanskrit to coach three Gujrati high school students in a family at Khar. Girdharlal Valia, Vinod Villa, 11th Road. (8088).

Salesman to Secure Orders for an every-day household necessity. Bright prospects for really energetic persons. Apply Box No. 2641, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted two energetic young men, must be graduates of Bombay University to do outdoor calling as representatives. Apply stating salary required to Box No. 2656, "Bombay Chronicle"

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted—Manager, Store-keeper, Junior and Senior Clerks, Actors, Actresses, Dancers, Music Master and such other staff for Talkie films. Apply stating age, Rishkul Rajendra and Co., Lucknow. (8079)

Wanted—A man or a pleader to recover about Rs. 150 from a Parsee Firm in Belgaum. Apply Dhunjibhai Pestonji, Crawford Market, Bombay. (8086).

Wanted a thoroughly efficient Technical and Practical Carding Master and also a Spinning Master for a big local Mill. Only those, who have worked in local mills, need apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 8085, "Bombay Chronicle".

M.T.B. College, Surat—Applications with testimonials stating age, qualifications, experience and minimum salary are invited so as to reach the Principal before the 1st May. 1937 for the posts of Professor (Lecturer) in (1) Gujarati, (2) Persian, (3) Ardhamagadhi, (4) History and Economics and for the posts of Demonstrators in Biology, Physics, Chemistry (preferably an M.Sc., with Inorganic Chemistry) and a duly qualified Physical Instructor. to be appointed from the beginning of the next term. (5219).

9. SITUATION WANTED.

Ayurvedic doctor with twelve years' experience in the profession seeks any position. Prefer to act as family doctor to some influential families in Bombay or work in any charitable institution. Apply to Box No. 2616 "Bombay Chronicle."

Dyeing, Bleaching, Finishing and Mercerising Master desires suitable post. Sound practical and theoretical knowledge in Cotton, Silk. Wool, Course and Fine. Expert in Chemistry, erection and organisation. Knowing weaving also. Best results guaranteed. Terms moderate. Dorabji Khursedji Daruvala, Opp. Podders Blocks, Meher Vilia, Besant Street, Santa Cruz, B. B. and C. I. Rly.

TO
ALL THOSE WHO
ARE UNEMPLOYED

"Chronicle" in order to assist all those who are without employment requiring full time or part-time positions. offers to insert an advertisement in the Tabulated adlets columns, FREE OF CHARGE provided the unemployed are married, have been out of job for one full year, and have experience at anyone trade or profession for five continuous years. Only three names will be accepted for free advertisement in any one class of work.

The management reserves the right to revise or refuse any advertisement without assigning any reason for doing so.

An experienced, energetic and honest teacher and businessman wants employment as a tutor. guardian or travelling agent with a consolidated allowance or pay or correspondent clerk. Apply to Box No. 2680, "Bombay Chronicle."

Competent, energetic and young Parsee gentleman with 18 years of experience as assistant steward in European-Shanghai Club seeks employment anywhere in India. Best references. Will furnish security. Willing to accept reasonable salary. Please write to Box No. 2685, "Bombay Chronicle."

Experienced Parsee youth, well-conversant with Accounts work, correspondence and general office routine, seeks employment in Bombay or mofussil as accounts clerk. Willing to work out-door if necessary. Excellent testimonials. Will accept any reasonable salary Please write to Box No. 2703. "Bombay Chronicle."

Very influential, honest, hard-working former businessman, widely travelled in India, now seeks job of salesman with any reputable business concern or manufacturer either locally or in upcountry. Will accept reasonable salary. Best references. Please write to Box No. 2789, "Bombay Chronicle".

One perfectly efficient in Paper, Stationery, Printers' requirements and machinery seeks employment as canvasser or manager in any office trading in the lines Applicants experience extends over 20 years. Can give best references Reasonable salary acceptable. Please write to K. S. Krishna Rao 7|51 J. K. Building, Gamdevi, Bombay, No. 7.

9. SITUATION WANTED.

An Indian Sugar Technologist, having nearly 15 years' experience as Chief Chemist and Manufacturer is open for engagement after the close of the current season. Guarantees all one quality Superior white sugar and can provide complete staff for the Manufacturing Department. At present holds charge of a 1,500 tons plant in U. P. Factories desirous of engaging his services and for further particulars should communicate with Box No. 8089, "Bombay Chronicle".

15 years experience in printing, business, Hindu seeks position as Manager, Superintendent or Canvassers, write to G. V. Bhagwat Bhagirathi Bldg. No. 2 Block No. 7 Chikalwadi, Grant Road, Bombay 7.

Extensively experienced Stenographer with first-class European references, knowing Book-keeping, desires permanent situation in good concern. P. A. Risbud, 6, Dhaswadi, Thakurdwar, Bombay. No. 2.

Wanted situation by experienced shorthand typist with knowledge of Engineering and Machinery business. H. J. Soneji, Dalmia Building, Matunga, Bombay.

Situation wanted by England-returned Agriculture and Forestryman. Good business organising capacity. Write to Box No. 2761. "Bombay Chronicle".

Fourteen years' experienced Inspector of Co-operative Societies, knowing correspondence and accounts works seeks employment. Apply to Box No. 2713, "Bombay Chronicle."

Undergraduate stenographer, 8 years experience, good correspondent, thorough knowledge of accounts, office routine seeks employment, reasonable salary. R. Ramanarayanan, 17 Bhoj Terrace, Vincent Road, Matunga, G.I.P.

Marine First Class Engineer, with extra qualifications and experience desires job on land or with a shipping concern. Excellent references. Terms reasonable. Please reply to K. P. Ghandy, New Bombay-Agra Road, Thana.

Well qualified textile canvasser with six years experience seek position with any reputable Textile firm or manufacturer. Willing to represent in Mysore State on reasonable terms. Good references. Please write to N. Sethu Ram, C|o. A. K. Kothanda Rama Iyer, High School, Tiptur.

Experienced Indian seeks engagement responsible position. Thorough in Accounts, Correspondence in fact every aspect of modern business. Moderate terms acceptable. P. N. Sarma, Jayasinh Building, Sir Bhalchandra Road. Bombay, 14.

An experienced advocate with 10 years' Secretariat experience seeks suitable employment as Secretary, office assistant, personal secretary to legislative members. Please write to Box No. 2782. "Bombay Chronicle".

Ex-Service man can work in any capacity—electrician, store-keeper, clerk, yarn testing master, salesman, cashier, etc. Any reasonable salary will be accepted. Excellent references furnished. Please write to Box No. 2727, "Bombay Chronicle".

A B.Com. Advanced Accountancy and Auditing—Optional; German Second language; 30 Speed in Typewriting. G. R. K. Murty, C|o Y. S. Rao, B.A., M.L., Vakil, James Street, Secunderabad, (Deccan).

European with good references, seeks a post as Advertising Representative in a Newspaper or as a Canvasser with a Job Press. Well experienced in the Printing trade. Reply to Box No. 2762, "Bombay Chronicle".

Efficient Stenographer with five years' experience in a Semi-Government and Commercial offices seeks situation. Willing to accept any reasonable salary. V. S. Sarang, J. K. Building, No. 1, 1st floor, Room No. 14, Gamdevi, Bombay 7.

Young Parsee seeks job of clerk. typist or salesman. Well experienced. Will furnish excellent references. A good all-round cricketer too, having played well-known cup matches. Apply Box No. 2774, "Bombay Chronicle."

Young and experienced Cashier wants position as accountant with reputable firm. Write to Vrijlal D. Mankad, Nagarchakla, Jamnagar.

Chief Clerk and Accountant with excellent references seeks situation Has experience of oil business Served as Manager of sports club. Please write to Box No. 2695. "Bombay Chronicle."

9. SITUATION WANTED.

Young man with 6 years' experience in business lines seeks situation on reasonable salary. Desire position with any reliable firm or manufacturer as canvasser, representative or commission agent. Apply to Box No. 2764, "Bombay Chronicle".

Smart, young, experienced Stenotypist, knowing Accounts. Prepared to go anywhere. Low remuneration. V. Sivaramakrishnan. C|o Mr. K. N. Rama Iyer, Postal Appg. Dept., Irwin House, Bombay

An active young man of excellent character and references, knowing many modern languages seeks employment as a clerk or rent collector. Ready to work outside Bombay also. K. G. Salian, 28, Manohardas St., Fort.

12. TO BE LET.

For Hindoos. To let first floor from May 1st Putla House, Plot 32. Bhan Daji Road, Matunga, 4 big rooms. Excellent breeze, light, basins and Bharat tiles. Rent about Rs. 65. Apply Box No. 8091. "Bombay Chronicle".

Setalwad Road seafacing modern second third floors, each two bedrooms, baths, hall, large verandahs, dining, kitchen. Rent attractive. Apply Pandit Spot. 'Phone 44011. (8074).

Setalwad Road for Hindus seafacing ground floor five bedrooms, large hall, kitchen. Vegetarians preferred. Rent Hundred. Apply Pandit Spot. 'Phone 44011. (8074).

Matheran keepsake bungalow: Guest House four bed-rooms; cottage seven rooms; newly painted electrified Hindus special facilities Excellent Bombay view. Also Sunder Villa Bungalow Guest House near Rugby. Apply Pandit, Setalwad Road, 'Phone 44011. (8074).

14. HOUSES & FLATS TO LET

To Let—For Hindus only (preference to Gujratis and Dekhsains) Airy Flats of five, three and two rooms in new building Parvati Mansion, Plot No. 164A, Vincent Road, Dadar. Also a motor Garage. Apply Receiver's Office at the premises between 9 and 11 a.m. or to Lowji, 60, Forbes Street, Fort, Telephone 20230. 8073

DAIRY REQUISITES

For Sale—Milk Separator Crescent Incubator, Apply to Box No. 2777. "Bombay Chronicle".

JEWELLERY

For Sale—Two Fine Emeralds of extraordinary size and several antique curios, very old collection. rate attractive, quick transaction. Apply to Box No. 2748 "Bombay Chronicle"

OFFICE EQUIPMENT

All-Steel Shelving Roneo Cabinets, office furniture, Partition, etc. every article a bargain. Apply to Box No. 2753 "Bombay Chronicle".

AUTOMOBILES

Morris Eight 4-door Saloon, mileage 9,300. European owned, new battery. Rs. 1,900. No. brokers. Apply to Box No. 2754, "Bombay Chronicle".

Morris 8 H.P. Tourer, taxed end. December, new paint, hood, upholstery, carpets, magnificent engine, new tyres. Absolute bargain. Apply to Box No. 2770, "Bombay Chronicle".

1936 Morris Saloon, Series 11, 18 h.p., for sale, Calcutta. 7000 miles, new Rs. 5,800 for Rs. 3,250, going on leave must sell. Apply Box No. 2788, "Bombay Chronicle".

For Sale—1935 Model Baby Ford— Engine and appearance like new mechanically guaranteed, absolutely sound. Even plugs not touched. Original tyres like new. Very sparingly used by owner Engineer driver, 35 miles per gallon. Lots of spare fittings and tools. Price Rs. 1,500. Apply to Box No. 2683, "Bombay Chronicle".

HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCES

For Sale — Refrigerator—H.M.V.— Medium Size—Rs. 400|- Carpets crockery, glassware, kitchen utensils, etc reasonable. Apply to Box No. 2779 "Bombay Chronicle".

KNITTING SUPPLIES

Over 500 thrilling colours, combinations. Fashion columnists. Economical knitters raving over our famous novelty yarns. Imported for discriminating knitters. Begin knitting your winter garments now. Cashmeres, Tweeds, Zephyrs, etc. Re. -|8|- an ounce and up. Apply to Box No. 2800. Bombay Chronicle".

CAMERA EQUQIPMENT

Wanted—To buy Pathe Baby and 16 m.m. Projectors of Bolex preferred also films. Apply Box No. 2749 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—Offers for 16 M.M. Movector projector and Movex 3.5 Cine Camera, as new Highest offer secures. Apply Box. No. 2765 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—A 3 1|2" x 2 1|2" Revolving back reflex with f2.7 or f3.5 lens and preferably with a telephoto lens. Must be in very good or almost new condition. Reply stating condition of the outfit and price wanted to Box No. 2793 "Bombay Chronicle".

DEALERS WANTED

To handle tea consignment. Best quality tea in original packing at very reasonable price Only dealers should write for supply straight from the plantations. Write to Box No. 2579 "Bombay Chronicle."

BOOKS AND MAGAZINES

Wanted—Ellis' Psychology Of Sex similar books, Carrington publications. Art books photos. Murray's Oxford English Dictionary. Ency. Brit. 14th edition. Apply to Box No. 2639. "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted—Military Engineer Services Handbook Vol. II (Architecture) and Vol. IV (Elec. Mech. and Water Supply). Secondhand copies of either or both accepted for full original price. Write to Box No. 2769 "Bombay Chronicle"

WEARING APPAREL

Lovely Silk, Creamy White, 9 yds. x 27". Complete for 3 shirts or 6 blouses. Post Free. Apply to Box No. 2759 "Bombay Chronicle".

4 New Chickon Camisoles new Peach Pink Silk Bed coatec, trimmed Ecru lace, Soft Salmon Pink Silk Dress, Cape and pleated frills —tall figure, Crepe-de-chine Swagger Coat with cape—small figure, Pink Broche new slimming Corsets, Pale Pink Satin Slip Silk Union dress, Wedge-wood blue and white spot, trimmed kilted frills with sleeve evening—tall figure, Brown and fawn silk dress with sleeves. Apply Box No. 2763 "Bombay Chronicle".

RADIOS

For Sale—Two "His Master's Voice" Radiograms (1935-36) with Short-wave Adapters, offered at Rs. 250|- and Rs. 425|- Write to Box No. 2755 "Bombay Chronicle"

Scott or McMurdo Silver 1937, All wave Radio set made specially for India after receipt of your order and shipped direct from America to you. Supplied under guaranteed service. Apply to Box No. 2787 "Bombay Chronicle"

HORSES & PONIES

For Sale—Query Palm Chest. Aust. Mare 15.1 hands winner in Australia. Comfortable Hack, good looker, broken to stick and ball, believed sound. Owner shortly going Home on leave. Apply to Box No. 2752 "Bombay Chronicle".

Chestnut Waler Mare Rose Marie handsome plays Polo fast jumps well, handy. Saddlery complete. Bay Stud Bred. Gelding Echo perfect hack, handsome fast handy saddlery. Both animals no blemishes certificated sound. Bargain to good homes only as owner going on leave. Apply to Box No. 2785 "Bombay Chronicle".

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion
1st Insertion	.. Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	.. Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	.. Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	.. Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

REMOVAL NOTICE

SHIAVAX C. CAMBATA & CO., LIMITED
AND
THE HIRDAGARH COLLIERIES, LIMITED

will remove their Registered Offices from Cook's Building, 324, Hornby Road, to the new premises at Cambata Building, 101, Queen's Road, Back Bay Reclamation, on and from 1st May, 1937. (8087)

THE MYSORE IRON & STEEL WORKS

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED that the Mysore Iron and Steel Works, Bhadravati, have revived their Branch Office at Bombay and placed their own Officer (Mr. J. V. Dattatreyan) in charge of it. The Sale agency given to Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas will accordingly cease with effect from the 14th instant. All communications and correspondence relating to the Works and remittance payable, should hereafter be addressed to Mr. J. V. Dattatreyan. Sales Officer, Mysore Iron and Steel Works, Prospect Chambers. Hornby Road. Bombay.

B. VISWANATH.
General Manager,
Mysore Iron & Steel Works.
5266.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

TENDERS for the supply of 800 tons of First Class Bengal Steam Coal of selected grade during the year 1937-38 will be received upto 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on Monday the 26th day of April, 1937.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner, sealed and superscribed "Tender for the supply of coal" and delivered at the office of the Municipal Chief Accountant with a deposit of Rs. 1,000.

Forms of contract, specification, etc., will be issued to any one deputed to receive them by the Mechanical Engineer, Municipal Workshops, Foras Road, Bombay, on payment of a fee of Rupees Five per form which will, on no account, be refunded.

The Mechanical Engineer will, on application, give any further information that may be required.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

(Sd.) N. V. MODAK.
City Engineer.
Municipal Offices,
Dated, 10-4-1937.
5272.

Public Notices.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

RATE CIRCULARS.

A NEW RATE CIRCULAR viz., Special Rate Circular No. 5 of 1937, is being issued to-day. Particulars can be obtained from the CHIEF TRAFFIC MANAGER, Bombay, or Stations.
5270.

READY WASTE FOR SALE

COTTON AND YARN WASTE of different sorts accumulated in The Crown Spg. & Mfg. Co., Ltd., situated at New Parbhadevi Rd., Parel, are for sale. Tenders for the same will be received at the Company's Registered Office No. 16, Apollo St., Fort, Bombay upto 5 p.m. (S.T.) on Tuesday the 20th April 1937 along with a deposit of Rs. 500 for each tender. The Company reserves to itself the right to accept or reject any tender or tenders fully or in part. Tender forms may be obtained from the Company's Office.

(Sd|-) PURSHOTAM VITHALDAS & CO.,
Secs., Treas., & Agents.
5273.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the Plumbing & Sanitary work for the building under construction for the WESTERN INDIA LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD., at Sir Pherozshah Mehta Road, Bombay.

Copies of Tenders and specification could be had at Rs. 5 and plans inspected at the office of the undersigned during office hours.

TENDERS are returnable on the 23rd instant upto 4 p.m.

The owners do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

MESSRS. MASTER, SATHE & BHUTA,
Chartered Architects.
34-38, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay.
5256.

PATNA UNIVERSITY.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of Registrar Patna University, Patna.

Applicants should be graduates of position, with experience of University affairs and Office work. The Registrar will be a whole-time Officer appointed for five years only, but will be eligible for re-appointment, at the end of any such term, for such period, and on such pay not exceeding the maximum pay of the post, as the Senate may determine. Salary Rs. 650-50-850 with benefit of Provident Fund under the University Rules.

Applications with copies of testimonials should be addressed to the Vice-Chancellor, Patna University, University office, P. O. Bankipur, (Patna) under registered cover, and reach him on or before the 30TH OF JUNE, 1937.

Canvassing would be regarded as a serious disqualification.

M. A. HOSAIN,
Offg. Registrar.
Patna, the 12th April, 1937.
5263.

BOX NUMBER ADS

Reply by letter to the "Chronicle" Office will be placed at once in the Box of the Advertiser.

For Mofussil and Local, see the information on Tabulated Adlets.

Rs. 100 REWARD

Will be paid by the "Chronicle" for information leading to the arrest and conviction of anyone obtaining money fraudulently through Tabulated Adlets published in its columns.

AD-WRITING ASSISTANCE

"Chronicle" maintains an Ad-writing Department to help you word your Tabulated Adlets to secure the best results.

There is NO CHARGE for service.
Time: 11-30 a.m. to 1-30 p.m.

CONVENIENCE

A Tabulated Adlets Ad-Viser is near you as your telephone. If not and if you prefer, a "Chronicle" man will call at your home or office in the Fort Area only or advice will be given by Post.

IMPORTANT

All Tabulated Adlets from our Mofussil patrons should reach our Office at least one day prior to the date of publication. And in order to correctly insert the advertisement "Chronicle" requests that the matter should either be typewritten or written in block-letters to avoid mistakes.

OUR SERVICE

Every day of the year except Sundays and Public Holidays our Office is open to receive your Tabulated Adlets and to give you service during office-hours from 11 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Call "Chronicle" Ad-Viser—Telephone 22037
or you are invited to come to Chronicle office,
Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.

Rate one anna per word.
For discount ... Fee Information

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Public Notices.

NOTICE.

Sealed percentage and rate tenders are invited by the undersigned for the following works before 30th April, 1937. Tender forms and particulars of work will be available in the Office of the District Local Board, Bombay Suburban District Andheri and office of the Local Self-Government Institute, 11 Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, during office hours.

1. Proposed School Building at Chembur Estimated cost Rs. 3700.
2. Metal supply on District Local Board Roads.
3. Murum supply on District Local Board Roads.
4. Asphalting Malad Marwa and Borivli Goral Road Estimated cost Rs. 7000.

CHUNILAL D. BARFIVALA,
President.
District Local Board, B.S.D. Andheri.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that NOORMAHOMED ABDULLA has contracted to sell to our clients the under mentioned property. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the property or any portion thereof, by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, lease, lien, charge, possession, trust, gift, inheritance, maintenance, easements, release or otherwise, howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Fort Chambers, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the publication hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land, admeasuring 987 square yards or thereabouts, situate on and being Plot No. 471 of the City Improvement Trust of the Board's Dadar Matunga Estate in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay and bounded on the North by the King's Circle, on the South by Plots Nos. 471 A and 471B of the said Estate, on the West by the 60' Road known as Hormusji Adenwalla Road and on the East by Plot No. 471 C of the said Estate and forms a portion of premises bearing New Survey No. 864 (part) and Cadastral Survey No. 756/10 of Matunga Division and is assessed by the Municipality under F Ward No. 7414 and Street No. 981.

Dated this 14th day of April, 1937.

NANU HORMUSJI & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
5269.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 2230 of 1936.

PANCHA DHANA ..... Plaintiff.
vs.
(1). GANDA BECHAR, (2). RAMJI GANDA ..... Defendants.

To
(1) GANDA BECHAR, Esqr.,
And
(2) RAMJI GANDA, Esqr.,
The Defendants abovenamed.

PLEASE NOTE that the plaintiff has filed the above suit against you to recover the sum of Rs. 3,031-7-6 and interest and costs.

You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on 23rd day of June, 1937, at 11 o'clock either in person or by an Advocate duly instructed and to produce all the documents upon which you intend to rely in support of your defence.

TAKE NOTICE that in default of your appearance on the day aforesaid the suit will be heard and determined in your absence. Witness, etc., at Bombay this 9th day of January, 1937.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI,
For Prothonotary
And Senior Master.

Messrs. MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM & MADAN,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
5262.

ADVERTISEMENT RATE

Space to be taken within one year	Per inch Per insertion.
1" to 149"	Rs. 3—0—0
150" to 249"	Rs. 2—8—0
250" to 499"	Rs. 2—4—0
500" to 749"	Rs. 2—0—0
750" to 999"	Rs. 1-12—0
1000" & over	Rs. 1—8—0

EXTRA CHARGES FOR SPECIAL POSITION:—
Facing Leader Page 50 per cent. over the Scheduled Rates.

CORONATION MANGOES

Mr. Shankerrao G. Bodake, son of the Crawford Market Fruit merchant Mr. Gunpat Abajee Bodake, will leave to-day by M. V. "Victoria" and will personally supervise the sales in London of only the largest and best Alphonso Mangoes that are being sent by their Firm for Coronation Markets by next Saturday and by subsequent steamers. He is the first gentleman in his caste to undertake the sort of journey.

"Screen production of a high order".
—Mr. B. G. HORNIMAN.

Third Week at

OPERA HOUSE

Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m,

SJT. K. F. NARIMAN will preside.

GRAND OPENING ON SATURDAY 17TH INST. AT 9-30 P.M.

GRAND GALA MATINEE ON Sunday & Monday 18th & 19th at 5-30 p.m.

Behind Charni Road Station.

PROF. DEVAL'S **CIRCUS** and Royal Menagerie

Miss Not To See

CAPT. FRANZ WYBIERALA'S HUMAN CANNAN BALL

Vigour Restored, Glands Made Young In 24 Hours

It is no longer necessary to suffer from loss of vigour and manhood, weak memory and body, nervousness, impure blood, sickly skin, depression, and poor sleep, because an American Doctor has discovered a quick, easy way to end these troubles.

This discovery is in pleasant, easy-to-take tablet form, is absolutely harmless, does away with gland operations and is bringing new youth and vigour to thousands. It works directly on the glands and nerves, and puts new, rich blood and energy in your veins. In 24 hours you can see and feel yourself getting younger. Your eyes sparkle, you feel alive and full of youthful vigour and power.

And this amazing, new gland and vigour restorer, called Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, is guaranteed. It has been proved by thousands in America and is now distributed by chemists here under a guarantee of satisfaction or money back. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs must make you feel full of vigour and energy and from 10 to 20 years younger, or you merely return the empty package and get your money back. A special, double-strength bottle of 48 Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs costs only Rs. 4, and the guarantee protects you.

LORD AND LADY BRABOURNE AT THE AGA KHAN HOCKEY MATCH BETWEEN KARACHI GOANS AND B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY,

Group of Karachi Goans who defeated B. B. and C. I. Railway by 1 goal to nil, in Tuesday's Hockey match.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

"Substantive sentences," the Magistrate remarked in awarding sentences, to-day, "are to run concurrently and also to run concurrently with those awarded in a case decided on March 6."

When the accused was told that in all he would be given 18 months' R. I., he smiled and turned towards the door, accompanied by the Police constables.

On a charge of theft of Rs. 63 from the house of motor-driver residing at New Foras Road, the Lamington Road Police have arrested Sorabji Bomanji Kerawalla a distant relative of the motor-driver.

Sorabji was placed before the Girgaum Police Court Magistrate to-day, and ordered to be released on bail in the sum of Rs. 150, pending further Police inquiries.

The DeLisle Road police raided Kapadwallah's Chawl in Cadell Road, last night, and arrested Shivaji Shamar and Nathu Ram Damodhar on charges of gambling.

A Bania it was stated, ran away from the scene. Alleged instruments of gaming were seized.

Damodhar was bailed out and Shamar was ordered to be released on bail in a sum of Rs. 500 cash Rs. 100 till the 20th instant, at the Dadar Police Court to-day.

Three persons were arrested at about 11-15 last night by a sub-Inspector of police attached to the Prevention of Gambling Squad following a satta raid carried out in the ground floor of No. 72 Telli-Mohalla.

During the search alleged satta chits and cash including marked coins are stated to have been seized.

Mohomed Hanif Noor Mohomed and Mohomed Ismail Abdulla, were ordered to be released on a bail of Rs. 300 each (Rs. 30 cash) and Hassan Sheik Ismail was enlarged on a bail of Rs. 50 (Rs. 15 cash) till April 21 at the Mazagaon Police Court to-day.

Nandkishore Laxminarayan, arrested by the Maharbowrie police last night following a gaming raid in a room of a building at Khattar Lane was placed before the Girgaum Police Court Magistrate, today, and ordered to be released on bail in the sum of Rs. 200 for a fortnight.

"Whenever I had occasions to appear before Your Worship charged with theft, I have admitted them freely on almost on all occasions", said Abdul Gani, a notorious cat-burglar, sentenced to nine months' R. I., by Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum, on charges of house-breaking and theft from the house of a Parsi, at Khetwadi.

On March 6 last he was sentenced to 18 months' R. I. and 6 months' R. I., the sentences to run concurrently, for house-breaking and attempt to commit theft from Gautam Nivas, New Charni Road.

An alleged confidence trickster was produced this morning at the Dadar Court and was ordered to be released on bail in a sum of Rs. 300 (cash Rs. 100) till the 28th instant.

It was stated that the complainant in the case was confided to by one Ramdhar Girdhare that he had a friend who could duplicate currency notes. He is alleged to have relieved him of currency notes of the value of Rs. 300. Later, it seems that Ramdhar and his friend entered a room where they burned sulphur, thus causing suffocation and in the confusion that followed attempted to run away.

Burnt pieces of white paper of the size of currency notes were recovered from an enamelled plate in the room.

Pending arrest of the accomplice, Ramdhar was ordered to be bailed out.

Atmaram Soma was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment for receiving Satta bets in a public street under section 12 of the Gambling Act by Mr. R. Mathalone, at the Presidency Magistrate's Court, Mazagaon, to-day.

The accused stated that he was not accepting bets and the cash of Rs. 1-14, the piece of cardboard and the slips were not actually found on him but were planted on him by the police.

The Magistrate disbelieved his statement, and found him guilty under section 12 of Gambling Act, and sentenced him to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

HINDI EXAMINATION RESULTS

The Secretary, Hindi Prachar Sabha, Bombay, writes:

The following are the registered numbers of candidates of the Bombay Centre who have been declared successful in the Prathmic Madhyama and Rashtrabhasha examinations of the Dakshina Bharat Hindi Prachar Sabha, held on February 13 and 14.

PRATHMIC: FIRST CLASS.
34 35 48 53 62 78 82 87 91 94 98 101 102 103 107 153 154 155 156 157 158 164 165 167 178 195 196 199 205 206 219 226.

SECOND CLASS.—32 33 36 38 39 41 42 43 47 49 50 51 52 56 57 58 61 63 64 65 66 68 71 73 76 77 79 80 81 84 86 88 89 92 93 95 96 99 105 106 109 110 111 112 113 114 116 118 123 124 128 130 132 133 135 137 139 140 141 142 143 150 151 152 159 160 163 166 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 180 181 182 184 185 186 187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 197 198 200 201 202 203 204 207 208 209 210 211 212 214 215 216 217 218 220 221 222 223 227 228 229 230 231 232 233 234 235 236.

MADHYAMA FIRST CLASS.— 7 8 10 16 17 21 22 43 46 52 55 76 94 96 97.

Second Class.—13 14 15 18 20 23 24 26 27 28 29 30 31 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 42 44 45 48 49 50 51 53 54 56 57 58 60 61 62 64 65 66 67 68 70 71 75 77 78 79 80 81 82 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 95 101 102 103 105 107 108 109 110 and 1180.

RASHTRABHASHA: First class.—6.

SECOND CLASS.—1 2 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11 13 14 15 16.

YET ANOTHER FACILITY!

Instead of taking big amounts in Currency Notes while travelling you may now carry

CENTRAL'S RUPEE TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES

They Save You a Lot of Trouble.
No More Any Danger of Losing Your Money.

Available in denominations of Rs. 25, Rs. 50 & Rs. 100/-

Cashable at any of the numerous Branches and Pay-offices of

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA,
LIMITED.

PULMOVIGOR

A Dose or Two and lose the 'Flu

Pulmovigor prevents and relieves throat and lung complaints. Its formula is the discovery of a first-class pharmacist of the faculty of Paris. It overcomes Asthma, Influenza, Whooping Coughs, Tuberculosis, Pleurisy, Laryngitis and Tenacious Chest Diseases. Palative and inexpensive. Pulmovigor never fails. It is a wonderful restorative after Pneumonia.

Bottle of 10 oz. Rs. 2-12-0.

Sole Agents:—MALGHAM BROS.,
26, Custom House Road, Fort, Bombay.

FOR YOU..
THE SOAP OF KINGS

Royal Warrants from five British Kings and Queens, and foreign ones besides, prove Pears to be truly the Soap of Kings. You too can use this flawlessly pure soap. You too can know the joy of its silky fine lather which cleanses so deeply, and awakens the skin to new vitality, new loveliness. From today—make Pears *your* soap.

Pears

MATCHLESS FOR THE COMPLEXION

I.T.C.252-288

A. & F. PEARS LTD · ISLEWORTH ENGLAND

CONFERENCE OF PARTY LEADERS

Plan To Levy Death Duty; One Crore Land Remission

FREE AND COMPULSORY EDUCATION IN 10,000 SCHOOLLESS VILLAGES

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

The whole country is keenly following the trend of events following the refusal of the Congress leaders to form ministries in six provinces. There are a few Indian politicians, who have engaged themselves in finding out some way by which an understanding could be arrived at, and the end of the deadlock reached.

The Congress leaders are not at all perturbed over what has been happening. On the contrary they are happy at the trend that events have taken and they are preparing for another general election which is bound to come before long unless the British Government sees reason.

The "dummy" Council of Ministers in six provinces, where the Congress is in a majority, are trying their best to do something spectacular and got kudos for it.

The Bombay Council of Ministers are trying to do something very spectacular before they actually get out with a view to save their faces. Though they can do precious little under the Act and next to nothing within the coming six months, they have been keeping themselves busy holding consultations as to what item in the programme they should implement immediately.

SECRETARIAT STAFF BUSY.

The Secretariat staff are kept busy collecting facts and figures regarding education, and land revenue to be recovered under the latest settlement. It is understood that the Ministry will try to increase the number of schools in the Presidency with a view to give free and compulsory education to the children. The Ministry also contemplates giving remission to agriculturstis according to the fall in price of commodities in different districts.

Regarding free and compulsory education figures called for seem to reveal the fact that there are more than 10,000 villages in the Presidency where there are no schools at all. The Ministry contemplates imparting free and compulsory education to the children of these villages by establishing a school in every village wherever possible. In cases of smaller villages four or five of them will be grouped together and one school opened for all the children of these villages. Estimates for opening such schools, it appears, have been called for.

LAND REVENUE.

Facts and figures are being collected district by district regarding the land revenue settlement and the comparative fall in the prices of commodities with a view to decide the percentage of remission. Remission will be given to the agriculturists of a few districts only, as to other districts enjoy the benefit of a favourable land revenue settlement.

ALL-PARTY CONFERENCE

Enquiries go to show that the Ministry contemplates calling a conference of the leaders of all parties in the Legislature with a view to place the programme before them and get their support for it. Even the leader of the Congress Party will be invited, though the Ministers are aware what the fate of such an invitation would be. The conference would be asked to suggest amendments to the programme, if any, and to support the Ministry if they approved of the programme. Thus they expect to convert a good number of Legislators in Bombay. According to my informant the conference would be called sometime next month or in the beginning of June. The Ministry expects to get the support of the Muslim League, the Independent Labour party and a good number of the members from among the Independents. A member from each one of these three groups will be offered a Ministership provided the programme is acceptable to the parties.

MONEY PROBLEM.

A good deal has been said as to how the Finance Member, who is undoubtedly the moving spirit of the Cabinet, expects to get the moneys for the programme that he has drafted.

For the first time in the history of India, Mr. Jamnadas Mehta proposes to put into effect a tax on succession to huge properties. Under the Montford reforms such a levy of Death duties was permissible for the Provincial Government, but under the Government of India Act 1935, "duties in respect of succession to property other than agricultural land" is dealt with by the Provincial Government.

But the Seventh Schedule provides for duty to be levied in respect of succession to agricultural land. It appears that the Finance Minister is contemplating levying death duties on all rich persons and is now engaged in finding out a method of getting out of the provision that it is a federal subject and shall not be touched by the Provincial Government. It is stated that the Finance Minister is confident of getting out of that technical difficulty by calling the taxation by some other name.

The Finance Member proposes to make full use of the power given to him under "Provincial Legislative List" in Schedule VII of the Act and will pay special attention to items between 40 and 50.

It is stated that the Finance Minister contemplates increasing the tax on entrance to the Race Course by about fifty per cent. and there will be a similar increase of duty on Licensed Bookies.

A surcharge will be levied on all Hotels having more than six rooms.

Items 40 to 50 to which the Finance Member will pay special attention to, for getting the amount that he wants are the following:-

41. Taxes on agricultural income. It appears that the Finance Member proposes to tax all those who get an income of more than Rs. 500 under this head.

42. Taxes on lands and buildings, hearths and windows.

43. Duties in respect of succession to agricultural land.

44. Taxes on mineral rights; subject to any limitations imposed by any act of the Federal Legislature relating to mineral development.

45. Capitation taxes.

46. Taxes on professions, trades, callings and employments.

47. Taxes on animals and boats.

48. Taxes on the sale of goods and on advertisements.

49. Cesses on the entry of goods and on advertisements.

50. Taxes on luxuries, including taxes on entertainments, amusements betting and gambling.

Another source of income contemplated is by reimposing cuts in the salaries of Government servants. The Finance Member does not propose to touch the salaries of those that are receiving Rs. 200 and less. He cannot touch even if he wants. the salaries of the Covenanted Services. Thus he will have about a crore of rupees which could be subjected to a cut.

The following will give an idea of the salaries of the Government servants. This includes the salaries of those in Sindh also. But the total amount of salaries of the Government servants in Sindh is about 75 lakhs and that could be deducted from the total amount.

The total of those receiving Rs. 40 and below amounts to Lakhs. Rs. 15

Between Rs. 40 and Rs. 60 Rs. 41

Between Rs. 60 and 200 Rs 144

Between Rs. 200 and Rs. 400 ..... Rs. 67

Between Rs. 500 and Rs. 1,000 ..... Rs. 44

Above Rs. 1,000 ..... Rs. 91

The total amount comes to Rs. 537 lakhs. Out of it Rs. 75 lakhs belonging to the Sindh Service is to be omitted, the remaining amount for the Presidency proper would be about Rs. 462 lakhs. Out of that about 300 lakhs will be taken up by those receiving salaries of Rs. 200 and below. Of the remaining 162 lakhs, about 50 lakhs will be taken up by the Covenanted services and there remains only Rs. 100 lakhs which can be touched by the Finance Member.

Cuts In Salaries

The Finance Member expects to save about ten lakhs by imposing cuts and the amount could be very well utilised for the starting of about a thousand schools immediately, that is the next budget year, if the proposal is accepted by the Legislature.

The cuts that are contemplated will be on a graduated scale, namely the man receiving less will have to undergo a lesser cut, while the man receiving the biggest salary will have to forego a good bit of it.

FINANCE MINISTER'S TOUR

The Finance, Minister it is understood, will go on a tour in the famine-stricken areas in the Presidency after a week. He will visit Panch Mahal and Bijapur districts and get a first-hand knowledge of the situation there.

It is understood, the salaries of the Ministers have been fixed up by the Governor. The Chief Minister Rs. 4,000 and the other three Ministers Rs. 3,500 each.

It is practically decided that the Legislature will be summoned in the first week of July, by which time the budget will be ready.

Patna, April 13.—Dr. Dwarka Nath Mitter, ex-Judge of the Calcutta High Court, has been enrolled to-day as an Advocate of the Patna High Court.—United Press.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

GSH 21.47 Mc|s. (13.97m) GSG 17.79 Mc|s (16.86m), GSF 15.14 Mc|s (1982m).

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. Dance Music, 8-22 p.m. Vaughan Williams' Song 8-30 p.m. Talk: Under Big Ben, 8-45 p.m. A Military Band Concert. 9-30 p.m. Uncle Arthur 10 p.m. The News and Announcements, 10-20 p.m. Dance Music.

Bombay Programme

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc|s

8-0 a.m. Instrumental Music (Organ Solo), A VUB Artist, 8-15 a.m. Light Music Khayal R. S. Chandavarkar, 8-30 a.m. Talk (Urdu) "Glimpses into Persian Literature" No. 3 The Poet Hafiz Shirazi by Prof. Waqif, H. P., 8-45 a.m. Hori and Dadra, 9-0 a.m. Mishra Ragini R. S. Chandavarkar, 1-0 p.m. Market Report and Announcements, Goutin's Russian Trio, Leo Goutkin Violin, Rudolph Kougel Cello, Michel Beno Piano, 5-30 p.m. Dance Music, (Recorded Columbia), 6-0 Variety (Recorded Parlophone), 6-25 p.m. Mozart Concerto in A major Jascha Haifetz Violin London Philharmonic Orchestra (Recorded H.M.V.), 7-0 p.m. To the Bhumijan, a programme arranged for the villager, 8-0 p.m. Dance Music Carroll Gibbons and the Savoy Hotel Orpheans, 8-30 p.m. Commercial News and the News in Hindi, 9-0 p.m. Talk (English): "Glinting Facets" No. 6 Shopwindows and Cinemas by Kanaiyalal Vakil, 9-15 p.m. The News, 9-30 Light Classical Music Bai Menaka of Belgaum, Khayal, Thumri, Marathi Pad and Ghazals (With Sarangi, Harmonium and Tabla).

Calcutta Programme

All transmissions will be on VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc|s and 49.10 metres, 6,109 kc|s (Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time).

12-36 p.m. The Radio Sextette, Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Ocean and Rivercraft, 1-36 p.m. A Broadcast for School Students, Talks: "Alma Mater", 2-6 p.m. Scene from Greek Mythology (With appropriate Music), 2-21 p.m. Instrumental Music by Chaturanga, 2-31 p.m. Sheet and Sharma Recitations from Selected Scenes Bina Bhattacharya and Shanta Roy, etc., 2-40 p.m. Cookery Recipes, 2-55 p.m. Sitar Solo. Sudhendu Roy, 5-6 p.m. Time Signal A Broadcast for Rural Areas, 5-36 p.m. Light Bengali Song Nitai Ghatak, 5-51 p.m. Modern Bengali Song Jnanendra Ghose, 6-6 p.m. Thumri (Bengali), Radha rani 6-26 p.m. Tagore Song. P. K. Mullick, 6-40 p.m. Sitar Solo Jiten Das Gupta (Jantri Sangha), 6-56 A Musical Variety Entertainment by the Members of the Sangit Sangha arranged by Dr. A. K. Choudhury, 7-36 p.m. Talk: "Stars & Planets" No. 2, The principles of Astrology, by Sitaram Chatterjee, 7-51 p.m. Harmonium Solo Muneswar Doyal, 8-6 p.m. The News and Weather Report (In Bengali) 8-21 p.m. Musical Variety Entertainment (Contd.). 8-1 p.m. Commercial News and Weather Report (In English), 9-6 p.m. The News and Announcements, 9-21 p.m. Talk (English): "Memorable Moments" No. 1 by W. C. Wordsworth, 9-36 p.m. A Studio Concert Florence Pearce Soprano, Samuel Dave Comedian, Stanley Gomes, Violinist, William Day, Pianist.

Delhi Programme

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kc|s

7-0 a.m. AIR Orchestra Sukal Bilawal, 7-10 a. m. Madan Lal 7-40 a.m. Master Labhoo and Azizur Rehman A Duet, 7-50 a.m. Mrs. B. C. Verma, 8-10 a.m. Masetr Labhoo, 8-30 a.m. Abdul Aziz Khan of Patiala, Vichitra Vina.

"Ham Bai Hain" (A Programme for Women)

12-0 noon Banjo Solo. By AIR Artists, 12-5 p.m. The News (In Hindustani), 12-15 p.m. Mrs. B. C. Verma (Bhajan, 12-20 p.m. Talk (Hindustani): "A Good Husband", by Husn Bano Begum, 12-30 p.m. Mrs. B. C. Verma Dadra, 12-35 p.m. Debate (Hindustani): "Are Modern Fashinos a Sign of Progress?", Shrimati Lakshmi Devi Yes, Kumari Indrani Burnhwall, No. 12-50 p.m. AIR Orchestra, 12-55 p.m. 1st News Bulletin (Hinustani), 1-0 p.m. 1st News Bulletin (English), 1-5 p.m. "Sans Souci" (A Recorded Programme)., 6-0 AIR Orchestra Shudh Kalyan, 6-10 p.m. Master Labhhoo Bina Ram Raghunath, Bhajan Pilu "Ghubar-i-khatir-i-dildar hun men, Subak jitna hun utna har hun men." 6-30 p.m. Shankara On Sitar, 6-40 p.m. Mrs. B. C. Verma "Tero hi dhyan dharat Brahma Shiv." Dhurpad Kalyan; Aj sakhi madhur bansi sham bajabi Thumri Bhim Palasi, 7-0 p.m. "For Villagers Only" (7-30 p.m. Time Signal and Delhi Market Rates), 8-0 p.m. Time Signal: Talk (Hindustani): "Memoirs of the Past" No. 2 Ek Purani Sohbat, by Agha Shair, 8-15 p.m. Madan Lal Sakhian sab hi niksi Khayal Basant "Woh surat tasuwar men kia-a-gai Pari a ke taswir khichwa gai" (Amir), 8-35 p.m. Mrs. B. C. Verma "Mosim kaun khutil hkl kami" Bageshwari, 8-45 p.m. Abdul Aziz Khan of Patiala Darbari Kandra Adana Kandra (Khayal) Thumri Khammaj, 9-15 p.m. 2nd News and Weather Report (Hindustani), 9-30 p.m. Time Signal 2nd News and Weather Report (English), 9-45 p.m. Talk (English): "The Way of the World" Affairs in Europe by Dr. T. G. P. Speer, 10-0 p.m. A Romantic and Classical Programme. (Recorded).

Peshawar Programme

VUP 200 metres, 1,500 kc|s

6-0 p.m. Gat Aiman Kalyan, Khyber Radio Orchestra, 6-10 Inayat Husain Khayal Darbari, Dadra, 6-30 p.m. Mumtaz Bai Ghazal Punjabi Song, 6-45 p.m. Inayat Husain, 7-0 p.m. "Hagha Dagha", (A Programme Arranged for Villagers), Talk (Hindustani): The Inns of Peshawar," by Attaullah Jan, 8-15 p.m. Mumtaz Bai Ghazal Dadra, 8-30 p.m. Sitar Solo, 8-35 p.m. Inayat Husain Sindhi Kafi, 8-45 p.m. Mumtaz Bai Ghazal Punjabi Folk Song 9-0 p.m. Rabab, 9-5 p.m. Mumtaz Bai Ghazal, 9-15 p.m. The News and Weather Report (In Hindustani), 9-30 p.m. The News and Weather Report (In English), 9-45 p.m. Talk (English): "The Way of the World" Affairs in Europe, by Dr. T. G. P. Spear Relayed from Delhi, 10-0 p.m. Indian Music (Recorded).

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ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Chaitra Shud 5, 1993
Muslim: Safar 3, 1305
Parsi: Avan 12, 1306
Hightide: 2-18; 15-20
Lowtide: 8-26; 21-24
Sunrise: 6h. 21m.
Sunset: 6h. 56m.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

S. S. "Rawalpindi" with English mails of April 1 due at 4 p.m.

Society of Honorary Presidency Magistrates of Bombay: Annual general meeting, Esplanade Court, 5-45 p.m.

Exhibition Hockey Match between Bombay Goans and Karachi Goans, Bombay Gymkhana ground 5-40 p.m.

Saturday, April 17.

S. S. "Ranchi" with mails for London sails at 1 p.m.

Monday, April 19.

Ram Navami: Public Holiday

Banks closed.

Bombay Presidency Muslim League, General meeting at Kesar Baug, Dongri

POSTAL NOTICE

Registered and unregistered mails for Straits Settlements, per Extra S.S. "Talamba" via Negapatam will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 12 and 12-30 p.m. respectively on Friday the 16th instant.

INDIAN PROGRESSIVE GROUP

A debate will be held by the Indian and European Progressive Groups on Wednesday (28th instant) at 6-30 p.m. at Taj Mahal Hotel Card Room. Subject.—"That in the opinion of this house patriotism is the fundamental cause of world unrest." The debate is open to members only.

MUSLIM LEAGUE

The Honorary Secretary, Bombay Presidency Muslim League, writes:—"A general meeting of the Bombay Presidency Muslim League will be held at Kesar Baug, Dongri, on the 18th instant at 11 a.m. (S.T.) to elect office-bearers and to transact such other business as the President, Mr. Jinnah, may permit."

CHEAP SHOPPING TICKETS

In another column of this issue, the B. B. and C. I. Railway make the announcement that from May 1st, they will issue cheap shopping tickets. Available from any station between Bandra and Andheri, these tickets should be welcomed by people who live in the suburbs and who must often wish to do their shopping, go to cinemas or take a part generally in the life of Bombay.

GHATKOPAR CLUB

The annual social dinner of the Ghatkopar Jolly Cricket Club was held on the Club ground on Sunday, 11th April, 1937. The day proved a memorable day for Ghatkopar as the Chairman of the Club Mr Ramniklal Chhotalal Shah offered a generous donation of Rs. 10,000 to the club to provide for Ghatkopar a swimming pool, tennis court and gymkhana. Prominent citizens of Ghatkopar were present on the occasion of the dinner and were gratified at the generous offer of the Chairman of the Club. Ghatkopar had no gymkhana so far and was badly in need of one. The Chairman appealed to the well-to-do citizens of Ghatkopar to contribute generously for the further amount required to carry out the project.

Child's Fatal Fall

A child aged about six fell from the 2nd floor of the building of Bhutta Nivas, Main Road, Matunga on Tuesday at 10-15 and was removed to the K. E. M. Hospital immediately and after operation succumbed to the injuries on Wednesday.

AMUSEMENTS

OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"I Dream Too Much." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CENTRAL—"Tukaram". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

EMPIRE—"David Livingstone" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

EXCELSIOR—"His Lordship". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

GLOBE—"Undersea Kingdom" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

IMPERIAL—"Kulvadhu" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

KRISHNA—"President" Time as usual

MAJESTIC—"Sundari". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

MINERVA—"Atma Tarang". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m

OPERA HOUSE—"Prem Kahani". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m

PATHE—"God's Country and the Woman". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PLAZA—"Awakening". Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.

REGAL—"One in a Million" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

ROXY—"Ma". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

WELLINGTON—"Forward March". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

WEST-END—"Lure of Gold" Time as usual

All-India Women's Conference

Mrs. Urmila Mehta (15th Road, Khar, Bombay 21), member of the Standing Committee, Bombay Women's Association writes:

"Members of the Association are informed that Dr. Georgina Sweet, one of the special visitors of the Ahmedabad session of the All-Women's Conference, who is the Vice-President of the Pan-Pacific Women's Association, Australia, has officially conveyed the very earnest desire of the officers and International Executive of P.P.W.A. to the All-India Women's Conference to honour by their presence their next conference at Vancouver, Canada to be held from the 12th to the 24th July 1937 as distinguished visitors and guests.

Members of the association desirous of attending the Canada Conference will kindly let me know before the 5th of May.

Commissioner Asks Standing Committee Permission To Prosecute Owner Of Well

A well owned by a private Agiary at Colaba is giving considerable trouble to the Bombay Municipality as will be seen from the following letter addressed by the Municipal Commissioner to the Standing Committee.

The Municipal Commissioner writes:—

"I have the honour to state that the well at Colaba Road which represents a private Agiary owned by Mr. Kawasji Hormusji Mistry was allowed to be retained on religious grounds. Mr. Mistry however, does not permit the Malaria staff to inspect the well at regular intervals. He states that the well can only be inspected when no religious ceremonies are going on, and that as religious ceremonies are going on practically throughout the year, the well can only be inspected on such days and at such times as he [illegible] intimate to the Malaria staff. does not allow even Parsi members of the staff to visit the remises except on the date and time communicated by him. Such ccasions are however very rare even then the notice which he gives is very short. The well could therefore be inspected on only 7 occasions, during the last 7 years.

Mr. Mistry was requested several times by the Assistant Health Officer, Malaria, to allow the well to be inspected by his staff, but he did not comply. A final warning letter was written to him by the Executive Health Officer on November 5, 1936, drawing his attention to the conditions on which the well was allowed to be kept open and informing him that unless he allowed it to be inspected at regular intervals in future, steps would be taken to get it closed. As this letter also had no effect, a Notice under Section 381 of the Municipal Act was served on him requiring him to fill in or to hermetically cover the well with cement concrete. He has neither complied with the requisition, nor has he submitted his objections to the same beyond stating that there is nothing wrong with the well.

"I therefore request the approval of the Standing Committee to further proceedings being instituted in this case under Section 517 (1) (a) of the Act, for failure to comply with the requisition.

The Standing Committee approved of the recommendation of the Municipal Commissioner.

The Committee also approved of the recommendation of the Municipal Commissioner to entrust to Gandhi Seva Sena the Welfare Centre at Kamatipura on payment of Rs. 50 per month and to place at the disposal of that organisation the ground floor of Bai Gauribai Dispensary.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

The suburban authorities of late have taken the problem of controlling traffic very seriously. In Bandra the energetic Sergeant Stone introduced traffic inlands. Many of these have proved a real boon to suburban traffic.

These islands, it will be recalled, were introduced last year, and then I was given to understand that the Bandra Municipality was to co-operate with the Bandra Police by sanctioning a certain amount towards the building of these islands, at least the main one on Hill Road, Ghodbunder Road was then promised to be built immediately.

But, alas, though over six month have past those temporary islands still stand, most of them having lost their white colour and at a glance would give an outsider the idea of dustbins placed in the middle of the road.

A disgraceful state this, and if the queen of the suburbs has to keep her prestige things ought to be amended immediately.

Then another serious problem that has not yet been tackled is the talk of introducing a speed limit of 30 miles for cars and 15 miles for motor lorries. This, I think, would be of considerable help both to the police and the public, for the toll of accidents on Ghodbunder Road must somehow be reduced and motorists must be made to understand that they are not on a Brookland track but on a road which is meant for pedestrians too.

BASSEIN ANNUAL FEAST.

Elaborate preparations are being made to attract devotees for the third anniversary festival of St. Philomena at the Church of St. Michael, Manickpur, Bassein.

This feast is to be celebrated on Sunday, April 18 and as during the last two years pilgrims are expected to flock in large numbers from Bombay and the suburbs to pay homage to this Saint and kiss the holy relic brought from Rome.

Masses are to be said from the very early hours of the morning and the Solemn High Mass is to be said at 10 a.m.

If you are one of those who are to be pilgrims on this occasion do not forget that Bassein is full of historic sights, which are really worth seeing.

BAND AT BANDRA.

Those of you that would like to have a nice, evening on Sunday may go down to Land's End on the Bandra point. There I am told the G. I. P. Railway Regimental Band is to play a long programme of music. A really enjoyable evening could be spent with the beautiful panaroma of the Arabian Sea before.

Protest Against New 'Parle Cess

HOUSE-OWNERS THREATEN NON-PAYMENT OF SPECIAL SANITARY LEVY?

(From Our Correspondent)

ANDHERI, Tuesday.

The imposition of a Special Sanitary Cess by the Vile Parle Municipality since this year at the rate of 2 3/4 per cent. on annual rental value in place of the hitherto collected Halalkore levy of Rs. 12 per privy seat has brought forth absolutely disproportionate assessments on certain houses and the owners of these houses are at present busy registering their strong protest before the Assessment Committee, which is at present meeting at Andheri every night to hear objections from the public regarding the levy of assessments.

In the case of houses situated in localities where the rents are high, instead of Rs. 12 per privy, the house owner is called upon to pay a cess ranging between Rs. 30 and 35. This means an increase of about 200 per cent. on the previous levy. In cases of properties situated in an inferior position, the rental value being low, at certain places, a house owner has to pay a sum of Rs. 12 only for 2 privy seats, thus he is benefitted accordingly.

The public is highly dissatisfied at these state of affairs and is turning the new levy as inequitable, unjust, harsh and illegal. They have threatened the Municipality with non-payment of this tax.

Bombay Insurance Association

OPPOSITION TO APPOINTMENT OF I. C. S. CHAIRMAN OF SPECIAL COMMITTEE

The Insurance Associations of Bombay appointed recently a Special Committee to initiate reforms that may secure the limitation of reckless commissions, discounts and brokerages. In order that the work of the Special Committee may be carried on satisfactorily it has been suggested that an independent chairman should be appointed. It is understood that some members of the Committee have proposed that a retired I. C. S., man should be appointed as Chairman because, according to them, he could be relied upon to be strictly impartial as between the large and small companies or as between Indian and non-Indian Companies. There is, however, understood to be strong opposition to this proposal, especially by several Indian companies. An informal conference of Chairmen of the Board of Directors of Indian Companies, it is reported, will be held to-day to discuss this question. It is also rumoured that an attempt is being made to have a European I. C. S. man, who occupied a very high post until a few days ago and who is now on leave in England, as Chairman of the Committee on a very high salary and that it is likely that this attempt will be vigorously opposed by a number of Indian Insurance Companies.

CASE AGAINST A SOLICITOR

Rule Discharged By High Court

Mr. Justice Kania at the High Court heard the rule issued against a solicitor of the High Court on the application of one Vasanji Ramji.

The rule required the respondent solicitor to show cause why he should not disclose the source of information on the strength of which he had prepared an affidavit and also to produce certain papers relating to a suit.

PLAINTIFF'S CASE

In September 1936, the petitioner was arrested in connection with a complaint filed against him. While he was in jail custody, he alleged, the respondent went to him and procured his signature on an affidavit which was in connection with a suit filed against the petitioner in the High Court.

The contents of this affidavit, he alleged, were wrong and detrimental to his interests. After coming out of jail custody, the petitioner asked for an explanation, but the respondent refused to give the required information. He, therefore, took the present proceedings against him.

RULE DISCHARGED

At the hearing of the rule, it was stated on behalf of the petitioner, that he was now given a satisfactory explanation by the respondent and he was satisfied that the respondent had not acted in an unprofessional manner.

His Lordship, therefore, discharged the rule.

Communal Riot In Bihar Village

PATNA: April 14.

A communal riot occurred in the village of Bhue Silao, in Patna District, as a result of which two Muslim women lost their lives and three persons were injured.—A. P.

(Continued from Col. 7.)

left back, who was following him, made use of his height and cleared in his characteristic style to keep up the margin of two goals.

RESULT:

CITY ARMED POLICE ... 2 goals.
LAHORE PARADERS ..... Nil.

The Teams were:—

CITY ARMED POLICE:—Scott; Babu I and Jameson; Hamid II, Kader and Mahmood; Hamid I, Roane, Babu II, Shanker and Abbas.

LAHORE PARADERS:—Sohan; Harbans and Mehta; Radha, L. Charanji and Girdhari; Abnash, Charanjit, Browne, Mohinder and Grey.

Umpires: Messrs. J. Pinto and M. C. Kapadia.

To-day's Exhibition Match

At 5-40 p.m. Bombay Goans v. Karachi Goans.

EXHIBITION HOCKEY MATCH

Bangalore Indians Beat Bombay Customs

In an exhibition match played at the Bombay Gymkhana ground on Wednesday evening, the Bangalore Indians scored a well-deserved victory over the Bombay Customs by 3 goals to 2.

The Customs opened strongly and established a lead of 2 goals within the first five minutes, Milne, their inside-right converting a short-corner and Pinto, their inside-left being responsible for the second goal.

The Bangalore Indians had levelled the score before the half-time was called, Blankley and Selvamuthu claiming one goal each.

After resumption, Selvamuthu the Bangalore inside-left, scored the winning goal for his side, when following a solo effort, he went on to beat Lynn, in the Customs goal. Radha and Susainath, the visitor's left back and left half-back deserve special mention for their sound defence.

Aga Khan Hockey

LAHORE PARADERS ELIMINATED

Armed Police Enter Second Semi-Final

The City Armed Police qualified to meet the Bangalore Indians in the second semi-final of the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament, when they accounted for the Lahore Paraders, this evening, by 2 goals to nil.

The teams concerned in the first semi-final are the Lahore Y.M.C.A. and the Karachi Goans.

Hockey of a high order, touching the highest mark of skill, speed and accuracy was witnessed in this evening's game between the Paraders Club from Lahore and the City Armed Police and though the latter won by 2 goals to nil, the match was well-contested, the interest and excitement was also not lacking.

A NEW FIND.

Babu II, the Police centre-forward, who is a new find, played for the Police the first time in this season, to-day, and justified his inclusion in the team by scoring both the goals. He was, however, ably assisted by Roane, the inside-right, who made the openings for him but Babu II displayed great opportunism by converting both the times and can easily be called the hero of the match.

Jameson and Babu I made a sound pair at back in the Police defence and Scott, their custodian rose to great heights and stopped shots from almost all the opposing forwards and at all angles, which singles him out as the best goalkeeper in the City.

The only players worth mention in the losers team, were their half-line trio-Radha, L. Charanji and Girdhari, who worked with remarkable cohesion and time and again successfully warded off some of the good movements of the Police forwards, but for which the Winners should have added to their score.

THE GAME.

The game opened with the Police having the upper hand and they soon gave proof of this fact, when in the 4th minute from the start, Babu II, their centre-forward, drew first blood off a beautiful pass by Roane, who had dodged past the opposing Left-back and made a good opening. This early upset made the Lahore team nervous as they did not improve upon their shaky start and the Police kept on attacking strongly, the Parader's goal having one or two narrow escapes.

It was now that the Parader's forwards carried the ball in their opponent's territory, Abnash, their right-wing after doing good work down the touch-line, centred for Browne but the latter could not reach in time, the ball travelling across in front of the goalmouth. A little later, the Police returned to attack and Shanker their inside-left, missed a good opportunity, pushing wide from a close range.

Following this the play was confined to mid-field for some time after which Grey of the Lahore Paraders, had a good run down the left flank and sent in a beautiful centre but Scott, in the Police goal saved from Browne, the visitor's centre-forward. Scott was to bring about another fine save, this time from Charanjit, who had a "first-time" shot. The Police crossed over with a one-goal lead.

With the change of ends, the Police were the first to attack again though the visitors were also not late in relieving pressure with the result that the play was once again in the mid-field for a considerable amount of time.

Kadar, the Police pivot, proved to be an exceedingly good player with the rare gift of being able to help his side both in attack and defence.

Midway through this half, the Lahore forwards were making desperate efforts to draw level and Grey, their out-side left, after getting past no less than four Police defenders, failed to hit the mark, by pushing a little wide while on several other occasions, Jameson and Babu I, the Police backs, did not allow the Parader's forwards to get into their "D."

Mohinder, the visitors's inside-left who had changed places with his wing, made a good opening for himself and scooped sensibly but Scott was not to be beaten and brought off yet another excellent save.

Towards the end, the Police doubled their score and put the issue beyond doubt, when Roane did the spade work and Babu II, did the rest with a fine ground shot.

Before the final whistle Charanjit, the Parader's inside-right broke through the Police defence with his brilliant stick work and speed but Jameson, the opposing

(Continued in Col. 5.)

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, APRIL 15, 1937

LIQUOR PROPAGANDA

The annual Report on the administration of the Excise Department in the Bombay Presidency for the year 1935-'36 should delight the heart of Sir Siddappa Tottappa Kambli, who was the Minister for Excise during the period. It reveals the success which has again crowned his strenuous efforts to improve the liquor revenue. It shows an increase of Rs. 7.67 lakhs in the revenue. This may appear a small sum against the total profit of nearly Rs. 3 crores. But Sir Siddappa will be more than satisfied because of the fact that the increase was effected in spite of "the adverse economic conditions which continued during the year under report," and which prevented—the Report apparently regrets—"any general recovery in the consumption of country spirit which remained too expensive for poorer consumers." The Excise Commissioner is not satisfied with the "recovery" in respect of country-liquor. He declares that "the present level of consumption of country spirit is lower than it should be." He is not satisfied with the efforts that "have been made in recent years to prevent further loss of ground by opening additional shops" and by providing other facilities to liquor addicts. He complains that the price of liquor is still "beyond the means of a large class of would-be consumers." And he candidly suggests that in certain areas liquor should be sold "at prices which the people can afford"! We wonder how this programme will impress the new Ministry, which is dangling prohibition before the public.

Drink And Crime

The increase in the liquor revenue, of course, indicates an increase in the consumption of liquor, the inevitable result of an increased number of liquor shops and licences. Naturally, there has also been a sharp increase in convictions for drunkenness, from 2,597 in 1934-'35 to 3,962 in the year under report, convictions in Bombay City alone increasing from 1,415 to 2,775. The numerous cases of more serious crime that liquor leads to, are not to be found in the report; they are not registered in any official report. But many judges, in India and abroad, have stated that a large majority of serious crimes have been directly or indirectly traceable to liquor. Fortunately, the Report indicates a slight fall in the consumption of opium. But that is in spite of an increase in the number of retail licences for the sale of the poison. More opium was consumed in the cities of Bombay, Ahmedabad and Sholapur. But the Report does not give the number of mill workers' children doped to death through the use of "bala golis."

Congress And Prohibition

There is not a word in the Report to show that Government accept prohibition at least as an ideal. Nor is there any mention of private prohibition activities anywhere in the Presidency. This is probably because there are no such activities worth mentioning. If so, it is a pity and no credit to the many Congress Committees in the Presidency. It is time these Committees took up prohibition more seriously. It is a most beneficent activity from the point of view of economy, health and morals alike. Now that Congressmen have entered the legislatures in large numbers, it should be possible for the Congress to bring about complete prohibition within a decade at the utmost. And whenever this campaign is begun officially, the Congress should start it in an organised manner without any delay.

Deliberate Betrayal

Speaking at Liverpool on British Policy regarding Spain, Mr. Anthony Eden "claimed that the non-intervention agreements had greatly reduced the risks of a general war." They have. But at what cost? What is euphemistically called non-intervention is really a sustained surrender to the invasion of Spain by the Fascist International. Every ingenious device known to diplomacy has been used to betray Spanish democracy. In the name of Non-Intervention Spain has knowingly been thrown to the wolves of Fascist militarism. British statesmen talk with their tongues in their cheek of democracy and neutrality and have knowledge all the time that the war in Spain is no more a civil war, but a war in which Italy and Germany are participants. They are blind to this fact with a blatant and cynical wilfulness which is disgusting to every decent mind. Is it not very significant in this connection that every act of non-intervention committed or proposed by Britain is calculated to help the rebels? The latest instance is the incident about British shipping in the neighbourhood of Bilbao. Mr. Baldwin is quite indignant at General Franco's threat. But he advises British ships for practical reasons not to take the risk of carrying food stuff to a City beleaguered by the rebels, whom he does not, in theory, recognise as belligerents possessing any right to attack or even endanger foreign merchantmen. If this is not helping the insurgents against the lawful Government what is? Mr. Eden's plea is that this kind of non-intervention reduces the risks of a general war. This plea admits, therefore, that Italy and Germany are deeply involved in the Spanish conflict.

But the British attitude is worse than negative. It increases exactly those risks which it claims to reduce. For it helps International Fascism to over-run Spain and, then, Fascism being what it is, it encourages this militarist menace to extend over other parts of Europe. Britain, according to Mr. Eden, does not want a division of Europe into two antagonistic blocs. What she is doing to stop such division is openly to abet the supremacy of one bloc over the whole of Europe. And that bloc is the Fascist bloc. All this is obvious to every one and it is obvious to the British champions of democracy, Baldwin and Eden too. If, therefore, they are betraying democracy and Peace to Fascism and war they are doing so in full consciousness of it. And therein lies the reality of Tory professions.

A Great Day

It was really a 'Great Day' as Dr. Tagore observed, when the Vishwabharati Chinese Hall was opened at Santineketan. The Hall is to serve as a nucleus and symbol of the understanding between India and China, and it had its genesis in the visit which Dr. Tagore paid to China some years ago. Since then it has been his ambition to open a centre in Santiniketan "to maintain the intercourse of culture and friendship", between those two great and ancient countries. The occasion was marked by a historic message from General Chiang Kai Shek. The President of the Chinese Republic assures Dr. Tagore: "We are eager to co-operate with you for the promotion of oriental culture and civilisation to bring about peace and happiness to humanity and lead to a greater harmony of the world". Dr. Tagore aptly referred in his inaugural speech to the many points of similarity between China and India—among them being their present political weakness! Both the nations, however, are the inheritors of a glorious past, and can by mutual co-operation and organised effort, also look forward to an equally glorious future. And this they can best do, not by imitating the insolence of the aggressors, but by following the path of non-violence and peace as chalked out by Mahatma Gandhi.

UNEMPLOYMENT MENACE IN BOMBAY

Need For Urgent Relief

(By L. N. DORAISAMY).

While other nations and other countries have been so much perturbed by the difficulties and sufferings of the unemployed in their countries and are busy trying to devise some practical relief measures for the amelioration of their distress, it is surprising that an important commercial city like Bombay should be so slow to move in this matter and leave the unemployed to drift as best as they could trusting solely to the mercies and vagaries of the employers. It is extremely desirable that this question should be seriously tackled by the city fathers, merchants, businessmen and Government officials and non-officials in all its aspects with a view to the formulation of a definite line of action intended to provide relief to the unemployed.

Defective Education

The main cause of the growing population of the unemployed is our defective educational system. That is one of the important causes of the present-day unemployment among the educated middle classes. The systems of education obtaining in almost all places in India and adopted by the principal Indian Universities have been far too literary and academic because they aimed mainly at the development of the intellect to the utter neglect of the other sides of the man's powers enabling him to be a useful citizen of the world as well as a useful father and chief supporter of the family. Not much attention has till now been paid to the technical and industrial side of educational. Had the University education imparted in India been an all-round one affording ample opportunities for the many-sided development of a man's faculties, unemployment among the educated middle classes would not have come to this ridiculous predicament. It is because the Universities have been following worn-out and traditional systems of education and have not revised their systems of education to suit the altered conditions and circumstances necessitated by a revolution in the world's affairs there is the present glut of educated men in the markets of many of the important cities of India. Of course in these matters India is now passing through a stage of transition and signs of a change for the better are visible in many important centres where the present systems of education are being reorganised with a view to make them more practical and useful in solving many of the daily problems of life. Greater attention is now being paid in many Universities to the industrial, commercial and technical side of education and there are special departments opened for the encouragement of the study of the various fine arts which as music painting, sculpture and the like. Industrial and commercial institutes are being opened to give an impetus to the student population to take to industrial and commercial careers who till now had been developing themselves purely in the literary side.

Apathy of Employers.

I have so far dwelt on the false traditions and defective systems of education in which we have for long been brought up. But more regrettable is the lethargy and apathy of the moneyed classes and enlightened merchants princes and industrial magnates, who can do much to set matters right and bring relief to the suffering millions of unemployed but who still do not show an inclination to think seriously about these problems. Even in smaller district centers in many parts of India, some very earnest attempts are being made by a few of the enlightened influential and sympathetic citizens of the localities to start organisations for providing work to the unemployed and enable them to get a living out of such work. In some places such schemes are being actually worked out with remarkable success and encouragement to the organisers.

When such things are possible in small places would it be impossible or impracticable to plan schemes in a big and growing business-centre like Bombay with its lakhs of people of all grades from the merchant princes and millionaires down to the labourer and work them out successfully? Nobody can say that it is not possible. Nowhere else in the world can be seen appalling poverty in all its nakedness side by side with seething plenty and wasteful luxury and splendour. Bombay with its millionaires will not have discharged its duty to humanity at large if it does not set its heart to finding out some solution to relieve the growing distress among the educated and middle class unemployed. There have of late been heard some whispers of stray things

(Continued on Page 7 Col. 6)

News From Spain

Franco Will Continue To Be On The Run

From Our London Correspondent By Arrangement with the Spanish Press Agency.

(By Air Mail)

LONDON.—Dr. Mulk Raj Anand, President of the Indian Progressive Writers' Association, who went to Spain in the middle of February last, at the invitation of the Spanish Left-Wing writers, returned to London on Saturday last (April 3).

Dr. Anand visited all the war zones and was an eye-witness to several aerial bombardments of Madrid. During his visit to Valencia, Salamanca, Catalonia and Barcelona Dr. Anand addressed several meetings and contributed a number of articles to the left-wing newspapers explaining Indian political philosophies, as represented by Mahatma Gandhi, Dr. Rabindra Nath Tagore and Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru. Though the Spaniards have great respect for Mahatma Gandhi, they do not attach importance to his political philosophy. They told Dr. Anand that they failed to appreciate his message of non-violence and his faith in the spinning wheel in giving a fight to the strongest imperialism in the world. Incidentally, Mahatma Gandhi's name is is a by-word in every village that Dr. Anand visited

When I asked Dr. Anand what he thought of the Spanish situation he declared: "Unless Franco imports poison-gas from Mussolini, he will continue to be on the run. In a few days he will start running faster and faster." Dr. Anand paid a special tribute to Saklatvala Batallion (British Section of the International Brigade) for its magnificent defence of Madrid.

The Loyalist forces were immensely pleased with the report that Dr. Anand conveyed to them that in India great interest was taken in the Spanish struggle and that the Indian anti-Imperialists, under the leadership of Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, had contributed over £110 towards an Ambulance, which the London Spain-India Aid Committee has decided to offer to the Spanish Government.

Dr. Atal For Spain

LONDON.—In response to the appeal of London Spanish Medical Aid Committee (of which the Rt. Hon. Christopher Addison is the President and Viscount Churchill, Viscountess Hastings and Prof. J. R. Marrack are treasurers along with Dr. H. B. Morgan as Chairman, Dr. Charles Brook of the London County Council as Secretary and Dr. Somerville Hastings as Vice-Chairman), Or. Madan Mohan Atal, the well-known surgeon from the United Provinces of India has volunteered his services to proceed to Spain to attend to the sick and wounded of the Saklatvala Column of the International Brigade.

Dr. Atal proceeds to Spain on Tuesday next (April 13) and has offered his service for an indefinite period.

Dr. Atal recently returned to London after making trips to the Soviet Union, Czechoslovakia, Berlin, Rome and Vienna. It may be recalled that during the illness of Srimati Kamala Nehru, Dr. Atal was by her bed-side. He is a close relation of Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru and an enthusiatic Congressman in Allahabad.

Scientist As Press Correspondent

MADRID.—Professor J. B. S. Haldane, the British scientist, has offered to deputise for Frank Pitcairn, as the "Daily Worker" correspondent in Spain, pending the raising of the British Foreign Office ban on Pitcairn. In a letter, Prof. Haldane writes:

"As a scientist whose business it is to discover and publish truth, I am proud to do what I can to take Pitcairn's place and see that Eden does not keep the truth from the people of Britain."

Writing on Sunday last (April 4) from here, the Professor says that he has just had the high honour of spending three days in a mixed company, including Spaniards and an English-speaking group. He points out that they have suffered heavy losses and have been in the trenches for many weeks. But their spirit was wonderful. "The Fascists celebrated", continues Prof. Haldane, "All Fool's Day (April 1) by unsuccessful attacks everywhere, and carried on very heavy firing against us. We ran like rabbits—for the front line. Our discipline was excellent. After the first few minutes, when it was clear that the enemy was not advancing against us, we moderated our fire and soon the sound of the enemy's machine-guns mingled with the "International" and "A Rebel Song". I have not seen British regular troops display more nerve. Our casualties were very slight. The other great event of my stay was the arrival of a consignment of English cigarettes, which were highly appreciated. I found Madrid far gayer and more confident than I left it in January. The trees, which the Fascist radio states have been burnt for fuel, are just budding and the victory of Guadalajara has brought spring into the people's hearts.

Fascist Brutality

MADRID.—The following announcement has appeared in one of the Fascist newspapers of San Sabastian:

The Triumph of Spain is near. For patriotism and for pleasure no Spanish table should lack:

The Rhine wines (from Germany).

Chianti and Barolo wines (from Italy).

Wines from Oporto (from Portugal).

A Barcelona newspaper comments that, in view of Morocco's aid to the self-styled "Nationalists" the prickly pear, Morocco's principal fruit, should also be included in the advertisement in the name of patriotism.

LISBON.—A signed and attested document from Portugal gives the following information:

"When the rebel general, Sanjurjo, was in Portugal he had with him his physician, Doctor Moreira. On the death of Sanjurjo this doctor joined Franco's forces as Colonel in the medical service. A short time ago he returned to Portugal. In the presence of numerous friends he expressed his disgust at the manner in which the Fascists were conducting the war. The nuns who worked in the hospital of Talavera also expressed their horror and consternation. One morning some Felangists entered the hospital in the small hours, dragged thirty wounded Republican soldiers out of their beds, and, after torturing them, shot them without mercy.

In all wars until now the wounded have been respected. Doctor Moreira said bitterly. It seems that the rebels were not able to recruit soldiers, but only a rabble of Fascist assassins. The doctor concluded by saying that he now wanted to resign from Franco's army."

PARIS.—The French newspaper "Regard" publishes a report from Jean Allouerie, a correspondent who spent a month behind the Fascist lines. Here is an extract from the article.

"The Felangists are stationed at a safe distance from the enemy guns. Their duty is to propagate "Nationalist" idea among the civil

(Continued on page 9 Col. 3.)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

ANOTHER HITLER SURPRISE

M. Van Zeeland's victory over M. Degrelle, the Belgian Fascist, at the recent "key election" certainly constitutes a triumph of democracy and all the more so because of the very overwhelming majority which M. Van Zeeland polled. But while the victory is a check to Fascism it does not, we fear, influence in any great degree the international situation of which Belgium is the centre. The point that is of grave concern is the new policy of 'neutrality' that was adopted by Belgium sometime ago. It upset the whole scheme of security in Western Europe. That security has not been rescued from danger. Indeed, it is being increasingly menace. Herr Hitler has now started building fortifications in the Rhineland parallel to the French Maginot Line. It is, of course, part of the suicidal attempt to solve Germany's economic problems by the method of re-armament. But the trouble is that Germany has been encouraged in this direction. With Belgian neutral and the Rhineland well fortified what will be the next step? Evidently a quarrel with France, mainly because British statesmen are consistently playing Hitler's game.

SCUTTLING BEFORE MUSSOLINI

In the course of interpellations in the House of Commons, in connection with the expulsion of the Indian firm of Mahomed Ali & Co from Abyssinia Mr. Alexander bluntly asked. "Is it not time in view of the revelations in cold print that Government ceased the policy of vacillation and running away from Mussolini." The "revelations in cold print" evidently refer to Signor Gayda's accusation that the firm was used by Great Britain for spying purposes. No challenge to the honour of a country could be more open and inescapable. But British statesmen who, we know, have absolutely no regard for Indian interests, have pocketed their own self-respect also. To the question whether the British Government were acquiescing in the expulsion of the firm, Lord Cranbourne merely said that "they regarded the situation as most unsatisfactory"—by the way Lord Cranbourne is already preparing the way for complete surrender by suggesting that the firm had already been suffering severely from exchange restriction. British statesmanship has earned during the last year or so a reputation for unfailing and cowardly surrender to Italy. This is another instance of how much Baldwins and Edens have fallen.

BASIC PROBLEM.

One of the major programmes in the National Week observation for the last few years has been the popularising of the Village Industries, and we are glad to note that this year, too, it figured prominently in the celebrations. The development of village industries is one of the main nation-building activities before the country at present and Gandhiji and the All-India Village Industries Association have been devoting a good deal of time and attention to the problem. As Mr. J. C. Kumarappa pointed out in his lecture at the Jinnah Hall on Sunday, the appeal of cottage industries is based upon their inherent human values. It is the exploitation of the villages which is the basic problem which awaits solution at present. Unless the standard of life in the villages is raised and they are assured their rightful place in national economy India with her 90 per cent. rural population can never attain real prosperity.

LET ELECTORS DECIDE.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru gladly accepts the suggestion of Lord Lothian that the electorate should be the final arbiter, and he naturally wonders why there should still be search for a way out of the deadlock. Probably there is a catch somewhere in the suggestion or the British Government do not accept it. Any way, as Gandhiji says in his message to the American Associated Press, till an independent Tribunal proves otherwise, the Congress demand for an assurance must be held valid. And the Congress stands by the demand if there is to be no arbitration by a Tribunal or the electorate.

AUTOCRATS STILL.

It is surprising that many of the official and non-official critics of the Congress demand are silent on the unconstitutional character of the minority ministries and the Governors' failure to convene the legislatures. To the letter addressed to him on these points by Mr. C. Rajagopalachari the Governor of Madras gives the curt reply that he has not yet decided when to call the legislature, and with regard to the Ministry Mr. Rajagopalachari is only referred to the Secretary of State's speech on the subject. It is obvious that the Governor relies on the power which he yet wields and not on argument. It will need a strenuous struggle to make the Governors behave like responsible servants of the people.

INJUSTICE TO INDIA.

The Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce has done well to protest against India not being duly represented at the World Sugar Conference, though she is an important sugar-manufacturing country. It is true that an official in the person of Dr. E. D. B. Meek is there to represent the Government of India. But in no sense can he represent the sugar industry in India. At a conference, convened under the auspices of the League of Nations, of which India is an original member, better representation might have been conceded to her. One of the objects of the Conference is to regulate the production of sugar. The Government of India have already begun checking the production in India by raising the excise duty on sugar. It seems Indian interests are being sacrificed, and Indian businessmen will have to be very vigilant in the matter.

Our London Correspondent

Communications meant for our London correspondents should be addressed to him at the following address,

London Correspondent,
The "Bombay Chronicle"
2, Willoughby Road, Hampstead,
LONDON, N. W. 3.
Telephone No. Hampstead 1346.

WITHOUT COMMENT—

PATNA: April 13.

In response to what is regarded as a new social gesture made by His Excellency Sir Maurice Hallett, Bihar's new Governor, in throwing open the gardens of Government House to members of the three Clubs in Patna, the Bankipore Club, the New Patna Club and the Dinapore Club, on Sunday evenings, a number of members, both European and Indian, of these clubs, met on the grounds for the first time to-day and spent a pleasant evening.—A. P.

* * *

It is officially announced that the move to Mahableshwar has been abandoned by the Government as a measure of retrenchment.

Oh, that devil of the Congress Party!

* * *

It is reported that the Finance Minister of Bombay is considering new sources of revenue which will include taxation of luxuries.

Will the Honourable Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta tax Lord Brabourne for His Excellency's Ministers?

* * *

Criticising Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi and the leadership of the Muslim League, a contemporary writes: "Such fears about their future are unworthy of Muslims, for they are not such a small or negligible minority as Sir A.M.K. Dehlavi would have them believe."

Unworthy of Muslims, yes. But not unworthy of Muslim "leaders" who are a minority, which is both small and otherwise negligible.

* * *

SOCIALIST LEADER SENT TO JAIL.

Patna Hartal Sequel.

—Headlines.

Nothing less could be expected under a regime which actually calls itself "people's men."

* * *

A meeting of the All-India Muslim League Parliamentary Board will be held at Lucknow on April 18 under the presidentship of Mr. M. A. Jinnah.—News Item.

* * *

A meeting of the Bombay Presidency Muslim League—also known in certain circles as the Sleeping Beauty—will be held at Bombay on April 18 under the presidentship of Mr. M. A. Jinnah.—Another news item.

Both are authentic. But while Mr. Jinnah and his Leagues can together put over many marvellous miracles, the achievement of being physically in two places at once is, we admit, beyond even the Muslim League Leader. And, therefore, we feel inclined to believe the rumour originated by the Junior Colleague that, as a solution of the present situation, in the Muslim League world, Mr. Jinnah has been pleased to deem it advisable that the Lucknow meeting—like the All-India Session itself—shall not be held.

The rest of the Junior Colleague's rumour has been blue-pencilled.

* * *

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS.

(Perpetrated By The Junior Colleague).

(1) The latest epoch-making pronouncement was made by Sir A.M.K. Dehlavi, the leader of the Muslim League Party, on his own initiative and without any reference to or authority from anybody else.

(2) The order of the Garter will be presented to Right Honourable Captain Anthony Eden for his consistent gallantry in the field of International affairs.

(3) Bombay Books Shops are being flooded with a never-ceasing torrent of orders for copies of the famous History of the 10th Hussar.

(4) "Interim" Ministries have jointly submitted a representation to the Anglo-Indian Press saying "Et tu Brute." Copies humbly forwarded through respective Governors to Lord Zetland, Lord Lothian, Mr. R. A. Butler and the London "Times."

(5) His Excellency Sir Herbert Emerson of the Punjab proposes (Mr. Jinnah being 'hors de combat' there) to take disciplinary action against Sir Sikandar Hayat for referring to Mahatma Gandhi as "our revered leader."

General Franco Can't Win War

Nazi-Fascist Demand For Lead In Campaign

But Rebel Leader Not Willing To Surrender Power

HENDAYE: April 14.

Differences of opinion between Gen. Franco and the Italian and German General Staff are described by well-informed observers from Salamanca, who state that Gen. Franco has been fighting against the suggestion from Rome and Berlin that he should delegate the military side of the war to another leader and should himself concentrate on Governmental affairs. For months the Germans and Italians in Salamanca have been fighting for the control of the military operations, the observers state.

Franco Can't Win War

The Germans especially are convinced that Gen. Franco is incapable of winning the war, while retaining the supreme command. Gen. Franco has, hitherto, been unwilling to accept the full Italo-German direction on the campaign, fearing that it would involve military ruthlessness, which would result in the deaths of many insurgent supporters in Republican territory and would also lessen Gen. Franco's popularity, especially if gas were used.

Franco's Fears

Gen. Franco is also unwilling to surrender his authority to the Allies, lest he may never regain it.—Reuter.

Bombay Congress Legislative Party's Immediate Programme

THROWING OUT THE BUDGET AFTER PASSING VOTE OF NO-CONFIDENCE IN PUPPET MINISTRY

(From Our Special Correspondent)

The Office of the Bombay Congress Legislative Party, is humming with activity and the members of the Party all over the Presidency are being kept in constant touch with the events that are happening so far as the Presidency Politics are concerned.

Mr. B. G. Kher, who is starting on a tour in the various constituencies in the Presidency on the 17th of this month, has addressed letters to all members of the Party and has issued instructions to them as to what they should do in their respective constituencies.

The second bulletin of the Party giving the latest events and the work so far done by the various members of the Party including the activities of the Leader himself and the work that ought to be done in the coming week by all the members is being issued on Thursday (to-day.)

DRAFT CONSTITUTION READY.

The draft Constitution of the Party is ready and final touches are being given to it by Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai. The Constitution is almost on similar lines to the Assembly Congress Party Constitution.

It is expected that a meeting of all Congress members of the Legislature will be called sometime next month to discuss the draft Constitution as also the future work as regards the Legislative. work.

GENERAL ELECTION IN OCTOBER.

It appears that the members of the Congress Party are definitely of the view that the trend of events shows that a General Election is bound to be held in October this year and they are making preparations.

WILL NON-CONGRESS M.L.A.'S JOIN

In the meantime, it would appear that the non-Congress members of the Assembly are being approached to find out their attitude towards the 'stop-gap' ministry in Bombay. It is expected that there will be a sufficient number of non-Congress members of the Assembly as also the Council who will join hands with the Congress in throwing out the present ministry.

The Governor is not bound to dismiss his ministers, though the House might pass a vote of no-confidence in the Ministry. It is considered possible that the Governor under section 51 (5) will allow the present ministers to continue.

IF BUDGET IS THROWN OUT.

In that case, the Opposition is thinking of throwing out the entire budget, which will have to be approved by the Legislature before September first of this year. In case the Budget is thrown out, the Governor may resort to Section 93 of the Act in so far as it concerns the Budget and carry on the Government with the "dummy" ministers, if he decides not to dissolve the Legislative Assembly under Section 62 of the Act.

But this sort of Governing the Province can be carried on for not more than three years and meantime the Government expects that the situation in the country would have changed in their favour.

EDUCATING THE ELECTORATE

The Congress members of the Legislature have been kept in touch with all these possibilities and have been told to keep the electorate in close touch with what has been happening. Reports are pouring in as to the way that the Congress Legislators are educating the electorate regarding the refusal of the Governors to give the needed assurance and events following that The Congress workers are concentrating now on extra-parliamentary activity and making the people realise the hollowness of the so-called transference of power to the elected representatives of the people.

IMMEDIATE PROGRAMME

The immediate programme before the Bombay Congress Legislative Party is to prepare themselves for passing a 'no-confidence' motion against 'dummy' ministry and for throwing out the budget. They will also engage themselves in the coming few days to carry on intensive propaganda among the people against the Act and the Ministry and explain the significance of the happenings since the Delhi resolution on Office Acceptance was passed.

NEED TO STRENGTHEN MASS AGITATION

Palme Dutt's Message To Socialist Conference

DOHAD, April 14.

Mr. R. Palme Dutt, the famous international communist leader, has sent the following message to Mr. Kamala Shanker Pandya, Secretary of the Gujerat Congress Socialist Party, in connection with the forthcoming Gujerat Provincial Congress Socialist Conference to be held at Dohad on April 24 and 25, 1937:—

"I am very glad to send greetings to the second Gujerat Provincial Congress Socialist Conference.

With the coming into force the new imperialist constitution we are at a very critical point in the development of the national movement.

Although the vote of the All-India Congress Committee shows how the Right Wing forces are slipping towards parliamentarianism and co-operation with the Government, the strength of the opposition vote of 78 for the Socialist Wing's amendment, is a very encouraging sign.

The more the tendencies from above towards parliamentarianism and co-operation inevitably develop, the more we shall need to strengthen the mass agitation from outside for the positive demands of the workers and peasants.

It is the strength of this positive fight, rather than negative criticism, which will be decisive, and will, we may be confident, finally carry the national movement forward to a new stage of united struggle."—United Press.

SURPLUS YEAR FOR DAIL

Finance Minister On Reduction In Duties In New Budget

DUBLIN, April 4.

Reduction of duties on foodstuffs was smilingly announced by Mr. Sean Macentee, Finance Minister, introducing budget in the Dail.

He said he estimated revenue at 31,741,000 sterling and comfortable surplus could be expected. He proposed from June 14 to reduce tea duty from 6d. to 2d. per lb. and preferential duty from 4d. to nil. He would remit forthwith completely the existing duty of 6d. per cwt. on imported wheat and reduce levy on creamery butter, so as to enable cost to the consumer to be reduced by 2d. per lb. and as from June 1 customs duty on imported sugar would be reduced by 28d. per cwt. and excise on home-manufactured sugar by 14d. per cwt. which would enable reduction of a farthing per lb to the consumer.—Reuter's Special.

SIR RAZA ALI THANKS HERTZOG

"But Means Must Be Found For Indians To Reach Full Stature In S. Africa"

CAPE TOWN April 14.

The following statement has been issued by Sir Raza Ali:—

"Once more Gen. Hertzog has acted as a fa-sighted statesman. By his courageous action which has prevented disturbance in the relationship between young South Africa and new old India he has followed the noble example set by himself in 1926. Mr. Hofmeyr, minister at present in charge of Interior is really a big man. He is a spiritual disciple of Mr. Gladstone and hates all injustice. But between him and Gladstonian Liberals there is marked difference. The hardships of the latter in connection with Irish question pale into insignificance as compared with the ridicule and scorn to which the enlightened and just whites are subjected by their own people in this country, for their befriendig coloured communities.

As for the press, South Africa can justly be proud of it. To its honour it should be said it has always placed justice and fairplay before expediency.

"Nor should I forget that the present solution would not have been possible had not the collective wisdom of the Union Parliament prevailed. To all those who have contributed to the result I offer my sincere thanks on behalf of the Government and the people of India.

It would be unjust if I finished this statement without saying a word about the highly valuable work done by the South African Indian Congress. The statistics collected by it came as an eyeopener to all impartial people and exposed the true nature of the cry of the wolf. I really felt proud of Messrs Kajee and Nana, the spokesmen of the South African Indian Congress, when they gave evidence before the Select Committee. In any country, which did not deny equality of opportunity to its citizens, they would probably have bee returned to Parliament. It is sad to reflect that in South Africa they cannot be members of the humblest health of village board. In my judgment the lesson to be drawn from the recent events is of very great importance to the future of this country. There is need of finding a means which would enable an Indian to rise to his full stature.

The Congress rely on me to help them to carry out the offer made before the Select committee."—Reuter.

NO CONFIDENCE IN PUPPET MINISTRY

Frontier Congress Party Plans For To-day's Assembly Session

PESHAWAR: April 14.

A meeting of the Congress Assembly Party this afternoon decided to give notice, at to-morrow's session of the Frontier Assembly of an adjournment motion to discuss a definite matter of urgent public importance, namely, that provisions of Article 7 of the Instrument of Instructions has been contravened in the formation of the present Ministry of the Province.

The Party also decided to give notice of a no-confidence motion in the present Ministers in to-morrow's sitting.

The Congress members further decided not to attend the House to-morrow when the Governor addresses the same at 12-30.

The Congress members are not attending the Governor's garden party to-morrow evening.—United Press.

Frontier Assembly

SPEAKER DISALLOWS TWO ADJOURNMENT MOTIONS

He Was Not The Speaker Half An Hour Before Meeting Of The House!

PESHAWAR: April 14.

The Frontier Assembly met today for the administration of oaths. Khan Sahib Abdul Gajid, whom the Governor appointed Speaker, presided.

The Ministerial Party consisted of 16 members of the United Muslim Nationalist Party and eight members of the Hindu-Sikh Nationalist Party while the opposition comprised of khadi-clad Congressmen led by Dr. Khan Sahib. Three Muslim Independents and four members of the Democratic Party occupied the centre-bloc. The total strength of the House is 50 and all were present.

ADJOURNMENTS DISALLOWED.

After the ceremony the Speaker ruled that owing to the limitations imposed on his powers he was unable to admit Dr. Khan Sahib's adjournment motion regarding interference of Government officials in the Ministry formation. The Speaker said his appointment took effect at the time of the occupation of the Chair and until then he had not possessed any powers. According to the Assembly rules a written statement of the subject matter of the adjournment motion should be in he hands of the Speaker half an hour before the meeting of the Assembly. Half an hour before the sitting he was not the Speaker and he, therefore, was unable to take notice of the adjournment motion.

The same ruling applied to Mr Peerbaksh's (Independent) adjournment motion relating to Lord Zetland's speech.

Mr. Peerbaksh and Abdulrab Nishtar rose on a point of order but the Speaker did not alter his decision and adjourned the House till to-morrow.

ZETLAND'S SPEECH TO BE DISCUSSED.

Earlier the Speaker read the Governor's message regarding his appointment as Speaker and as the person before whom the oaths were to be administered. Congress members and Muslim Independents remained seated as the Governor's message was read.

ANOTHER ADJOURNMENT MOTION

Mr. Peerbaksh has tabled the following adjournment motion:—That this Assembly adjourn its business to discuss a matter of definite and urgent public importance, namely, the recent statement of Lord Zetland regarding Provincial Autonomy and responsible Government established under the India Act.—A. P.

Only One Nomination For Speakership

PESHAWAR: April 14

Only one nomination for the speakership has been received by Secretary of the Frontier Assembly, namely that of Malik Khudabaksh (Independent) who will be declared elected when the Assembly meets to-morrow. There will, however, be a contest for the deputy speakership between Malikul-Rehman (United Muslim Party) and Mr. Mohd. Sarwar Tahirkhaili (Democratic Party).—A. P.

CONVICTION BY COURT MARTIAL AND APPEAL TO CIVIL COURT

Amendment Thrown Out In Commons

LONDON, April 14.

When the House went into Committee on the Army and Air Force Annual Bill Lt.-Col. Sir William Allen moved an amendment giving the right of appeal to a person convicted by Court Martial to the nearest Civil Court retrospectively from April 30, 1932.

Lt.-Col. Allen explained that he wished to remove the irregularities and injustices which he alleged had occurred since the arrest of Major Sandford in the Quetta Case. For over two years he had been trying to get some justice for this officer and the correspondence he received had been evasively misleading. It displayed an absolute lack of knowledge of Military Law.

He was now bringing the case before the House as the final court of appeal.

Lt.-Col. Allen alleged that the case had been prejudiced in every court and there was misdirection by judge advocate. The rules of procedure should be maintained and not flouted by anyone in the war office.

Mr. Dingle Foot seconded the amendment arguing that it was laid down in Indian Army Regulations and the Manual of Military Law that it was exceedingly undesirable that a case of this sort should be withdrawn from a civil court and tried by court martial. Had the case been left with the civil court, the officer would have had the right of appeal.

No Injustice Done.

Mr. Duff Cooper replying said he had no intention of retrying the case. He was convinced that no injustice had been done and no argument was brought forward to show that injustice had been done.

Regarding the suggestion that the court should consist of officers of equal or senior rank to the accused. Mr Duff Cooper pointed out that although the accused had been promoted in the normal course, none of the officers at the Court Martial were aware of his promotion until after it had ended. He had taken the advice on this matter and was not prepared to admit that any injustice was done.

Mr Duff Cooper added that the case had been revealed by three Secretaries of War, including himself, and hoped that the House would accept his assurance that no injustice had been committed.

Both Lt.-Col. Sir Arnold Wilson and Mr. Spens while expressing no view on this particular case, supported the principle that there should be an appeal from Courts Martial in case of offences which ordnarily would be tried in the civil court.

The amendment was defeated by 143 votes to 43.—Reuter.

FRENCH SUBMARINES IN BOMBAY HARBOUR

On Way To France Returning From Saigon

"Pegase" and "Monge" the two submarines belonging to the French Republican Navy arrived in Bombay on Wednesday morning. Though the submarines were sited at 7 a.m. they were able to lay anchor at 8-15, when they were met by an official of the local French Consulate.

Lt. De Vaissean Fortin is Captain of 'Pegase" while Lt. Bertrand is the Captain of "Monge", while both the boats are together commanded by Jouan Captain de Frigate. The boats are of 1,500 tons each and have a crew of 60 men. They left France in December and reached Saigon on 1st February and after skirting the coast of Indo-China and other French ports, they will reach France by the 15th of May. They are staying for about four days in Bombay.

During their stay in Bombay the officers and crew will be received at various functions arranged by the French Consul, M. Chalant and Madame Chalant. They also propose to see all the interesting places and beauty spots of Bombay including Elephanta caves. The Commander of the boats paid an official visit to the French Consulate at 10 this morning after which the Commander and the French Consul paid a courtesy visit to Admiral Bedford on board H. M. S. "Clive."

During their stay in Bombay the boats can be visited by people who are interested in them. A large number of people of the city are anxious to visit the submarines as submarines visit Bombay harbour only very rarely, but the rough sea will disapoint many.

Submarines, unlike warships and other steamships do not carry boats in them, hence the necessity of people finding their own boats to reach the submarines. And even after reaching the submarine the question is what to see, as most of the important displacements are below the water and cannot be seen from outside. However, people do like to go and see what submarines are like.

Anti-Asiatic Bills Dropped?

Sequel To Undertaking By Indian Community

Gen. Hertzog On Report Of S. African Union's Select Committee

CAPE TOWN, April 14.

Gen. Hertzog announced following the report of the Select Committee on the subject of the two Asiatic Bills,

That no further opportunity would be given by Government for discussion or for legislation in connection with the Select Committee's report on the above-mentioned Bills.

That the Government has taken cognisance of the fact that the South African Indian Congress has given an assurance that in order to avoid the application of legislative compulsion it is willing to secure by voluntary action the cessation of all employment of the kind to which exception is specially taken and the Government proposes to accept that offer with a request to the Indian community to ensure that effect would be given to this understanding.

Government naturally does not waive its power or authority to have recourse, if it later should appear necessary to do so, to legislation according as circumstances demand it.

Meanwhile Government unconditionally accepts the assurance given by the Indian Congress as an honourable undertaking to which it is expected effect will be given.—Reuter.

Shamdasani Wins In High Court

Magistrate's Order Set Aside: Judgment In Central Bank Case

Judgment was delivered by Mr. Justice Broomfield and Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia at the High Court in the revisional application filed by Mr. P. D. Shamdasani against the order of Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, 6th Court, in the Central Bank case.

By this application Mr. Shamdasani challenged the validity of the Magistrate's refusal to allow him inspection of certain books produced by the respondents during the hearing of the case.

The respondents in the case were Sir Hugh Golding Cocke, partner in the firm of Messrs. A. F. Fergusson and Co., Sir Shapurji Billimoria and Mr. Nariman Ratanji Paymaster, both partners in the firm of Messrs. S. B. Billimoria and Company.

FICTITIOUS PROFIT

The petitioner prosecuted the respondents, who are auditors of the Central Bank, on the charge of having falsely certified that the balance sheet as at 31st December 1925 disclosed a correct state of affairs, while, in fact, it was not so.

The petitioner alleged that the value of Government securities held by the Bank was assessed in the balance sheet, not at their face value but at the price ruling in the market at the time, and thus a fictitious profit was shown. In spite of this, the respondents had wrongly certified the balance sheet to be correct

During the hearing of the case, under the orders of the Magistrate the respondents produced certain books. The petitioner then applied to have an inspection of the books, and on the Magistrate's refusal he approached the High Court in revision.

JUDGMENT

In setting aside the Magistrate's order their lordships stated that the petitioner was entitled to inspection of the books under section 94 of the Criminal Procedure Code. Under the Bankers' Books Evidence Act the respondents were not bound to produce the books. But as the books were produced as exhibits and were held to be relevant, the respondents could not now object to allowing inspection to the petitioner.

Their lordships, therefore, allowed the application.

Mr. Shamdasani appeared in person and Mr. S. G. Velinkar for the respondents.

UNEMPLOYMENT MENACE IN BOMBAY

(Continued From Page 6)

being done here and there on a small scale. But small organisations cannot root out the evils of unemployment altogether or as soon as expected. What is wanted badly is not such mushroom schemes which can but touch the surface. So far the problem has not been tackled in the right spirit nor have the right group of philanthropists and enthusiasts moved in this matter. It is necessary that a comprehensive plan should be devised and worked out by Government, the Municipality and the business magnates of the City working in full co-operation.

Will not enlightened Bombay wake up from its deep slumber and discharge its duty to the suffering unemployed?

City And Suburban Acceptances

LONDON: April 14.

Following are the city and suburban Final acceptors with weights:—

Taj Akbar 9/7.
William of Valence 9/6.
Pampas Grass and His Grace 8/9.
The Blue Boy and Esquemeling 8/8.
Lovely Rosa 8/5.
Hypothesis 8/4.
Rippontor and Crichalque 8/2.
Edgehill, Aldine and Gynerium 8/1.
Astyanax 8/0.
Reward 7/8.
Pigskin 7/7.
British Quota and Dutchley 7/6.
Picasso 7/3.
Hollands 6/11.—Reuter's Special.

PILLAI PROCEEDING TO ENGLAND

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

It is understood that Mr. N. R. Pillai, I.C.S., Collector of Customs, Bombay, will shortly proceed to England in connection with the Indo-British trade agreement. Mr. M. E. Rahman, Senior Assistant Collector, will officiate as Collector of Customs, Bombay.—A. P.

GUARANTEED CURES

Haemorrhoids and Piles (Bleeding) can be healed within 14 days.
Lack of Vitality (if not from Childbirth) within 12 days.
Venereal diseases (Acute or Chronic) within 10 days.
Lucorrhea and menstrual disorders within 8 days.
Asthma and Bronchitis (Chronic since 15 years Limit) within 10 days.
Scrofulla and Consumption cured within 20 days.
Graval or Gall stone within 3 days.

NO OPERATION.
FREE CONSULTATION
From
10 A.M. to 12 P.M. & 2 P.M. to 7 P.M.
at
AJMAL MEDICAL HALL,
KOTHARI MANSION,
Opp. General Post Office, Bombay.
(Open on Sundays also) Phone 29139

Symbol Of Living Contact

Mahatma And Jawahar On Significance Of Chinese Hall In Tagore's University

SANTINIKETAN, April 14.

The opening ceremony of the Chinese Hall was performed this morning by Dr. Rabindranath Tagore in the midst of an atmosphere of Oriental simplicity heightened to its utmost excellence by touches of art and beauty under the direction of Silpacharya Nandalal Bose.

The ceremony commenced with the singing, in chorus, of the famous hymn of Rigveda praying for unity and harmony. Then Vedic ceremonial mantras invoking the benediction of gods on the occasion were chanted after which the Poet sang another song, an invocation to Buddha, the Poet next delivered his address.

Chen Chang Lok, Chinese Consul-General, read messages from Chian Kai Shek and other Chinese savants after which Mr. Rathindra Nath Tagore, Karma Sachiva of Viswa-Bharati, read other messages including those from Mahatma Gandhi, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Sir Manmathanath Mukherjee, President of the Mahabodhi Society and also those from the Vice-Chancellors of the Patna, Allahabad and Andhra Universities. United Press.

A GREAT DAY

Dr. Rabindranath Tagore addressing the gathering said: "This indeed is a great day for me, a day long looked for when I should be able to redeem on behalf of our people the ancient pledge to maintain the intercourse of culture and friendship between our people and the people of China—an intercourse whose foundations were laid 18 hundred years back by our ancestors with infinite patience and sacrifices."

Dr. Tagore recalled his visit to China several years ago when he invited them to India and said that the Hall would serve both as a nucleus to the symbol of the larger understanding that is to grow with time. "Here students and scholars come from China and live as part of ourselves sharing our life and letting us share theirs."

Stressing that co-operation, love, mutual trust and mutual aid made for strength and real merit and civilisation, Dr. Tagore said:

"I know many will point to the weakness of China and India and tell us that thrown as we are among other ruthlessly strong and aggressive world peoples it is necessary to emphasise the power of progress in order to avoid destruction.

"It is indeed true we are weak and disorganised, at the mercy of every barbaric force but that is not because of our love for peace but because we no longer pay the price of our faith by dying for it.

"We must learn to defend our humanity against the insolence of the strong only taking care that we do not imitate their ways, and by ourselves turning brutal destroy these very values which alone will make our humanity worth defending."—A.P.

MAHATMA BLESSES HALL

Replying Dr. Rabindranath's letter requesting him to be present at the function Mahatma Gandhi writes:—

"Had I not to go to Belgaum on the very date you will have the opening ceremony I would be present there, to witness the ceremony and also to see you and Shantiniketan which I have not seen now for years. As it is I shall be with you in spirit. May the Chinese Hall be a symbol of living contact between China and India."—United Press.

INDIRA TAKES, JAWAHAR'S MESSAGE TO SANTINIKETAN.

SANTINIKETAN, April 14.

Miss Indira Nehru arrived here this morning with a message from Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

The message runs as follows:—

"I am ashamed that physical illness should incapacitate me from keeping my promise and being present at Santiniketan, to-morrow for the inauguration ceremony of the Chinese Hall. It has not been so usually with me and so I gave my word gladly and with full confidence that I would join in this great ceremony, great in the memories of the long past that it invokes, great also in the promise of future comradeship and the forging of new links to bring China and India nearer to each other.

SISTER NATIONS.

"What a long past that has been of friendly contacts and mutual influences, untroubled by political conflict and still we have traded in ideas, in art, in culture and grown richer in our own inheritance. Political subjection came to both of us in varying forms—stagnation and decay—and at the same time new forces and ideas from the west had to wake us out of our torpor. We have been struggling to find a new equilibrium, to rid ourselves of the forces that throttle us and to give expression to the new life that already pulsates through our veins. The whole world seeks that new equilibrium but forces of darkness are strong and in the name of Fascism and Imperialism and their allies seek to crush the spirit of man and all the culture and art that flow from it. But that spirit of man is not easily crushed. It has survived many a barbarous onslaught. It will triumph afresh.

"China and India, sister nations from the dawn of history with their long tradition of culture and peaceful development of ideas, have to play a leading part in this world drama, in which they themselves are so deeply involved.

EXCHANGE OF SCHOLARS.

"It is right that they should draw nearer to each other, seek to understand each other afresh and draw strength from their past and present. All understanding to be real must be based on cultural and ideological back ground of a country. I welcome, therefore, the inauguration of the Chinese Hall situated most appropriately at Shantiniketan and I trust that it would be a real meeting ground of the best in China and India. I must offer my grateful thanks to the Chinese Scholars and friends who have made the building of this hall with its library possible. I earnestly hope that this hall will lead to ever widening contacts between the two countries and that the Chinese Scholars will come to India and Indian Scholars will visit China and thus set up an ever flowing stream of mutual understanding which will help us both in the solution of problems that face us."—United Press.

MESSAGE FROM CHINESE PRESIDENT

General Chiang Kai Shek, the president of the Chinese Republic has sent the following message from Nanking to Dr. Rabindranath Tagore:

"I express my extreme joy on the occasion of the inauguration of the Chinese Hall. We are eager to co-operate with you for the promotion of Oriental culture and civilisation in order to bring about peace and happiness to humanity and lead to a greater harmony of the world. I respectfully cable my warm greetings wishing you good health".

Doctor Tsai Yuan pei, Mr. Tai Chi Tas and Chin and Chin Ta Chi have sent the following message to Dr. Tagore:—"Extremely happy on the occasion of formal opening ceremony of the Chinese Hall. We are sincerely eager to co-operate with you and work with you for promotion of Oriental culture and learning in order to bring about love, peace and happiness to all mankind and to realise great harmony of the world".

"We are most respectfully praying that the magnificent achievement of Sino-Indian cultural co-operation will meet with every success. Wishing you and all comrades good health."—United Press.

YET ANOTHER SPECIAL OFFICER!

NEW DELHI, April 14.

It is understood that Mr. Puckle, Chief Secretary of the Punjab Government, who is being placed on special duty in the Government of India, will work out details of the scheme for ensuring a proper supply of fully trained officers for the higher posts under Commerce and Finance Departments of the Government of India. It may be remembered that the question of recruiting a special staff for service in the Customs, Audit and Income-tax departments have been engaging the attention of the Government for sometime and the necessity of having properly trained and self-contained staff for work of a highly technical nature has been long recognised especially in view of the fact that young officers coming to these departments take sometime to accustom themselves to the details of work which is absolutely new to them. Mr. Puckle may also review the general position of recruitment for the Government of India secretariat vis-a-vis the constitutional changes.—A. P.

Level Of Consum ption Lower Than It Should Be

Considerable Margin Of Unsatisfied Demand"

Commissioner's Amazing Observations In Report

Over Three Crores Income Received From Tainted Source

"The gross revenue shows an increase of Rs. 21.47 lakhs over that of the preceding year under all items of excise revenue except "opium" and "fines and forfeitures", says the Commissioner of Excise in his report for the year 1935-36. Out of this amount, however, a sum of Rs. 13.80 lakhs was due to changes in the accounts and the real net increase was Rs. 7.67 lakhs.

The gross realisation of the year amounted to Rs. 3,29,51,000. The net revenue after deducting refunds and gross expenditure amounted to Rs. 2,87,80,000.

The adverse economic conditions which continued during the year under report prevented any general recovery in the consumption of country spirit, which remained too expensive for poorer consumers especially in urban areas, where selling prices are highest. A considerable portion of this custom is now being diverted to toddy, which is becoming increasingly popular in districts where trees are abundant.

A similar diversion to the cheaper fermented drink is noticeable in the case of foreign liquor, the consumption of beer having increased at the expense of potable spirit.

"Lower Than Should Be"

"While the diversion of custom to fermented liquors need not cause much concern, there are other symptoms of a more ominous character, such as the increasing traffic in illicit liquor and the increasing use of denatured spirit for drinking purposes, which indicate with some clearness that the present level of consumption of country spirit is lower than it should be." continues the Commissioner.

"Until consumption returns to a level more nearly approaching that of 1929-30 there must remain a considerable margin of unsatisfied demand which supplies an incentive to illicit trade and other undesirable practices which, when established, are difficult to eradicate.

"Efforts have been made in recent years to prevent further loss of ground by opening additional shops and by varying the strengths of liquor and the rates of still-head duty, but the economic fact remains that in many parts of the Presidency the price of licit liquor is beyond the means of a large class of would-be consumers and, while the present depression continues, such measures can have little effect.

"In some areas where the habits of the people and the facilities for illicit traffic make Excise control peculiarly difficult it may be necessary to adopt special measures to place licit liquor on sale at prices which the people can afford. Elsewhere present economic conditions will have to be taken into account, even at some sacrifice of revenue, in adjusting the rates of taxation so as to prevent the spread of demoralising tendencies as far as possible."

Toddy Trees Increasing.

No licences were granted during the year for the retail sale of of mahura flowers and the grant of permits for possession of mahura flowers was restricted to 'bona fide' trade and industrial purposes.

The total number of trees licensed for tapping toddy rose from 414,386 to 424,327.

The increase in the total number of trees tapped was most noticeable in Surat and Thana. The increase in Surat was due to increased demand for toddy on account of low selling rates due to competition among the licensees. The increase in Thana and Bombay Suburban District was due to the tapping of a large number of trees for the supply of toddy to Bombay and Ahmedabad. There was a decrease in many of the remaining districts, the most noticeable being in Panch Mahals, Belgaum, Poona and Dharwar.

There was on the whole a large decrease in the total number of domestic consumption licences, the most noticeable being in Panch Mahals (5,381) and in Surat (253).

The total sale figures of toddy show an increase of 367,475 gallons which is shared by all the districts except Bombay Suburban District, Sholapur, Poona and Kanara.

Potable Spirits Decrease

The decrease in the consumption of potable spirits is mainly due, as in the last two years, to the high selling prices owing to continuance of the enhanced rates of both Excise and Customs duties, and the reduced resources of the people on account of trade depression and unemployment.

Intoxicating Drugs

The total quantity of ganja consumed was 25,722 seers against 24,576 in the preceding year, while Bhang fell from 3,575 seers in 1934-35 to 8,485 seers in 1935-36. Charas rose from 6,632 seers to 6,947 seers.

There was a decrease in the consumption of ganja in Ahmedabad, Broach, Surat, Kanara, Dharwar, Belgaum and Poona, the most noticeable being in Poona, Ahmedabad and Belgaum.

The number of cases detected under the Abkari Laws totalled 10,021 against 9,917 in the preceding year.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Junagadh Service

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Junagadh is the premier State in Kathiawar. It is a Muslim State. But to be a Muslim in a Muslim State seems to be a positive disqualification. To be Hindu also it is equally a disqualification, in this Indian State. Ever since the Verawal murders in 1931 the thin end of the English wedge has gone in deeper and deeper. By now there are about a dozen European officers as Heads of Departments. Where salaries are not so attractive their Indian brethren find an easy ingress. In the name of efficiency officers from British service either loaned or retired are freely patronised. The sons of the soil as well as outsiders who have joined State service before the advent of the present British administration are as a rule passed over for promotion. This is obviously bound to lead to discontent among the subordinates and in the end is sure to tell upon the general morale of State Administration. Will His Highness be pleased to look into the matter? Will the Dewan Saheb also be pleased to consider the case of old officers of the State?—Yours etc.

JUNAGADHI.

Matric Hindi Paper

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to the Matriculation Hindi paper criticism appearing in last Friday's issue I beg to state that it is not the examiner who is to blame but the University methods, which do not worry about merit. An M.A. in Arabic, whose mother tongue is not Hindi and who experiences difficulty in expressing two correct Hindi sentences, is appointed examiner. The gentleman ought to have refused such an offer. But he did not think that there would be so strong a criticism of his adventure as an examiner.

The University in particular and other institutions in general must note that real merit is not always attracted by advertisements. Many of the really qualified persons have no time to apply for examinership but they are ever ready to serve the national language. But it seems that the University considers it below their dignity to adopt such methods.

Since the year 1928, that the University recognised Hindi as a language at the Matric, there have been complaints from the teachers and the general public against the questions that are the lot of our poor Matric candidates offering this subject and it is high time something was done to remedy this evil.—Yours etc.,

HARI PRASAD GUPTA

Worli Muslims' Graveyard

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In the course of a conversation with the Secretary of the Muslim Society, Worli, it was observed that Worli Muslims are facing a great many difficulties due to the fact that despite the big population, there is no graveyard for Muslims in Worli or in its surroundings. The nearest place to bury the Worli Muslim deads is Nariatwadi—Tank Bunder graveyard, which is six or seven miles away from Worli. The poor people helplessly carry their deads on their shoulders six or seven miles, even in the monsoon, for burial. It is strange when almost all other communities have their graveyards in Worli why the Corporators concerned are neglecting their responsibilities towards the Muslims.

It is reported that there is ample space on Haines Road for a Muslim burial ground and as the provisions U/S 437 of the Bombay City Municipal Act, 1888, allows the Commissioner to do so, we hope that the Corporators concerned, considering the facts, will immediately take up the matter and do the needful to relieve the helpless Worli Muslims' grievances.—Yours, etc.,

"TREMASI."

Sir Manubhai Mehta's New Job

GWALIOR: April 14.

Sir Manubhai Mehta arrived at Gwalior on the 12th to take up his new appointment as Home Minister for His Highness the Maharaja Scindia's Government. He took charge of his office to-day in Motimahal Secretariat.—A. P.

RELIEF FOR PEASANTS

U. P. Congress M. L. A's. Draft Agrarian Programme

LUCKNOW: April 14.

Comprehensive measures were adopted by the Agrarian Sub-Committee appointed by the Congress Party in the U. P. Assembly, which held its first meeting yesterday at Lucknow, Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant presiding.

It is understood that the Committee recommended that no arrears of rent due for the period prior to 1344 Fazli year be payable by the tenants. The arrears include those for which a decree has been executed.

Further no tenant will be liable to be rejected from his holding on account of any decree for such arrears. All statutory tenants of the Province, who have heritable rights, will have full status of occupancy.—United Press.

"PROVINCIAL AUTONOMY" EXPOSED

Doctor Khan Sahib On Frontier Speaker's Ruling

PESHAWAR: April 14

Dr. Khan Sahib has issued a statement regarding the speaker's ruling on his adjournment motion. He says that this kind of thing shows that, by itself, provincial autonomy is a farce and that is why the Congress has asked for the Assurances which have been creating such a disturbance in the minds of "sycophants".—A. P.

ARMED DACOITY IN GUJARAT VILLAGE

AHMEDABAD: April 14.

An armed dacoity resulting in the death of a villager and injury to another, is reported from the village Bagodra in the Ahmedabad District.

It is stated that about 15 dacoits raided the village, armed with guns and spears. They entered the house of a rich Bania. The occupants and the villagers put up a brave fight, wherein one villager was shot dead and another wounded with spear.

The dacoits ran away with a sum of only Rs. 9. The police are making enquiry.—United Press.

Congress Demand Was Not Improper

But Whitehall Rendered Governors' Task Harder

INTERIM MINISTERS MUST MEET LEGISLATURES WITH LEAST DELAY, SAYS KEITH

MADRAS, April 14.

The London Correspondent of the "Hindu" cables that Prof. A. B. Keith, a great British Constitutionalist, in the course of a letter to "The Scotsman" says:—

"It is very difficult to understand Lord Lothian's belief that Congress leaders do not understand the working of responsible Government. So well do they understand the position that they have framed the Delhi resolution with such adroitness as to induce Lord Zetland to give singularly unhelpful instructions to his Governors. The demand made by the Congress was on the face of it not improper."

Prof. Keith then quotes the resolution and adds:

"If the word 'constitutional' had been interpreted in its proper sense, namely, in accordance with the spirit of the Constitution, Governors could have replied that of course they would not use their special powers or disregard such advice. Constitutionally Ministers are bound to preserve tranquillity, not to neglect or oppress the minorities, not to illtreat the services, not to corrupt the administration of justice and not to injure the interests of States. The special powers, they could have pointed out, are solely intended to meet cases of unconstitutional action which they could not contemplate as intended.

HARD TASK FOR GOVERNORS.

As the matter has been handled, it is not surprising if Indians feel that the assurances given by Sir Samuel Hoare are being violated at the start. Rectitude in numan relations is not enough; fact is necessary and the task of Governors is made infinitely harder by their subordination to the Secretary of State's telegraphic control and to the necessity of co-ordinating action throughout the provinces.

Lord Zetland defends the constitutionality of the finding of Ministries by Governors. He is clearly right but on one condition only, namely, that Ministers meet the legislatures with minimum of delay. There is no possible excuse for any but a short period to allow their programme to be formulated and the fact that 'prima facie' the Ministers have confidence of the legislatures places on the Governors and Ministers alike a constitutional obligation to meet them with the least possible delay. If they fail to do so, both alike will be guilty of a deliberate breach of responsible Government.

CONTINGENCY IN ACT.

I doubt if Lord Zetland contemplates delay. If he does he is putting himself and British Government entirely in the wrong. The constitution does not contemplate rule by a Ministry in a minority in the legislature. If then the new Ministries cannot obtain a majority the Governors must again try to form Ministries from majority parties. If they refuse then the contingency carefully provided for in section 93 plainly arises and the Governor must take charge.

It cannot be said even that in refusing to form Governments, the Congress is in the wrong; for apart from its fundamental objections to the Constitution the blundering of India Office enables it to say that Governors have refused to promise not to interfere in constitutional activities. It is indeed deplorable that good intentions should be so badly carried into effect."—United Press.

JUSTICITES OPEN THEIR EYES

Welcome Plea For Ending Cabinet Deadlock

MADRAS, April 14.

"The Justice" (organ of the Justice Party) in an editorial referring to Sir Mohamed Usman's appeal says:

"We hope Sir Mahomed's appeal will help a solution of the present tangle. There seems to be consensus of opinion that the deadlock should be ended as early as possible and there is no use in the powers that be trying to close their eyes to the realities of the situation."—A. P.

PROGRESS OF EDUCATION IN PRESIDENCY

Increase In Educational Institutions, Pupils And Expenditure Last Year

The following are extracts from the Government resolution on the Annual Report of Public Instruction in Bombay Presidency for 1935-36:—

"Government are glad to record that during the year under report, the total number of educational institutions increased from 16,927 to 17,314 and the total number of pupils under instruction from 1,422,146 to 1,476,404. The largest increase in the number of pupils was in the primary schools. The total expenditure on Public Instruction also increased from Rs. 4,10,86,354 to Rs. 4,21,65,908. Of this total expenditure 42.1 per cent. was met from provincial revenues, 18.8 per cent. from local funds, 24.6 per cent. from fees, and 14.5 per cent. from other miscellaneous sources.

The number of Arts and Professional Colleges affiliated to the University of Bombay at the end of the year were 21 and 14 as compared with the 21 and 13 respectively at the end of the previous year. During the year the new Law College opened at Surat was affiliated to the University. The total number of students in all the affiliated Colleges including the University School of Economics and Sociology and the Department of Chemical Technology increased from 17,736 to 17,914. It is gratifying to note that nearly 75 per cent of the total increase was in the number of women students.

TOTAL INCOME.

The total receipts of the Bombay University during the year amounted to Rs. 15,66,276 as compared with Rs 15,35,230 in the preceding year, while the total expenditure was Rs. 13,24,059 as compared with Rs. 14,78,429 in the preceding year. The total Government grant paid to the University during the year was Rs. 1,50,345 which was made up of the statutory grant of Rs. 1,17,000 and a special grant of Rs. 33,346 on account of the Department of Chemical Technology.

BANE OF DUAL CONTROL.

In their previous reviews of the reports on Public Instruction, Government have recognised with a feeling of some uneasiness the unsatisfactory nature of the dual control over secondary education which is at present exercised by the Educational Department and the University. Two very undesirable features of this arrangement are (1) that certain schools which are refused recognition by the Educational Department are recognised by the University and (2) that the University occasionally prescribes and alters the syllabus for the Matriculation without consulting the Educational Department. Government however, note with satisfaction that the bad effect of this unfortunate state of affairs on the progress of secondary and higher education is beginning to be realised and that the University authorities are now considering this problem in collaboration with the officers of the Education Department.

The total number of primary schools for boys and girls increased by 222 to 14,952 and the number of pupils in them by 41,130 to 1,248,012. The average number of pupils per school was 83.

The total expenditure on the education of Mahomedans was roughly Rs. 47,81,000 of which Rs 19,99,000 was met from provincial revenues. The expenditure on institutions specially maintained for Mahomedans was Rs. 24 lakhs of which Rs. 11,04,230 was borne by Government.

Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan has left Wardha for Hudli to attend the Gandhi Seva Sangh Conference of the All-India Village Industries Association. Mahatma Gandhi and party leave for Hudli to-day.

A telephonic message was received on Tuesday at Sadaquat Ashram, headquarters of the Bihar Provincial Congress Committee, to the effect that three Congress workers were arrested at Hazaribagh.

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NEWS FROM SPAIN

(Continued from Page 6).

population. Wel' armed, they perform this task with enthusiasm. In Seville their victims amount to nine thousand, in Malaga, four thousand.

"I saw the Tribunals function after the fall of Marbella. The proceedings were simple. The wealth or poverty of the victims was the only question. For a voluntary and unhesitating donation of more than a thousand pesetas, the accused were considered good Fascists; for 500 they were shown mercy; for 200 to 500 concentration camp, for less than 100 pesetas the accused, young and old, were declared Marxists and taken at once to the place of execution. From the 6,000 inhabitants of Marbella, 900 were executed on the first night. This is Fascist "propaganda."

Italians And Germans In Spain

VALENCIA.—The newspapers here publish an open letter to the former president of the Republic Alcara Zamora from his son Jose who is a lieutenant in the Republican Army.

After reminding his father that he was severely rebuked by him for joining the army, the lieutenant writes that his conscience tells him that he has done the right thing, for it was his duty to defend the legal Government against the treason of the insurgents and to give his aid to the people which is defending its existence and its right to freedom and to govern itself.

The letter goes on: "But to-day Spain is being invaded by Germany and Italy who are threatening her independence. I have seen this with my own eyes, for during the whole of our advance in the province of Guadaljara we did not meet with a single Spanish soldier. We saw nothing which could make us believe that we were engaged in a civil war. It is now a real war of independence with our towns occupied by a regular foreign army and I am proud to fight in the ranks of the Republican army because I am just doing my duty to Spain.

If France Wins....

BARCELONA.—Pascual Tomas, Vice-Secretary of the U. G. T., one of the two great Spanish Trade Unions, has just returned from England and has given an account of the way in which liberal and democratic English people, in his opinion, regard the Spanish war. His views may be summarised as follows.

The English liberals, workers and middle-class people no matter how sympathetic they feel towards Republican Spain, see only the sentimental side of the war, he said. They see the thousands of widows and orphans and refugees and send food and clothes to help them. Spain is grateful for this assistance, but would prefer that the people of England should recognise the cause that created the widows and the orphans. They exist because the husbands and fathers had to go into the trenches and fight for the liberty and independence of Spain. It is of little value to help some widows and orphans, while doing nothing to prevent the death of more husbands and fathers. Spain has the right to ask for more than food for her orphans—she has the right to demand guns, aeroplanes, tanks and munitions to end the war and save the lives of her people.

If the Fascists succeed in winning the war, it will be the end of Spanish democracy and of the freedom and liberty of the Spanish people. If Spanish democracy is defeated, it will be because of the suicidal indifference of a people who have in the past done so much for liberty—the English.

MADRID.—A new kind of alarm clock is becoming known to the residents of a hotel in one of the principal streets here.

It is the "Breakfast shell". For three mornings consecutively a shell has burst over or near the hotel rudely awakening its residents from their normally late slumber. Happily a second shell does not come and thus the residents now regard it merely as an alarm clock, the insurgent gunner apparently being satisfied with a single morning greeting. But on the third morning the shell found a target killing a boy of fourteen and wounding two pedestrians. The boy had only recently been moved from the danger area to a 'safe' area by his parents and ironically enough the day previously he escaped from a bombardment in the danger area which wrecked the house next to where he was living.

MADRID.—On Sunday night (April 4) three famous men sat down to cocktails in the same Madrid hotel. They were Professor Haldane, the British scientist, Ernest Hemingway, the American novelist, and Erol Flynn, the film star.

As they sat there, militiamen and officers on short leave from the trenches crowded in and out of the bar. Errol Flynn, in a smart grey lounge suit, was in striking contrast to Prof. Haldane who was attired in a leather jacket and flannel trousers and wearing a tin helmet. He had just returned from three days in the trenches.

To Increase Sales Use "Chronicle"

A Brave Girl

Barely a hundred yards from the trenches of University City a pretty Spanish girl who should now be working in a London bank comes and goes to her daily job as Secretary to Col. Ortega, leader of the Basque defenders in the West Park, at his headquarters.

She sets out to work like a London or Paris girl travelling on the metro or tram and having emerged at the last stopping place before the barricades begin walks calmly through a shell-torn region where the intermittent boom of trench mortars is heard. She is dressed in a one piece frock and wears high heeled shoes. All the sentries know and salute her. Whether the region is quiet or active she arrives regularly at ten o'clock and remains at the headquarters until sundown when she returns to her uncle's house in the city.

She is Felisa, who, before the outbreak of the civil war worked in a bank, and because she went to school in France and speaks English and French perfectly, was offered a job in London. She was due to take up the appointment when the war broke out and thrilled with the stories of the defence of Irun she preferred to remain to work with one of its defenders, Col. Ortega. Occasionally she goes to the trenches and picks her way daintily through dugouts and trenches to talk and give cigarettes to the soldiers. She is petite, dark-eyed and dark-haired and only twenty-four years old.

VALENCIA.—Sixty sun-burned children, evacuated two months ago from Madrid sang Spanish folk songs for the Reverend Iredell and other members of the British Church delegation when they visited Perello on the coast near Valencia where a family communal school has been established.

It is typical of many schools established along the coast from Valencia to Alicante which are under the supervision of M. Jesus Hernandez, Minister of Education. Large villas which were occupied by their owners for only three months in the summer are now being used during the entire year as schools for thousands of children evacuated from Madrid and other towns on the fronts.

The children in the Perello school, were evacuated from the working class quarters "Quarto Camineos" of Madrid where, until November 27 last year they had to listen to their lessons amidst the bursting of bombs and shells. Their parents are still in Madrid.

The school consists of five villas with every modern convenience. Four of them have been transformed into dormitories, refractories and studies and each villa houses 15 children. The Director of the school is H. Angel Llorea, who despite his advanced age offered his services to the Government when civil war broke out. He aims at creating a family atmosphere in the school rather than a rigid discipline. He remarked to the British visitors that a tremendous task awaited the Government in this matter of providing schools to children, for there were thousands who had been evacuated from the town and province of Malaga who were suffering from hunger still and who were sleeping in empty factories in Murcia. They needed food and clothing and any gifts from abroad would be greatly appreciated.

The Rev. Iredell remarked before leaving the school "I wish that English fathers and mothers could see for themselves this marvellous achievement of the Spanish Government which is giving a real family education to these children. The sight of them, happy and well-cared for, alone justifies our visit to Spain".

VALENCIA.—According to information which has reached here from reliable sources in Rome, Signor Mussolini, on hearing of the crushing Italian defeat on the Guadalajara front, sent a telegram to the Italian High Command in Spain ordering the immediate court marshal and execution of the Italian officers responsible for the defeat.

The Spanish High Command, however, refused to obey this order of the Duce. The Italian General Begonzoli, on hearing of the telegram, committed suicide.

It is reported here that the Spanish High Command has now withdrawn from the front the Italian troops who were involved in the Guadalajara debacle and is using them merely for patrolling and guarding roads.

NATIONAL WEEK AT PATNA

PATNA, April 14.

The celebration of the National Week terminated in Bankipore and the Patna City where meetings were held, addressed by Babu Rajendra Prasad and Mr. Sri Krishna Singha.

Babu Rajendra Prasad, in the course of his speech, referred to the Jallianwalla Bagh tragedy and paid warm tributes to the heroes. He observed that it was that year that a new life had been created in the country, and the Congress had grown stronger since then.

Rajen Babu said that the Congress should be much more strong er and every Indian should be a member of the Congress.

Mr Sri Krishna Singha also exhorted the people to make the Congress organisation stronger.—United Press.

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Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 4 POINTS DOWN

Bullion Steady But Wheat Easy

BOMBAY, April 14.

On Wednesday crossrates ruled steady.

N. Y. COTTON STEADY

New York cotton was steady. The technical position was better

BULLION STEADY.

London gold and silver prices moved within a narrow range with a steady tone.

WHEAT EASY.

Wheat was slightly easy on liquidation by Australia.

SECURITIES NEGLECTED

The London Stock Exchange was generally steadier on improved demand but trading was rather small giltedged securities continued to be neglected

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MAY 1937

New York, April 14.

Previous closing	13.90
To-day's opening	13.78
Difference	—.02
To-day's closing	13.75
Difference	—.04

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MAY 1937

Liverpool, April 14.

Previous closing	7.53
To-day's opening	7.50
Difference	—.03
To-day's closing	7.50
Difference	—.03

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May ..... Rs. 242

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, April 14.

Cotton showed a somewhat easier tendency on general lack of interest with gradual falling off in the Textile activity depressing the market but owing to the improved Technical position the market offered better resistance at the decline.

Trading in May commenced at 13.78 i.e. 2 points lower than previous closing. Prices declined on lower Liverpool cables and liquidation but at lower levels prices rallied on better local and foreign support with May recovering to 13.81 with a better undertone

New York cotton finally closed at 13.76 with a decline of 4 points for May delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, April 14.

The following were the opening ranges:—

May (13.76/13.72) 13.78/13.77
July (13.62/13.60) 13.67/13.66
October (13.18/13.16) 13.24/13.22

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, April 14.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American May (7.59) 7.45
American July (7.64) 7.50
Egyptian March (11.74) 11.63
Egyptian May (11.80) 11.69

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, April 14.

Broach Cotton for July August delivery moved between Rs. 246 and Rs. 247-8 at night. The rate at 10-0 p.m. closed at Rs. 247-4. Broach April May was Rs. 4-4 lower.

LONDON MARKETS

London, April 14.

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-2) 1-2
Indian Pekoe higher (1-4 1/2) 1-4 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe (1-2 3/4) 1-2 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-4 1/2) 2-3 1/2

JUTE

New Crop April May (£21 11/16 paid and value) £21 1/2 paid and value.
Dunlop April (£23 1/4 sellers) £23 1/4 sellers.
Lightning April (£20 3/4 sellers) £20 3/4 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (11 5/16 value) 11 5/16 value.
Forward July September (11 9/16 paid and sellers) 11 1/2 paid and sellers.

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay April May (£14 7/16 sellers) £14 7/16 sellers
Linseed Calcutta April May (£15 sellers) £14 3/4 sellers.
Linseed Lt Plata April May (£13 1/8 sellers) £12 7/8 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal April May (£15 5/8 sellers) £15 3/8 sellers

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, April 14.

Liverpool wheat opened steady with May at 118 1/8 and July 117 1/4. The market showed some activity following better outside cables but thereafter prices began to fall under liquidation induced by an upward revision of Australian crop ideas although the undertone kept very steady.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, April 14.

Chicago wheat opened steady with July at 1.23 3/4. Prices advanced on better local support and outside enquiry influenced by improved foreign cables although business was rather small.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association.)

Delivery May 1937

Bombay, April 14.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	8	1	0
Rates at 12-0 noon	8	2	0
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	8	2	3
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	8	1	0

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, April 14.

Previous closing	4.90 25/32
To-day's opening	4.90 25/32
To-day's closing	4.90 3/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, April 14.

Previous closing	4.90.57
To-day's opening	4.90.81
To-day's closing	4.90.72

FRANC RATE

London, April 14.

Previous closing	109.94
To-day's opening	110.06
To-day's closing	109.98
Difference	plus 04

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, April 14.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.90.81 and then advanced to 4.90.90 on some good buying.

The sterling crossrate closed at 4.90.72

Franc opened at 110.06 with an easier tendency but later the rate rallied on good support to 109.98

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 009.98.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (8.300) 8.296
New York on Bombay (37.05) 37.12
London on Milan (93.20) 93.28
London on Shanghai (0.92 1/8) 0.92 1/8
London on Shanghai (1-2 19/32) 1-2 19/32
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent
4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (11/16 to 11/16 per cent) 11/16 to 11/16 per cent.

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, April 14.

The following cable information was received from London to night.

"Speculators sold. India bought at the decline market quiet.

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£272 1/4 buyers £272 3/4 sellers) £275 3/4 buyers £276 1/4 sellers. Firm.
Lear (£25 3/8 buyers £25 1/2 sellers. Weak) £25 5/8 buyers £25 3/4 sellers. Steady.
Electrolytic Copper (£68 1/2 to £69 1/2) £68 1/2 to £70 1/2
Glasgow Iron (£87) £87

LONDON SILVER

London, April 14.

	Previous closing Prices	To-day's Prices.
Spot	21 1/8d.	20 15/16d.
Forward	21 1/8d.	20 15/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, April 14.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-1-6) £7-1-6 1/2

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, April 14. 10-0 p.m

	Rs.	a.	p.
Silver ready	54	1	0
Silver 1st settlement	51	13	0
Silver 2nd settlement	54	6	0
Gold ready	34	13	6
Gold 1st settlement	34	13	0
Gold 2nd settlement	34	10	0
Sovereign	22	3	3

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, April 14.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat May	6	0	3
Wheat September	5	15	6
Linseed May	8	0	6
Linseed September	8	5	3

The tone was easier.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, April 14.

Liverpool wheat May closed at 117 5/8 as against the previous closing at 117 7/8

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotation

Bombay, April 14

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper was quoted at Rs. 92-10 at 2-0 p.m. The closing rate at 5 p.m. was the same

Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Opening	92	13	0
Highest	92	12	0
Lowest	92	8	6
Closing	92	10	0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, April 14.

The 3 1/2 p. c. Indian Sterling Loan closed at £88 3/4 as against the previous closing at £88 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

London, April 14. 3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Loan (£87 1/2) £97 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Loan (£88 1/2) £88 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (1950-55) (£111) £111
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£113 1/2) £113 1/2
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£106) £106
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£112 1/2) £112 1/2
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£102) £102

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£109) £109 1/4

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£76 5/8) £76 5/8
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£101 7/8) £101 7/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£107 1/2) £107 1/2
5 per cent Funding Loan (£110 3/4) £110 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£103) £103
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 5/8) £109 5/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, April 14. 2-30 p.m.

Market generally were firm and fairly active. Internationals especially were prominent. Home industrials were rather firmer. Oil shares and copper shares were good.

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese Second Preference (16-10 1/2) 16-10 1/2
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (83-1 1/2) 83-1 1/2
Hydro Electric (£10) £10 3/8
Musical Industries (22-3) 22-3
Princhin Johnson (46-6) 46-6
Imperial Chemical (37-3 1/2) 38-1 1/2
Woolsworth Ordinary (76-3) 77-0
Realisation 1930 (£95 1/4) £95 1/4
Dunlop Rubber (35-3) 35-2
Unilever Ordinary (40-7 1/2) 40-7 1/2
Ford Motors (30-10 1/2) 30-10 1/2
Cables and Wireless (£7 1/8) £7 1/8
British American Tobacco (126-10 1/2) 127-6
Carreas A (£8 1/2) £8 1/2
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (150-7 1/2) 151-3
P and O S N Company Deferred (36-4 1/2 37-0
Distillers (110-0) 110-3
Bredfords Dyers (£9 3/4) £9 3/4
British Celanese (£8 7/8) £9 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (50-0) 50-0
Courtaulds Ordinary (51-3) 52-9
Fine Cotton Spinners (12-6) 12-3
Vickers Limited Ordinary (31-3) 31-3
Inter Nickels (66-1 1/2) 66-10 1/2
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (81-3) 83-6
Tata Iron and Steel (£105) £105

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (21-3) 20-9
Donaro Tea (53-6) 53-6
Empire of India (34-4 1/2) 34-0

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (44-3) 44-9
Gula Kelampong (56-10 1/2) 56-3
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (44-6) 43-0

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£13) £13

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (55-0) 56-3
Burma Corporation (19-6) 19-6
Rio Tintos (£26 1/4) £26 1/4
East Rand Proprietors (70-7 1/2) 71-3
Rand Mines (£8) £8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£13 3/4) £13 3/4
Gedule New (£9 3/8) £9 3/8
New Modders (£29 3/8) £30
Sub Nigel (£11 1/8) £11 1/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (35-0) 35-7 1/2
Union Corporation (£9) £9 3/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (£58 1/8) £58 1/8
Anglo Iranian (118-9) 118-3
Burma Oil (110-7 1/2) 110-7 1/2
Musical Eagle (23-1 1/2) 23-1 1/2
Shell Transport (113-1) 114-4 1/2
Royal Dutch (£46 3/8) £46 3/8

HUME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£57) £57 1/2
L and S Ordinary (£29 1/8) £29 1/8
L N E R Defd (£4 7/8) £5
Southern Paris 5 per cent (£22 1/2) £22 1/2
London Paris 5 per cent (£121 3/4) £121.3/4
London Transport 'C' Stock (£89 1/2) £89 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

Liverpool, April 14.

The following were to-day's opening rates:—

General Motor (dol 60) dol 60 3/8
N Copper Mining (dol 57 3/4) dol 59 1/4
U S Steel Common (dol 113 7/8) dol 114 1/2
U S Steel Preference (dol 144 1/4) unquoted

NORMAL CONDITIONS IN STOCK EXCHANGE

Selective Buying Of Industrials

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, April 14.

The Stock Exchange is rapidly returning to more normal conditions. To-day's movements governed supply and demand rather than sentiment Coppers were firm on good American stock consumption figures, good selective buying of industrials notably courtaulds on raising American viscose prices Shippings were firm

In commodities ubber inclined to droop in the absence of support. Wall Street after firm opening eased on profit-taking.

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

Ahmedabad, April 14.

Following are closing quotations of Ahmedabad Share Bazar of April 13:—

Ashok 239
Aryodaya Spinning 218/12
Calico 580
Gujarat Cotton 31/4
Jubili 180
Marsdan 83-2
Motilal Hirabhai 57/8
Monogram 56/14
Rajanagar 332/8

Tenders For Treasury Bills

Bombay, April 14.

Tenders for Rs. One Crore of three months' Treasury Bills were opened on Wednesday, the 14th April 1937. Total amount offered was Rs. 1 22,25,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-11-9 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-11-3 were allotted approximately 80 per cent. Total amount accepted was Rs. 1,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tender being Rs. 1-1-11 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. One Crore of three months' Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 20th April 1937. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 23rd April 1937. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended the 9th April 1937, Treasury Bills for Rs. 29,75,000 were renewed in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Tenders For Sterling

Bombay, April 14.

On Wednesday, the 14th April 1937, tenders to the amount of £.55,800,000 at 1s. 6 1/8d. were received and allotted approximately 2 per cent

£.2,000,000 will be offered for tender on Wednesday, the 21st April 1937, on the same conditions as previously announced.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, April 13

Broach A/M 1937 opening 245 3/4; highest 245 3/4; lowest 244 3/4; closing 245 3/4

Broach J/A opening 250; highest 250 1/4; lowest 249 1/2; closing 250

Oomra May opening 233; highest 233; lowest 232 3/4; closing 232 3/4

Oomra July opening 234 3/4, highest 235; lowest 234 3/4; closing 235

Bengal May opening 200 1/4; highest 201; lowest 200 1/4; closing 201

Bengal July opening 203 3/4; highest 203 3/4; lowest 203; closing 203

Tejimandi for Broach J/A (21-4-37) Rs. 5.

Tejimandi for Broach J/A (30-6-37) Rs. 17

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F. P. Bales	1936-37	1935-36
Receipts to date 13-4-37	6361000	6609000
Receipts Yesterday 13-4-37	8000	11000
Exports to date 13-4-37	4792000	5206000
Stock at Ports 9-4-37	1735000	1989000
Stock at Interior Towns 9-4-37	1500000	1871000
Stock at Liverpool 9-4-37	1007000	732000
Visible Supply 9-4-37	4877000	5293000
Quantity in sight 9-4-37	11834000	11366000
Quantity out of sight 9-4-37	10259000	91780000

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 14-4-1937.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —016 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 82.7

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.5 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 89.8 degrees 1.5 (above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 75.4 degrees 0.1 (below normal)

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 78 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. SSW

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m 10 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 187 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 30 miles per hours.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 0.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 14-4-37

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 83.5 deg. F, a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.01 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.81 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Bombay, April 14.

Statement of the affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, banking department as on the 9th April 1937

LIABILITIES—

	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government x	9,86,49,000
(b) Banks	23,68,76,000
(c) Others	52,79,000
Bills Payable	14,60,000
Other Liabilities	39,40,000
Rupees	44,62,04,000

x Includes £.79,000 held in London on account of the High Commissioner converted at 1s. 6d. to the rupee

ASSETS.—

Notes:—

	Rs.
(a) Legal Tender in India	10,73,55,000
(b) Legal Tender in a Burma only	39,000
Rupee Coin	4,61,000
Subsidiary Coin	2,47,000
Bills Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	96,000
(b) External	Nil
(c) Govt of India Treasury Bills	Nil
Balances held abroad*	24.83,04,000
Loans and Advances to the Govt.	1,00,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	1,10,000
Investments	7,59,63,000
Other Assets	36,29,000
Rupees	44,62,04,000

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ending on the 9th day of April 1937.

Bombay, April 14.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES—

	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	10,73,94,000
Notes in Circulation:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	196,09,32,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	79,62,000
Total Notes issued	207,62,88,000
Total Liabilities	207,62,88,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 59.591 per cent.

ASSETS.—

	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	41,55,19,000
(b) Held outside India	2,86,98,000
Sterling Securities	79,30,70,000
Total of A	123,72,87,000
B. Rupee Coin	61,52,32,000
Govt. of India Rupee Securities	22,37,69,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial Papers	Nil
Total Assets	207.62,88,000

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, April 13

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars
Ame Power and Light Com	11
Ame Forn Power Pfd 7 per cent	58
Electric Power and Light	23
Electric P and Light 7 per cent Pfd	79
Electric Bond Common	21
Columbia Gas	15
North Amr Com	27
American Tel and Tel	163
Erie Rly	20
New York Central Rly	48 3/4
Pennsylvania Rly	46
Southern Pacific Rly	58
Union Pacific Rly	147
National Distillers	33
N Y N Hartford H R R	21
Bethelehem Steel	93
Republican Steel	43
United States Steel	113 1/2
Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt	17
Amr Car Foundry	61
Anaconda Copper Mining	58 1/2
Int Nickel of Canada	65 1/4
Thompson Products	24
Chrysler	118
General Motors	59 3/4
Packard Motor	10
General Electric	55
Consolidated Oil	17
Socony	19 1/2
Chase Bank	56 1/2
National City Bank	50
Sun Life of Canada	710
Amr Celanese	36
R. C. A.	11
Crucible Steel	73
National Steel	66
Youngstown Sheet	89
St Pegis Paper	11
United S Smelting	95
Northern S Power A	27

London cables sales of Gold to-day taken up by arbitrageurs; no official intervention was necessary. Theer are good signs of return of confidence. Republic Steel expected earnings for the first quarter 95 cents. Consolidated Oil Corporation earned dol 1.16. Market steadier; slightly easy at the close, but general feeling in market is better.

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: May 158 July 179 October 195 at cross rate 4.90 25/32

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1937 243/12; Liverpool May 7.52 Rs. 83 3/4 at exchange 1/6

Bombay Liverpool: Broach J/A 1937 248; Liverpool July 7.57 Rs. 81 1/2 at exchange 1/6.

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1937 243/12 New York May 13.80 Rs. 69 at cross rate 4.90 25/32

Bombay New York: Broach J/A 1937 248; New York July 13.69 Rs. 62 at cross rate 4.90 25/32

Trade Tendencies

Bombay, April 14.

Messrs. M. and B. Stern have received the following cables:—

The following cable is to hand from one of their New York friends:—

"General liquidation continues. Fresh bull stimulus needed. Doubt advances hold time being."

Their Head Office cabled yesterday as follows:—

Metals.—"With production figures all showing increases believe all metals may sell lower."

Rubber.—"Recent liquidation caused by increased production."

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

Bombay, April 14.

French Govt. Submarine Pagase of 1560 reg tons Capt. Zde Fortiz arrived from Singapore.

French Govt. Submarine Monge of 1579 reg tons Capt. L De Bertnard arrived from Singapore.

James Finlay s.s. Cleen Macbrayne of 2978 reg tons Capt. B A. Harding arrived from Fowey via Glasgow Liverpool, Portsaid Suez and Aden with general cargo.

B I S N s.s. Goalpara of 3216 reg tons Capt. A. C. Miller arrived from Rangoon via Colombo Galle Trivandrum Alleppey Cochin Ponani Calicut and Badagra with general cargo.

P and O s.s. Jeypore of 3209 reg tons Capt. R B. Beck arrived from Nagoya via Osaka Koke Moji Hongkong Singapore and Colombo with passengers and general cargo.

DEPARTURES

Bombay, April 14.

L Triestino s.s. Volpi of 3061 reg tons Capt. S. D. C. Bai sailed for Kobe via Colombo with local and same bottom cargo.

B I S N s.s. Baroda of 1888 reg tons Capt. A Russell sailed for Basra via Verawal Kathiawar Coast Ports Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports with passengers and local cargo.

B I S N s.s. Karanja of 4646 reg tons Capt. J. D. Erdie sailed for Durban via Marmagoa and East and South African Ports with passengers and local cargo.

T Morrison s.s. Nawab of 3424 reg tons Capt W N Dyett sailed for Calcutta via Calicut and Coast Ports with local cargo.

LOADING.

The following steamer booked for Loading on 14-4-37.

S S Bandra (M M) for Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports.

Vessels In Docks

Bombay, April 14.

ALEXANDRA DOCK

4 Lindenfels 5193 Karachi 14-4 L Edwards
10 Clan Macinnes 2826 Marmagoa 17-4 Finlay
11 Innesmoor 2649 Karachi 16-4 Grahams Trading
13 Silverary 2626 Colombo 15-4 Volkart Bros.
14 Karanja 4646 Durban 14-4 M M
15 Durenda 4450 Antwerp 16-4 M M

VICTORIA DOCK

2 Jalarajan 3148 Calcutta 17-4 Scindia S N
3 Baroda 1888 P Gulf 14-4 M M
4 Varela 1926 Busrah 15-4 M M

PRINCES DOCK

C/R Nawab 3424 Calcutta 14-4 T Morrison.
K Sonavati 944 N F, N F, B S N

FROM LONDON

Rawalpindi 15-4-47 P & O
Strathmore 22-4-37 P and O
Corfu 29-4-37 P and O
Chitral 6-5-37 P and O
Bangalore 25-4 M M
Viceroy of India 13-5 P and O
Maloja 20-5 P and O

FROM LIVERPOOL

Clan Mcbryne 14-4-37 J Finlay
City of Hongkong 17-4-37 K N

FROM HAMBURG

Wolfshurg 18-4 L Edwards
Nijkerk 22-4 L Edwards
Trenenfels 29-4 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

Pres Adams 18-4-37 F F Campbell
City of Rangoon 22-4-37 F F Campbell
Tampa 10-4-37 L Edward
City of Norwich 15-4-37 F F Campbell
Atlanta City 20-4-37 M M

FROM OSLO

Tungsha 23-4 L Edwards

FROM TRIESTE

Conte Verde 20-4 L Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Toyama Maru 15-4-37 N Y K
Celebes Maru 23-4-37 O S K
Ranchi 16-4-37 P and O
Alipore 20-4-37 P and O
Victoria 15-4-37 L Triestino
Jaypore 12-4-37 P and O
Kidderpore 26-4 P and O
Conte Rosso 27-4-37 L Triestino
Fukuyo Maru 26-4 O S K
Yoshida Maru No. 1 18-4 N Y K
Tango Maru 30-4 N Y K

FROM SYDNEY

Comorin 24-4 P and O

FROM BASRA

Varsowa 24-4 M M
Bamora 22-4 M M and Co
Bandra 15-4-37 M M
Vasna 17-4 M M

FROM DURBAN

Takliwa 17-4-37 M M

FROM KARACHI

Trautenfels 12-4 L Edwards
Vita 15-4-37 M M
Toyama Maru 25-4-37 N Y K

FROM JEDDAH

Rahmani 18-4-37 T Morrison

FROM BASSEIN

Jalaratna 14-4-37 S S N
Jaladuta 17-4-37 S S N

FROM RANGOON

Ozarda 17-4 M M
Golpara 15-4 M M
Naringa 21-4-37 M M

FROM CALCUTTA

Gurna 19-4 M M
Surada 19-4-37 M M

FROM AKYAB

Garmula 19-4 M M

SAILING DATES

FOR LONDON

Durenda 14-4 M M
Ranchi 17-4-37 P & O
Strathmore 24-3-37 P &O
Comorin 24-3-37 P & O
Kaiser-i-Hind 1-5/37 P and O
Strathaird 8-5-37 P and O

FOR LIVERPOOL

Britannia 20-5 Grahams Trading
City of Venice 19-4-37 Killick

FOR HAMBURG

Trentenfels 22-4-37 L Edwards

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Verde 22-4 L Triestino
Conte Rosso 27-4-37 L Triestino

FOR GENOA

Victoria 15-4-37 L Triestino.

FOR NEW YORK

Pres Harrison 30-4-337 F F Campbell
City of Norwich 17-4 F F Campbell
City of Rangoon 24-4 F F Campbell
Silveray 15-4-37 Vol Bros
Pres Adams 18-4-37 F F Campbell

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Rawalpindi 15-4-37 P and O
Toyama Maru 18-4-37 N Y K
Naples Maru 12-4-37 O S K
Taijin Maru 23-4-37 O S K
Borneo Maru 10-4-37 O S K
Conte Biancamano 28-4 L Triestino

FOR BASRA

Bandra 21-4-37 M M
Varela 15-4-37 M M

FOR DURBAN

Takliwa 28-4-37 M M
Karanja 14-4-37 M M

FOR CALCUTTA

Nawab 14-4 T Morrison

FOR KARACHI

Vita 17-4-37 M M
Lindenfels 15-4-37 L Edwards
Wolfsburg 23-4-37 L Edwards
Toyama Maru 24-4-37 N Y K
Yoshida Maru No. 1 21-4-37 N Y K

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Kota Agoeng 10-4-37
S S Caboto 10-4-37
S S City of Barcelona 12-4-37
S S Tampa 12-4-37
S S Cranfield 12-4-37
S S Varela 12-4-37
S S Hashemi 12-4-37
S S Lalita 12-4-37
S S Netravati 13-4-37
S S Parvati 13-4-37.

EXPORTS

S S Trantenfels for Hamburg: 175 bales cotton twist waste Barot Bros, 17 bales hemps Meyer Nissim; 250 bales cotton raw K Devchanr; 200 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros. 441 bales cotton raw N Rajaram; 220 bales cotton raw J Cotton Trading; 112 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros; 336 bags gum kadaya T Laxmidas; 53 bags cotton waste M Narotamdas 400 tons manganese ore Cox and Kings (Agents); 122 bales cotton twist waste L O Vora; 3800 packets myrabollams P Mathuradas; 1200 packets myrabollams K Tricamji; 275 bales cotton raw K Devchand; 110 bales cotton raw Viram Ladha; 440 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha; 42 bales hides fleshings D Abraham.

For Gdynia: 50 bales cotton raw K Devchand; 55 bales cotton raw Bombay Company.

For Antwerp; 729 bales cotton raw Rally Bros; 1334 bags copra oil cake A Oomerbhoy; 800 packets myrabollam P Mathuradas; 327 bags metal slags M T Gopani; 1000 tons mangenese ore Cox and Kings (Agents); 100 bales hemp raw T Dawodbhai; 174 bales cotton raw Bombay Company; 28 bales hemp raw Meyer; 90 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

For Gothenburg: 38 bales cotton twist waste L O Vora; 12 bales hemp Meyer Nissim.

For Rotterdam: 110 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros; 153 bags brass scrap barings Suren Piras, 275 bales cotton raw A Clayton.

For Bergan: 25 bales cotton twist waste L O Vora.

For Amsterdam: 200 bags gum B Jaffer; 92 bags gum T Laxmidas.

For Dourgas: 660 bales cotton raw K Devchand.

For Leipoes: 124 bales cotton raw A Clayton

S S Rawalpindi Sydney: 28 bales cotton twist waste Jani and Co.

For Victoria: 11 cases condiments M M Poonjiaji

For Hongkong: 30 bags jardaloo E S Abdul Karim: 73 bags uplet B Chunilal.

For Vancover: 70 bags cellery seeds D Abrahan

For San Fransisco: 36 bags cellery seeds A Abraham

For Los Angeles: 100 bags crimin seed D Abraham

S S Kaiser Hind for London: 65 bags cattle fish bones N P Master; 570 bags groundnut oil cake F Mangaldas.

S S Duranda for Havre: 116 bags mustardseed B Balvant.

For Varna: 50 bales cotton g yarn A Virji.

For Jaffa: 19 bales cotton g m yarn A H Dial

For Port Said: 25 bales cotton white shirting A H Dial; 13 bales cotton white p goods D V Thakar.

For Suez: 77 bales cotton pic. goods W India Spg. and Mfg.

S S Innesmoor for Liverpool: 20 bales wool raw D. Sassoon; 21 bales wool raw M Motilal; 14 bales wool raw Anglo-Siam Corporation; 32 bales wool raw Bombay Company; 700 bales cotton fly L O Vora; 175 bales cotton twist waste L O Vora; 57 bales woollen rugs Patel and Co; 124 bags groundnut B Balwant; 1400 bags groundnut oil cake F Maganlal; 150 bales cotton raw P Chrystal; 14 bales wool raw B Harbhan; 56 bales wool raw Rally Bros.

For Manchester: 50 bales cotton waste clean B Karsondas; 20 bales cotton twist waste G M Vyas: 150 bales cotton raw K Devchand.

IMPORTS.

S S Behan Agents M Mackenzie and Co. from Yokohama: 20 cases silk yarn;

From Shanghai: 33 cases waste silk spun; 22 cases raw hilk; 32 cases spun silk yarn.

From Hongkong: 17 cases silk p goods 20 cases batteries; 25 cases palm heat fans; 30 cases straw fans; 50 pkgs sugarcandy; 30 cases half cube sugar; 40 cases canned salmon.

From Foochow: chests tea.

From Singapore: 100 cases pineapples, 18 cases component parts of rubber.

From Colombo: 45 chests tea; 51 cases d. c. nuts; 1460 bags copra

S S M V Arabia Agents L Triestino from Trieste: 17 bales wrinting paper; 263 bales paper; 41 cases hard rubber combs; 14 cases iron screws; 49 cases german silver; 273 bales news printing paper; 70 demijohns chemical compound 53 bales wrapping paper; 604 cases window glass; 11 cases stationery; 15 cases transperant paper; 61 cases building stabs; 100 bags flour starch; 25 cases pressed glass; 71 cases twine; 20 cases dhobby twine; 19 cases goose liver conserves; 30 cases ord twine; 26 cases elec. bulbs; 28 cases steel in bars; 30 cases tools machine.

From Fuime: 60 cases cig paper in bobins; 2152 pieces rough pine boards.

From Venice: 22 bales waste spun silk yarn; 60 bales sobu are printing paper; 25 bales art silk yarn; 2229 pieces marble slates (big and small); 19 barrels glassware; 118 bases glass beads; 300 bags white verona stone dust 145 bales spun silk yarns; 52 cases twine; 35 cases hemp twine.

From Brindisi: 1150 bags unshelled almonds.

From Port Sudan: 25 cases are silk;

From Aden: 50 bds alakali, 26 vos old empty iron drums.

S S Falkenfels Agents L Edwards L T D from Hamburg: 480 keys chlorate of potash; 365 cases nails

From Antwerp: 5002 bds. baling hoops 15 kegs aniline salt; 13 bags stearine; 40 cases zinc dust; 30 dms zine chloride; 65 bds. mild steel angles.

Wall-Street Selling In N. Y. Cotton

President Roosevelt's Speech Awaited

ALL MARKET NERVOUS BUT STEADY AT THE DECLINE

Bombay, April 14

Yesterday the New York cotton futures market was feverish and prices fell after a sharp reaction in Liverpool and on heavy foreign liquidation especially from the Far East President Roosevelt has signed the Smith Bill for cotton classification.

The question of gold needs effective solution and it is believed that President Roosevelt will make another speech which is keenly awaited. In the meantime all markets remain nervous and after a sharp decline, displayed steady tone.

The New York market opened weak with moderately active trading and prices declined on Wall Street selling with very little demand until trade limits uncovered around yesterday's low levels.

The market thereafter rallied partially on New Orleans and Liverpool buying on differences with the strength of the stock market inducing local and Wall Street buying, but the undertone was nervous with traders inclined to await developments. Finally long liquidation appeared.

May delivery opened at about the lowest level of the day at a decline of 17 points at 13.72. Later on prices improved 20 points from the opening level and May was quoted 13.92 which was highest level for the day. Later on prices again declined and the market closed at a net decline of 10 to 6 points. Spot cotton prices declined 9 points at 14.40c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a decline of 3 to 9 points. Spot cotton prices closed 4 points down at 14.08c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened very steady at a rise of 5 points with July 7.67. There was scattered speculative buying. Offerings were light Later the market reacted on selling by Egyptian traders and scattered realising. There was London realising, straddle and Bombay selling which met with buying on limits. The market closed quiet at a net decline of 5 to 4 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices lost 7 points at 7.77d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton section was quiet. Sakels futures declined 7 points and Uppers closed 6 to 7 points lower with Spot cotton 8 points down at 9.43d

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

The Alexandria cotton futures market was easy on increased selling. Sakels futures closed 26 to 30 points down and Ashmouni futures lost 4 to 28 points.

NEW CROP

Messrs. M. and B. Stern state:—

Mr. Morgenthau's supplementation of President Roosevelt's denial as to any change in the gold price has temporarily dispelled various rumours. Any gold revaluation in U. S. A. would be unwelcome as it would seriously effect not only currency but the U. S. Budgetary position and retard trade recovery, and until the question of International debts and tariffs have been thrashed out no change in the U. S. A. monetary policy seems likely. Any change would probably involve the re-armament question and no nation at present is likely to cut down its re-armament programme and jeopardize trade recovery at a time when such acute subterranean political tension exists.

INDIAN COTTON

Regarding cotton Secretary Wallace's warning against too restrictive production measures and Secretary Cordel Hull's suggestion to put back surplus industrial labour into agriculture have checked bullish enthusiasm and inflationary ideas. Trade however continues to be very active and Garside estimates U. S. A. mill consumption for March at the huge figure of 785,000 bales whilst the indices of industrial statistics show a relatively high percentage of activity. Broadly speaking we consider the statistical position of cotton very sound especially Indian and strongly recommend purchases of July/August Broach on any further reaction as we believe a very tight position will develop in this contract during the next few months.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York May highest 13.92 plus 03 (12-33 p.m.)

New York May lowest 13.72 —17 (10 a.m.)

Liverpool July highest 7.68 plus 06

Liverpool July lowest 7.55 —07

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

New York Cotton Exchange Service cabled:—

We estimate domestic consumption of all cottons in March at 785,000 bales. The average consumption per working day during the month was 34,100 bales.

Their New York Agents cabled:

General liquidation continues; fresh bull stimulus needed; doubt advances hold time being.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool: Market steady. Large shake out. Continental liquidation. Expect upturn.

Tone still unsettled by uncertain monetary outlook and unfavourable French advices. Market awaits Roosevelt's Budget address in expectation of clarification of American monetary policy.

New York: Market weakened under continued foreign selling and local liquidation.

Bulls losing confidence because important national policy against advance in prices.

Better undertone but buyers cautious. Do not think market will change much either way for the near future.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, April 13

May	13.80	—09
July	13.69	—09
October	13.24	—10
December	13.17	—10
January	13.19	—09
March	13.27	—06
Middling Spot	14.40	—09

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, April 13

May	13.73	—04
July	13.65	—03
October	13.24	—09
Middling Spot	14.08	—04

NEW YORK
New York, April 13

11-00 A.M. RANGES—		
May	13.83	13.83
July	13.73	13.72
October	13.28	13.23
NOON CALL—		
May	13.80	
July	13.70	
October	13.25	

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, April 13

Day's receipts at all U. S. Ports	8 000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	nil.
Day's exports to the Continent	7,000 bales
Day's exports to China and Japan	nil

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, April 13

April	7.51	—05
May	7.53	—05
June	7.56	—04
July	7.58	—04
August	7.53	—04
September	7.49	—04
October	7.44	—04
November	7.37	—04
December	7.37	—04
January	7.38	—04
February	7.38	—04
March	7.38	—04
Middling Spot	7.77	—07
10-12 a.m. quotations		
May	7.63	
July	7.67	

EGYPTIAN COTTON
Liverpool, April 13

F G F SAKELLARIDIS—	
April	11.69
May	11.74
July	11.80
September	12.20
F G F SPOT	12.39

INDIAN COTTON
Liverpool, April 13

BROACH—	
Fully good (good staple)	6.25
Fine (good staple)	6.40
Superfine (good staple)	6.55
OOMRA—	
Fine (No. 1 staple)	6.15
Superfine (No. 1 staple)	6.30
Choice (No. 1 staple)	6.45
BENGAL—	
Good	5.15
Fully good	5.25
Fine	5.40

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGES
London, April 13

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£69
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£76
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£88 1/2
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£111
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£76 5/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£101 7/8
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£102 7/8
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£110 3/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£109 5/8
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£15 3/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg	£119
National Bank of India	£42
P and O Banking Corporation	£10 1/2

LONDON DISCOUNT RATE
London, April 13

Bank bills 3 months market rate Unchanged

Bank bills 6 months market rate Unchanged

Fine trade bills 3 months market rate Unchanged

Fine trade bills 6 months market rate Unchanged

Interest day to day loan—Unchanged.

Interest 7 days' market loan Unchanged.

LONDON EXCHANGES
London, April 13

T T London on:—	
New York	4.90.57
Paris	109.34
Berlin	12.20 1/8
Madrid	nominal 78.10
Amsterdam	8.95 7/8
Brussels	29.11 3/4
Milan	93.23
Berne	21.53 3/8
Prague	140.87

LONDON SEEDS
London, April 13

Linseed La Plata Hull C.I.F.	
April sellers	£12-17-6
Linseed Calcutta London C.I.F.	
April May sellers	£14-17-6
Linseed Bombay London C.I.F.	
April May sellers	£15-13-9
Rapeseed Tpria Hull/Cont C.I.F.	
April May sellers	£15-0-0
Castorseed Bombay Hull C.I.F.	
April May sellers	£14-8-9

LONDON PRODUCE
London, April 13

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe	
May July sellers	49/6
Wheat Barletta Russo	
May June sellers	39/9
Wheat South Australian	
April sellers	49/6

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 14

Following a further decline of 9 points in New York cotton futures, the local market ruled quiet but steady with restricted turnover. Advices from America are conflicting and there is less disposition to operate.

Our prices are attractive but the general sentiment remains somewhat quiet in view of American attitude against any unjustified advance in prices as the rise is increasing the cost of living and naturally operatives demand higher wages. Anyhow the general opinion seems divided despite strong statistical position.

Broach J/A delivery opened to-day at Rs. 247/12 against expected opening at Rs. 248. Theres was a marked absence of any important business and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Later on there was some short covering and prices improved to Rs. 248/8. The tone of the market was steady.

Liverpool market opened at a decline of 2 points and the local market ruled quiet but steady and closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M.	240 12 0
Broach J/A.	245 8 0
Oomra May	228 4 0
Oomra July	230 12 0
Bengal May	197 8 0
Bengal July	199 8 0

Cotton Tenders

Bombay, April 14.

	To-day	Total
Broach A/M.	1450	6150

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, April 14.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M. G.—					
Bengal U P	206	203	200		197
Punjab	206	203	200		197
Oomra No. 3	240	237	234	231	...
C. P. No. 1	253	250	247	244	...
C. P. No. 2	244	241	238	235	...
Broach No. 2	251	249	246		243
Punjab-Ame.	258	256	253		250
Surat	315	313	310		307
Rajpipla	310	308	305		302
Navsari	325	323	320		317

READY COTTON.
Bombay, April 14.

128 Bales Pusar Arjan Khimji 226/4
82 Bales Porbandar Arjan Khimji 224
40 Bales Porbandar Arjan Khimji 220
25 Bales Ujjain Arjan Khimji 216/4
55 Bales Veraval Japan Cotton 211
400 Bales Vasim Japan Cotton 6 off
120 Bales Dbohi Japan Cotton 259/8
143 Bales Bhiwani Mandi Kilachand Devchand 5 on
147 Bales Malpura Mandi Kilachand Devchand 204/8
70 Bales Sailu Cotton Company 270/8
65 Bales Dhuri Narsi Nagshi 202/8
55 Bales Muktsar Ramdas Dosa 7 on
100 Bales Hyderabad T. R. Bukharia 243
50 Bales Bolda Viram Ladha 9 off
41 Bales Khamgaon Bhaidas Mavji 221
50 Bales Sind American Century Mill 256/8

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, April 14.

Bengal Superfine	207/08
Bengal Fine	202/04
C. P. 1	238/40
C. P. 2	229/31
Arvi	229/31
Ellichpur	229/31
Berar	226/31
Khamgaon	226/33
Mulkapur	221/24
Khandesh	216/19
Jalna/Sailu	216/19
Burwah Sanavad	224/29
Mathia	203/06
Broach Fine	249/52
Punjab/American	244/54
Sind, N.T.	319/29
Punjab 289F.	334/39
Jagadia-Ankleshwar	304/08
Kim-Kosamba	309/12
Surat	316/19
Navsari	326/29
Kampala	440/41

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, April 14.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY. Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Khandesh	274	203,131
Central India	492	314,108
Barsi and Nagar	455	161,362
Hyderabad-Gaorani	184	90,826
Berar	1,697	527,529
Central Provinces	45	107,888
Total Oomras	3,147	1,403,844
Dholera	373	72,049
N.-W. Provinces	...	8,561
Rajputana	598	74,848
Sind-Punjab	1,696	294,687
Broach	3,350	250,296
Coompta and Dharwar	499	23,250
Westerns-Northerns	353	24,462
Cocoanada	...	124
Tinnevelley and Cambodia	200	4,807
Persian	...	10
American	...	8,290
Egyptian and African	1,745	247,004
Comilla Burma and other sorts	...	72
Total	11,861	2,412,254

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.
1st Sept. to 8th April.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year
Europe	1,325	326,739
Japan and China	702	1,008,245
Coast Ports	254	17,456
Up-country by Rail	..	178.669
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan	...	55,840
Total	2,281	1,586,949

LINSEED OIL
London, April 13

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt April sellers 28/3

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt May August paid and sellers 28/6

LONDON RUBBER
London, April 13

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed per lb Sellers 11 7/16

NEW YORK COFFEE
New York, April 13

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 9

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, April 14

June	81.40 —30
July	82.50 —30

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, April 14

There was a further decline of 2d. in gold yesterday in London to £7-1-6. London Paris Exchange rate improved further 25 points at 109.94. Dollar sterling cross rate was quoted 4.90.57 in London and 4.90 25/32 in New York.

London silver prices improved 1/16d. to 21 1/8d on Indian buying. Speculators sold. Business was small and the market was steady. Later on the market was very quiet and there was some inclination to offer at fixed prices.

New York silver prices remained unchanged at 46 cents while Montreal futures were steady on scattered buying and closed at a rise of 10 points

Shanghai T T on London was quoted to-day unchanged at 1-2 9/16.

The local market was again quiet with restricted turnover pending further developments. Silver was quiet for near month but distant delivery was steady. Gold was fairly steady with some enquiry for near month.

GOLD—		
Ready	34	11 0
Chaitra delivery	34	11 0
Chaitra tejimandi	0	7 0
Vaishakh delivery	34	10 0
Vaishakh tejimandi	0	11 0
SILVER—		
Ready	54	4 0
Chaitra delivery	51	10 0
Chaitra tejimandi	11	1 0
Vaishakh delivery	54	6 0
Vaishakh tejimandi	2	2 0

LONDON SILVER
London, April 13

Spot	21 1/8
Forward	21 1/8

LONDON GOLD
London, April 13

Gold Bars Fine per oz £7-1-6

Montreal Silver

Montreal, April 13

April	46.55 plus 10
May	46.40 plus 10
July	46.45 plus 10

LONDON METALS

London, April 14.

London Market.—

Standard Copper Cash (Buyers)	£63-5-0
Standard Copper 3 months	£61-15-0
Electrolytic copper	£69-10-0
New York.—	
Blue Eagle	17 cents.
Non-Blue Eagle	16.50 cents
Bombay Market.—	
Yellow Metal Sheets	Rs. 46
Copper Sheets	Rs. 59
Tone steady.	

LONDON METALS

London, April 13

Copper	£61 12 6
Spelter	£26 2 6
Lead	£25 0 0
Tin	£270 0 0

WEATHER OVER U. S. COTTON BELT

Liverpool, April 14

Slightly warmer. Scattered showers in Arkansas, Louisiana and South Texas. Forecast—Entire Belt partly cloudy.

LINSEED & WHEATS

Bombay, April 14

Yesterday London Linseed oil prices declined on increased selling and wheat markets were quiet without any definite trend. The local market ruled quiet today with scattered selling and prices were quoted as under:—

Linseed May	8	2	0
Linseed September	8	7	0
Wheat May	6	2	3
Wheat September	6	1	0

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, April 13.

May	dol. 117 7/8d.
July	dol 1.23 7/8
October	dol 108 1/4d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, April 13.

May	dol. 1.37 3/8
July	dol 23 7/8
September	dol. 1.20.

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, April 13.

April	£15-7-6.

Groundnut And Seeds

Bombay, April 14.

Groundnuts May—			
Opening	43	7	0
Highest	43	11	0
Lowest	43	2	0
Closing	43	2	0
Groundnuts August—			
Opening	45	1	0
Highest	45	5	0
Lowest	44	13	0
Closing	44	13	0
Castorseed May—			
Opening	36	13	0
Highest	37	0	0
Lowest	36	9	0
Closing	36	9	6
Castorseeds September—			
Opening	38	13	6
Highest	38	15	6
Lowest	38	9	6
Closing	38	9	6
Cottonseed May			
Opening	21	6	0
Highest	21	7	0
Lowest	21	5	0
Closing	21	5	9
Cottonseeds September—			
Opening	22	10	6
Highest	22	11	6
Lowest	22	8	6
Closing	22	8	9

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, April 14

April	279.50 —20
June	273.60 —80
July	271.10 —100
August	269.10 —110
October	266.60 —170

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, April 14

2 3/4 per cent	1948/52 99/6
3 per cent	1951/54 101/4
3 per cent	1941 Bonds 102/12
3 1/2 per cent	G P N Cash 92/11
3 1/2 per cent	1947/50 Loan 105/1
4 per cent	1943 Bonds 106/9
4 per cent	1960/70 Loan 110/3
4 1/2 per cent	1955/60 116/14
3 per cent	U P Bonds 97
5 per cent	1939/44 105/6
5 per cent	1940/43 108/5
5 1/2 per cent	1938/40 Loan 104/14
TAX FREES		
5 per cent	1945/55 118/15
4 per cent	1953/63 Loan 111
5 1/2 per cent	1938 Mysore 104/12
5 per cent	1955 Mysore 123
CORPORATION DEBENTURES		
4 per cent	B P T 1974 106/4
4 per cent	M Deb 1974 106
5 per cent	M Deb 1959 117
5 per cent	1954 129
6 per cent	K P T 1956 129
6 1/2 per cent	B I T 1937 101/8

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs. 92/12 and declined to Rs. 92/10. Next settlement quotes two annas lower.

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, April 14

B. C. RATES—	
T T D D	1/6 1/16
LONDON—	
Banks selling T T D D	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 3/16
Bank, buying 3 mos.	1/6 7/32
NEW YORK	
B C Rate T T	272 7/8
Banks selling T T	270 7/8
Banks buying T T	268 5/8
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	822
Banks buying T T	837
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T (1/8 lower from June)	77 1/2
Banks buying T T	77
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	67 1/4
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	67
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	83 3/8
SHANGHAI	
Banks selling D D	81 3/8
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	156 1/4
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	90 3/4
CROSS RATE—	
New York/London 13th instant	4.90.75
Japan/London— 14th instant	1/2 1/32
Java/London— 14th instant	8.94
Hongkong/London— 14th instant	1/3
Shanghai/London— 14th instant	1/2 9/16
London/Paris 13th instant	109.94
London/Belgium 13th instant	29.11 3/4
London/Switzerland 13th instant	21.53 3/8
London/Berlin 13th instant	12.20 1/8
London/Stockholm 13th instant	19.39 1/2
London/New York 13th instant	4.90.57
London/Amsterdam 13th instant	8.96 1/4
London/Italy 13th instant	93.23
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Firm Near Steady Forward.	
Gold 12th instant	£7-1-8
13th instant	£7-1-5
Silver London Ready 12th instant	21 1/16
13th instant	21 1/8
Silver London Forward 12th instant	21 1/8
13th instant	21 1/8
Silver New York Ready 12th instant	45
13th instant	45
London Discounts 3 months 12th instant	9/16 p.c.
13th instant	9/16 p.c.
London Discounts 6 months 12th instant	11/16 p.c.
13th instant	11/16 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	3 p.c.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c.
Money:—	
Call	1 p.c.
3 Months	1 1/4 p.c.
6 Months	1 1/4 p.c.
Tone:—Steady.	

Indian Sterling Loans

London, April 13

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	76
3 1/2 per cent	88 1/2
3 1/2 per cent	1954/59 102 1/4
4 per cent	1948/53 106
4 1/2 per cent	1950/55 111
4 1/2 per cent	1958/68 113 1/2
5 per cent	1942/47 112 1/2
3 per cent	1949/52 97 1/4
2 1/2 per cent	British Consols 76 5/8
3 1/2 per cent	Conversion 101 7/8
3 1/2 per cent	War Loan 102 7/8

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 11th/12th April 15,035 bales

Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936 2,400,393 bales

Receipts into Bombay same time last season 2,090,965 bales

Increase 309,428 bales

New York Sugar

New York, April 13

Spot silver prices remained unchanged at 46 cents

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, April 14.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Ready Javas	13	9	0
Shipment April-June	4	14	6
Shipment July-Sept.	4	14	0
Shipment Oct-Dec.	4	14	6
Kesar	11	4	0
Saraya	10	13	3
Java Spot	F.5.65		

Sharp Recovery In Steel Shares

Short Covering And Some Fresh Buying

PROFESSIONALS AWAIT GOLD DEVELOPMENTS

BOMBAY, April 14.

The local Share Bazar displayed steady tone throughout the session and prices advanced under improved buying and short covering.

The recent long liquidation improved the technical situation of the market and yesterday Tata Steel Deferreds after touching Rs. 1,580 level, attracted new buyers.

Among present buyers we find some left-out bulls during the last big rise on the theory that the Tata Steel Company will earn over rupees six crores next year. So far the annual report is not out but generally in speculative markets, there exists always a tendency to discount future prospects.

The future outlook is most favourable but it will not be advisable to go ahead of anticipated improvement.

The question of surplus gold remains unsolved and the American Government has to adopt a definite attitude. If the U. S. Treasury takes up world's production, there will be no material change in general trade conditions but the U. S. Treasury has also to think about dead weight of accumulating world gold production. It is understood that President Roosevelt would make an important announcement on this point and it will be advisable to await further development before re-entering on the constructive side of the market.

Tata Steel Deferred shares opened to-day at Rs. 1,700 and after declining to Rs. 1,660 prices kept on improving under fresh buying and covering. There was scarcity of offerings as the weak long interest is now mostly liquidated.

Prices assumed hardening tendency and closed at about the highest level of the day. Tata Steel ordinary shares which after touching Rs. 325 level yesterday as anticipated attracted buyers and improved to Rs. 356.

Cotton Textile shares also ruled steady with a scattered business. The whole market was influenced under the leadership of steel shares.

TEXTILE SHARES
BOMBAY, April 14.

	Rs.	as.
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 8)	322	8
250 BOM. DYEING (Rs. 25)	985	0
100 CENTURY	226	4
100 CEN. INDIA (Rs. 4)	315	0
100 COLABA (nil)	177	0
100 Coorla	107	8
250 David	75	0
250 Dawn (Rs. 10)	375	0
I E.D. Sassoon (nil)	0-10-6	
100 Finally (Rs 2-8)	151	4
100 GOKAK (Rs. 2-8)	232	8
1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1,725	0
100 Indore	55	0
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	105	0
100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 8)	333	12
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	665	0
250 Madras United	11	0
1,000 Morarji (nil)	1,100	0
250 Model	71	14
50 MYSORE (Rs. 3)	118	12
200 NEW GREAT (nil)	251	4
100 Oosmanshahi (Re. 1)	55	8
100 Phoenix (10)	812	8
25 SASSOON SILK (Rs. 2)	77	8
1,000 Sholapur (Rs 50)	2,565	0
50 SIMPLEX (Rs. 1-2)	105	0
100 SWADESHI (Rs.4)	270	0
100 Swan (nil)	110	0
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1440	0
300 Western	805	0
BANKS.		
50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	109	4
25-50 Central (As. 12)	34	4
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1525	0
125-500 I. Conty. (Rs. 7-8)	375	0
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	132	0
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 3-8)	129	12
5 Union (As. 4)	5	11
CEMENTS		
100 Associated	178	8
10 BUNDI, (As 10)	44	4
100 Coimbatore (Rs. 10)	221	4
70 Gwalior (Rs 4)	155	0
160 INDIAN (Rs 24)	585	0
40 Katni Def (Rs. 83-8-9)	2,570	6
100 KATNI ORD. (Rs. 10)	425	0
75 Okha (Rs. 7)	340	0
10 PUNJAB (As. 12)	32	4
100 SHAHABAD (Rs. 15)	557	8
70 United (Rs. 5)	184	0
INSURANCE.		
80-500 Empire (Rs. 14)	1,155	0
15-100 Jupiter (As. 12)	15	0
15-75 New India (Rs. 1-4)	44	4
20 Mercantile	55	0
200 Oriental (125)	5,870	0
10-50 Universal Fire (As. 4)	5	7
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	7	10
ELECTRIC.		
100 Ahmedabad Old (6)	132	8
1000 ANDHRA VALLEY (45)	1700	0
10 Ajmer (As. 4)	13	8
50 B'bay Tram (Rs. 2-8)	151	9
100 Bom. Suburban (Rs. 6)	190	0
10 Broach	14	4
100 Karachi (4)	267	8
100 Poona (4)	285	0
100 Surat (Rs 6)	210	0
100 Tata Hydro (Rs. 5) XD	179	6
1000 Tata Power (Rs. 40)	1497	8
RAILWAYS		
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	910	0
100 C. Province	94	8
100 Dhond Baramati	102	0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.
Bombay, April 14

Century (221/14) 221 220 226
Bombay Dyeing (971/4) 970 965 975 971 982 978 985
Kohinoor (327/8) 328 327 333
Central India (312/8) 307 310 306 315
New Great (247/8) 245 251
Simplex (102/8) 102 105
Swadeshi (266/4) 263 270
Bundi (43/8) 43/8 44/2 44/4
I Cement (583/12) 586 585 587 580 585
Punjab (32/4) 32/4
Shahabad (558/12) 555 560 556 558 557
Andhra (1690) 1690
Tata Hydro (179/6) 180
Tata Power (1490) 1500 1496 1500 1497
Tram Ord (151/4) 151/14 151/9
T Steel Defd (1680) 1702 1660 1710 1685 1717 1745 1725 1760 1752 1755
T Steel Ord (342) 346 340 348 354 352 353 350 357 356
Tata Steel 2nd pref (179/4) 178/8 179/6
Bellapur (183/12) 183 182 187 186
B Steam (298/12) 300
B Burma (716/4) 712 707 713 706 722 716 725

100 Gujarat	92 8
100 Mandra Bhon	97 8
100 Pachora Jamner	97 8
100 Sara Sirajgunje	100 0
500 Tapti Valley	763 12
MININGS	
10 Shivrajpur (As. 8)	65 8
30 TATA STEEL DEF (Rs. 7-8)	1755 0
75 Tata Steel Ord. (Rs. 6)	356 0
MISCELLANEOUS.	
100 ALCOCK (Rs. 5)	360 0
50 B. Sugar (Rs. 7)	186 4
200 B'bay Safe Dep. (Rs. 40)	900 0
250 B. Steam (Rs. 15)	300 0
125 B. Burma (Rs. 12-9)	725 0
50 Do Contry (Rs. 6)	235 0
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	7-3-0
50 B. Telephone (Rs. 1-8)	116 12
9 Burma Corp. (As. 8)	13 8
2sh. Indian Copper	4 2
10 Indian I. and Steel	58 0
100 I. Bleaching (Rs. 4)	151-14
50 I. Invest Trust (Rs 2)	54 0
100 I. Radio Defd. (12)	650 0
100 I. Radio Ord. (15)	530 0
1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	620 0
15 Scindia	29 15
30 PREMIER CON.	101 8
25 Tata Oil (nil)	28 4
PREFERENCE.	
7 p.c Andhra Valley	1550 0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	299 6
7 p.c. Bom. Tram (T.F.)	84 8
5 p.c Central India (T.F.)	537 8
7 p.c. Katni 1st	136 4
7 p.c. Katni 2nd (T.F.)	146 4
7½ p.c. Punjab Cement	15 0
6-1/4 p.c. Prem. Const 1st	104 8
6 1/4 p.c Prem Const. 2nd	100 0
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	153 12
7-1/2 p.c Tata Power	1560 0
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st.	200 0
7½ p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	179 8
7 p.c Vishnu	692 8
DEBENTURES.	
3-3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	101 0
6 p.c. Andhra Valley	110 0
4 p.c. Bom. Telephone	51 4
7 p.c. Sholapur	84 0
6 p.c Tata Hydro	110 0

(Last Dividend in Brackets and Capital letters indicate shares on forward list.)

Cotton Straddles

Bombay, April 14.

	Cwts.
Wheat	15,010
Linseed	15,409
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	257
Gingellyseed	1,191
Poppyseed	33
Groundnuts	4,961
Castorseed	6,601
Rice	24,087
Myrabollams	590
Cottonseed	9,243
Gram	2,013

Joowar	3,220
Barley	272
Bajree	1,300
Indian Sugar	9,145
	Tons.
Coal	282

New York Sugar

New York, April 13.

July	2.51 plus 1
September	2.51 plus 1
December	2.51 plus 2
January	2.48 plus 1

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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, APRIL 15, 1937

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Progress To Real Democracy

"C. R." On Congress Demand

No Lawyer's Difficulty In Giving Assurance

MADRAS, April 14.

Interviewed by the Associated Press regarding Lord Lothian's letter to the London "Times" and Rt. Hon. V. S. Srinivasa Sastri's statement at Bangalore, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, prior to his departure to Cuddapah to resume his tour, said: "Even after the very direct suggestion of the Secretary of State that the minority communities should start a cry against the assurance demanded by the Congress, the reaction in India does not indicate that there is any valid objection on that ground.

"It is generally appreciated that what the Congress has demanded is a progress towards real democracy in India, and that the minority communities stand to gain as much as the majority community if the ministers are ultimately responsible to the people of India without interference from outside.

"The reaction in the provinces where the Mussalman community commands a majority clearly indicates passive but warm support to Gandhiji's demand. They seem to be watching the quarrel but would certainly welcome a conclusion in favour of giving the assurance. I would ask the Secretary of State and Lord Lothian to read Sir Mahomed Usman's statement and the resolution adopted by the Indian Christian Provincial Conference expressing confidence in the majority and recommending the giving of the assurances by the Governors.

I do not attach any importance to any prognosis regarding the Government attitude about the arbitration proposal. A legal objection can be met only in a legal way. My opinion is still clear that there is no lawyer's difficulty for giving an assurance in terms of the Congress demand as explained by Gandhiji.

"We are grateful to the various gentlemen who interpret the constitutional position under the Government of India Act in a liberal manner, but what we want is a definite assurance, and we do not wish to depend upon mere interpretations that in the last resort do not bind the authorities"—A.P.

LET ELECTORATE DECIDE

Rajen Babu On Assurance

ALLAHABAD, April 14.

Interviewed by the Associated Press, Babu Rajendra Prasad who paid a flying visit here 'en route' to Belgaum, said:—

"In a democratic constitution the ultimate appeal must naturally be to the electorate.

The Congress won the elections on the definite programme of rejection of the reforms. The Congress, I believe, would be quite content to leave the final decision on all major issues to the electorate if there is any difference between it and the Governors.

But in minor matters ultimately the Governors ought to yield to the majority in the Assembly."

After seeing Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru Babu Rajendra Prasad left for Belgaum at 8-30 a.m.—A.P.

Srimati Goship Ben Captain (4th from left, top row) presided over women's public meeting organised by Ghatkopar Bhagini Mandal, on the last day of National Week, on Tuesday.

How New Act Was Inaugurated In Bihar

JAI PRAKASH, CHANDRAVATI DEVI AND 13 OTHERS JAILED

PATNA, April 14.

MR. KRIPA NARAYANSINGH, THE CITY MAGISTRATE, SENTENCED TO-DAY MR. JAIPRAKASH NARAYAN, THE GENERAL SECRETARY, ALL-INDIA CONGRESS SOCIALIST PARTY AND 14 OTHERS ARRESTED ON ANTI-CONSTITUTION DAY (APRIL 1), FOR ALLEGED DEFIANCE OF SEC. 144 AND THEY WERE ORDERED TO UNDERGO THREE MONTHS' IMPRISONMENT EACH.

JAIPRAKASH GETS "A" CLASS

Mr. Kripanath Singh, the City Magistrate delivered judgment today in the case in which Mr. Jai Prakash Narain, the Socialist Leader, Chandravati Devi and 13 others who stood charged for violating an order under section 144, Cr. P. C. by taking out a procession of April 1 and sentenced them to three months' imprisonment each.

Mr. Jaiprakash Narain, Mr. Benipuri, Mr. Anisur Rahaman, Mr. Abdul Laqui and Mr. Kamta Prasad to undergo simple imprisonment and the rest rigorous.

Mr. Jai Prakash was recommended "A" Class, Mr. Benpuri, Kamta Prasad, Abdul Laqui and A. Rahaman "B" Class and the rest "C" Class.—United Press.

"C. R." Demands Convocation Of Madras Assembly

But Governor Says He Has Not Yet Decided When To Summon Legislature

MADRAS, April 14.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari has released for publication the following correspondence between him and the Secretary to the Governor of Madras:—

FROM MR. RAJAGOPALACHARI TO THE SECRETARY OF THE GOVERNOR, DATED APRIL 5.

"This is to request you to draw the attention of His Excellency the Governor to the provisions of Section 65 (1) Government of India Act and to request that His Excellency may be pleased to give the earliest opportunity for fulfilling the mandatory provisions of that section.

This is to request also that His Excellency may be pleased to give the earliest opportunity to the House lawfully to record its dissociation from and want of confidence in the Council of Ministers constituted in violation of the principle and provisions of the Government of India Act and Instrument of Instructions.

Ordinarily, according to established modern parliamentary practice, if the present Council of Ministers had been in office before and during the general elections and the Act were not for the first time to come into operation they should have resigned immediately upon the result of the general elections without even facing the House. Under the Government of India Act the old ministers ceased to hold office on March 31, and a new Council of Ministers had to be formed. It is submitted that the persons who even if they were in office before must necessarily have resigned as a result of general elections in accordance with established parliamentary practice, cannot be called to office in the name of the new constitution in flagrant violation of the principles of responsibility and the intention of the statute and the provisions of the Instrument of Instructions in regard to constitution of Council of Ministers to advise the Governor in the discharge of his functions under the Act.

The following letter dated Ootacamund, April 12, was received in reply from Mr. C. T. Boag, Secretary to the Governor:

In reply to your letter dated April 5, I am directed to say His Excellency has not yet decided when to summon the chambers of the Legislature to meet for their first session.

With reference to your criticism of the appointment of the present Council of Ministers I am to invite your attention to the statement recently made by the Secretary of State in the House of Lords.—A. P.

Wapitik 1,301 of No. 27 (B) Squadron crashed near Miranshah Aerodrome at 9-50 a.m. yesterday resulting in the death of pilot officer J. B. Pascoe Well and R. W. Gibbs

BLACKLEGS CLASH WITH STRIKERS AT BEAWAR

Over Thirty Injured

(From A Correspondent.)

BEAWAR, April 10.

At last the tragedy, so ably averted during the last strikes, was enacted here on the 9th instant, when the local labourers, fully armed with lathis and other dangerous weapons started a 'half an hour' fierce battle.

More than 30 labourers are reported to have been seriously injured, some of whom are lying in a precarious condition in the Weng Hospital. Some of the Police officials and constables who were deputed to suppress the riot also received injuries.

A few arrests were made on the spot. The trouble is of course subsided but the mills are still guarded by the police.

Cause Of Trouble

The cause of the trouble is alleged to be the superiority complex which the Bhaiya labourers imported from U. P., for blacklegging purposes claim, rightly or wrongly but unfortunately at the cost of the local mill workers, mostly presents from the surrounding villages known here as Rawats and Merats. The former are Hindus while the latter are supposed to be Mussalmans.

Both claim a common descent from Prithviraj Chohan, and notwithstanding all communal turmoils and topsy turvydom of the recent times, they still inter-dine and inter-marry among themselves. That has all along been an eye-sore for the communal-minded people. The Bhaiyas as well as the local Banyas generally look upon these unsophisticated peasants contemptuously and call them 'Kanchis' a vulgar term that hurts the people and their susceptibilities.

Later information goes to show that one of the injured persons has subsequently died in the hospital.

The Police have promulgated an order under Section 144 of the Indian Penal Code, prohibiting the assemblage of more than five persons in Beawar.

SAHAJANAND'S APPEAL TO OBSERVE MAY DAY

PATNA, April 14.

Swami Sahajanand Saraswati, General Secretary of the All India Kisan Sangh has issued an appeal to all the Kisan Sanghs throughout India and all the workers and sympathisers of the Kisan movement to observe May Day on May 1 and make it a complete success.—United Press.

Jail Delivery On King's Coronation?

Provincial Governments Busy Considering Advisability Of Release Of Politicals

It is understood that various Provincial Governments have been busy for the last few days investigating the details of the records of political prisoners, the nature of their offence, their past career and their psychological and political outlook, with a view to find out how many of them could "safely" be set free in the near future.

Soon after the inauguration of the New Constitution, it is understood that all the Provincial Ministries, including the "interim" Ministries in the six Provinces, placed the release of political prisoners in the forefront of their demands.

The British Governments and the Provincial Governors appreciating the changed character of the political movement in the country and the long period of time that has passed since the suspension of the Civil Disobedience movement, are willing to concede the demand provided it is done in such a way as not to affect the prestige or authority of the Provincial Governments or the Indian Government, who were responsible for keeping them imprisoned so far.

They also wish to avoid the public getting the impression that politicals would get more lenient treatment for the elected ministers and others, who have come into power under the New Constitution.

In the circumstances a "via media" was found and it was agreed that the King's Coronation should be used as the occasion for a jail delivery.

It is, however, not yet clear how many politicals will be set free. Most of the Congress politicals, it seems, have already been released. But in the case of the more "radical" prisoners, Labour leaders, Socialists, Communists and the various Martial Law prisoners, it seems, that Government will not be so generous and the greatest emphasis will be laid on the psychological effect of jail life on such prisoners.

MAY 8 TO BE CELEBRATED AS WORKSHOP DAY

LAHORE, April 14

It has been decided by the Special Sub-Committee of the Railway Employees Workshop Confence to celebrate a Workshops' day on May 8 throughout India.

The workshop employees on that day are enjoined to hold open air meetings and take out processions to demonstrate their solidarity of purpose and unity of actions and read out the resolutions as passed by the Conference and explain them to workers and urging upon the Railway administrations to comply with them early.

A special sub-committee has been set up for the purpose organising such demonstrations.—United Press.

A Reuter's message from London, dated April 13, states that under the Rugby Northern Union Rules. Keighley beat New Castle by 22 points to 15.

RESTRAINT ON M. L. A. RELAXED

PESHAWAR: April 14.

Notice served under the tranquillity act on Mr. Jamnadas, Congress member of the Frontier Assembly last December, requiring him not to leave the limits of Mardon Tahsil, without permission of the Deputy Commissioner, has been modified to allow him to attend the Assembly meetings.

The revised order requires him not to leave the limits of Mardan and Peshwar Districts without the permission of the Deputy Commissioner of Mardan.—A. P.

New Delhi, April 13.—The Governor-General has appointed Mr. Blacker to act as a Judge of the Lahore High Court during the absence on leave of Mr. Justice Addison from the date of his assumption of charge up to July 15 1937. —United Press.

FORM CONGRESS COMMITTEES IN STATES

Jawahar's Advice To Kerala Secretary

CALICUT, April 14.

"In regard to the States, the first thing for you to remember is that there is no fundamental difference in our policy in the States and the rest of India. There is no question of non-interference and the like. Differences crop in because of the difficulties in working in States and our desire to avoid conflict there. Therefore, subject to your avoidance of active conflict you should act in the States in almost the same way as elsewhere, that is to say, you should form Congress Committees from below upwards and build up the Congress organisation".

In these words Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President lays down the policy to be pursued by the Kerala District Congress Committee in the States in the course of a letter to E. M. S. Nambuddiped, the Organising Secretary of the Committee.—United Press.

MAIL ROBBERY IN BIHAR

Rs. 4,500 In Insured Articles Taken

HAZARIBAGH, April 14.

News has been received from Kodarma (East Indian Railway) of a robbery committed at midnight on the April 6 when mail bags were being carried from Jhumeri Talaiya Post Office to the railway station.

Two runners were seriously injured and bags containing Rs. 4,500 in insured articles were taken away.

The empty bags were recovered the next morning in a village a few miles from the post office.

A similar robbery occurred in January in the same area when a runner was murdered.—A. P.

Election Agent Of Shah Nawaz Bhutto Files Petition

ALLEGED AROUSING OF COMMUNAL FEELINGS

KARACHI, April 13.

It is understood Mr. Nabibux Bhutto, election agent of Sir Shah Nawazkhan Bhutto who was defeated by Sheikh Abdul Majid in the Sind Assembly elections, presented an election petition to-day.

The petitioner 'inter alia' states that supporters of Mr. Abdul Majid aroused communal feelings of the electorate that if they voted in favour of Mr. Abdul Majid Harijans all over India will join Islam. A. P.

ATTAIN SWARAJ THROUGH UNITED FRONT

Dr. Khare's Speech In Concluding Meeting Of National Week

NAGPUR, April 14.

The conclusion of the National Week last evening was marked by a Congress procession in which later Sikhs joined in the observance of Guru Govindsing Day and a public meeting at Chitnis Park.

Dr. Khare, President of the Nagpur City Congress Committee presided at the meeting.

Dr. Khare said they had met once again to remember the Jalianwala Bagh episode and those who sacrificed their all with a resolute determination to free the country. India to-day was a subject country and if they worked with a united front and with a will to be free, the day was not far off when India would have realised her goal.

Other speakers directed criticism against the interim ministry in the province and said the people should make it clear that they will not support the formation of the minority cabinet.—A. P.

29 DACOITY ACCUSED DISCHARGED

HOSHIARPUR, April 13.

Twenty-nine Muslims who stood charged in the Panam Dacoity case have been acquitted of the charge of Dacoity by Mr. Syed Sadik Ali, Magistrate for want of sufficient evidence. The Magistrate however, framed charges against the accused under Section 147 and 324 I. P. C.

The prosecution alleged that there was a long-standing fued between the Hindus and Muslims of the village over cow slaughter. All the accused armed with weapons such as spears, axes and dangs were alleged to have raided the house of Lala Basanta Mal, a rich banker in broad day-light. While the banker was away they are stated to have ransacked the house and assaulted the female inmates and decamped with the booty worth about Rs. 50,000/-.—United Press.

A large number of citizens and associations all over Gujarat and Kathiawar have decided to celebrate in a fitting manner the diamond jubilee of the 'Poet Laureate of Gujerat', Kavi Nanalal Dalpatram. The programme will last for five days. The jubilee will be celebrated by the Gujarati community in South Africa also.

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